#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION **SEC FORM 20-IS**

#### **INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17.1(b)** OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

1	Check	the	appro	poriate	pox.

- Preliminary Information Statement
- Definitive Information Statement
- 2. Name of Registrant as specified in its charter

Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc.

- 3. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization Manila, Philippines
- 4. SEC Identification Number

102165

5. BIR Tax Identification Code

000-803-498-000

6. Address of principal office

16th floor, Citibank Tower, Paseo de Roxas, Makati City Postal Code 1227

7. Registrant's telephone number, including area code

(+632)8821-2202

8. Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders

December 10, 2019, Kamagong Function Room, Manila Golf Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City

- 9. Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders Nov 19, 2019
- 10. In case of Proxy Solicitations:

Name of Person Filing the Statement/Solicitor

Address and Telephone No.

11. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):

Title of Each Class	Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding
COMMON	1,528,474,000

13.	Are	any	or a	all of	regis	trant's	securitie	s listed	on a	Stock	Exchan	ge?

Yes No If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein: Philippine Stock Exchange

The Exchange does not warrant and holds no responsibility for the veracity of the facts and representations contained in all corporate disclosures, including financial reports. All data contained herein are prepared and submitted by the disclosing party to the Exchange, and are disseminated solely for purposes of information. Any questions on the data contained herein should be addressed directly to the Corporate Information Officer of the disclosing party.



#### Bright Kindle Resources & Investments Inc. BKR

PSE Disclosure Form 17-5 - Information Statement for Annual or Special Stockholders' Meeting
References: SRC Rule 20 and
Section 17.10 of the Revised Disclosure Rules

Date of Stockholders' Meeting	Dec 10, 2019
Type (Annual or Special)	Annual
Time	2PM
Venue	Kamagong Function Room, Manila Golf Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City
Record Date	Nov 11, 2019

#### **Inclusive Dates of Closing of Stock Transfer Books**

Start Date	N/A
End date	N/A

#### Other Relevant Information

Amended to add profile of Mr. Felix Cesar Zerrudo and include him in the list of nominees for Independent Director

#### Filed on behalf by:

Name	Raquel Frondoso
Designation	Compliance officer

#### COVER SHEET

																							1	0	2	1	6	5				
																								SE	C R	egi	stra	tior	N.	ımb	er	
В	R	1	G	Н	Т		К	L	N	D	L	E		R	E	s	0	U	R	С	E	s		1	N	С						
(	f	0	r	m	e	r	1	у		В	A	N	К	А	R	D	Ī	1	N	С		)										
						_							lCo	mı	oan	v's	Full	Na	me'						_				1000			
				_		_				_			,,,,		1				-							,			_	_		
1	6	t	h	L	F	1	0	0	r		C	i	t	ì	b	a	n	k		T	0	w	е	r								
8	7	4	1		P	a	s	e	0		d	е		R	0	×	a	s		М	а	k	а	t	1		С	1	t	У		_
M	e	t	r	0		M	а	n	i	1	а																					
				mar y V					(Bu	isin	ess	Add	dre	ss: I	No.	Str	eet	City	y/To	own	/Pr	ovi	nce	)							-15	
			Atty	/. N	1ail	a Lo	urc	les	De	Cas	tro															(02	2) 82	21 2	220	2		-
			*********	(	Car	ntra	ct F	ers	on)														(0	Corr	ра	ny T	Tele	pho	one	Nui	nbe	er)
2	1	3	1										2	0	2	1	s	7									0	5		2	4	1
			100										100	0.55		101	190											1		1 558	27.	ı
ont			Day	V										(F	orn	1 Ty	pe)											ЛОГ			Day	
ris	cai	Yea	r)																								-	(An	nua	l Me	eetii	ng
											Sec	one	dary	:	STA ens	TEN	ΛEΝ	IT		olica	able	)										
		Cor	C.L.			Fina ent		•																			N/	A				
Dep	ot.	Req		11-0-0	344.83	Do	_		7													A	mer	ide	d A	rtic			nbe	r/Se	cti	or
																							Тс	ital	An	nou	nt o	f Bo	orro	wir	øs	
		630	)		1																				-		1			N/A		
Tot	al I	No.	of	Sto	ckh	olde	ers																Do	me	stic		9		F	orei	gn	
														12								22.	111		11.							
									10	b be	ac	con	npli	she	d b	y SI	C P	ers	onr	el c	one	err	ned									
								=82																								
			File	≘ Ni	uml	per									LC	U																
			Da			- 10				,	_				C	ET C.																
		-	DO		ien	t ID			-	Í				100	Cas	niei	Ŋ.															
			S	TΑ	M	s																										
																	Re	mai	rks:	Ple	ase	US	BL	ACI	(in	k fo	r sc	anı	ning	g pu	rpo	se

## BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS INC. (formerly BANKARD INC.)

16th Floor Citibank Tower, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

31 December 2018 (Fiscal Year Ending)

10 December 2019 (Annual Meeting)

Amended Definitive Information Statement SEC Form 20 - IS

Form Type

Not Applicable

Amendment Designation (if applicable)

Not Applicable

(Secondary License Type and File Number)

LCU

DIG

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 20-IS

## INFORMATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 20 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE

nge? Yes (/) No()	Are any or all registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange? Yes (/) All common shares are listed in the Philippine Stock Exchange	Are any or all registrant's secu All common shares are listed i	11.
1,528,474,000 (as of 30 September 2019)	1,528,474,	COMMON SHARES	
Number of Shares of Common Stock Outstanding or Amount of Debt Outstanding	Numbe Outstandin	Title of Each Class	
Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Section 4 and 8 of the RSA (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):	Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code or Section 4 and 8 of (information on number of shares and amount of debt is applicable only to corporate registrants):	Securities registered pursuant (information on number of sharegistrants):	10.
Approximate date on which the Information Statement is first to be sent or given to security holders: 19 November 2019	e Information Statement is fir	Approximate date on which th holders: 19 November 2019	9.
Kamagong Function Room, Manila Golf & Country Club, Mckinley Road, Forbes Park, Makati City	Kamagong Function Room, Manila Golf & Coun Club, Mckinley Road, Forbes Park, Makati City	PLACE -	
	2pm	TIME -	
	10 December 2019	DATE -	
	eting of security holders	Date, time and place of the meeting of security holders	8.
(632) 8176046		Registrant's telephone number, including area code:	7.
16th Floor Citibank Tower, Paseo de Roxas, Makati City	16th Floor Citibank Tower	Address of principal office:	6.
	000-803-498-000	BIR Tax Identification Code: 000-803-498-000	5.
On 11. 201	102165	SEC Identification Number:	4.
ganizatiótic/ 1 / 2019	Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization 1 2019 METRO MANILA, PHILIPPINES	Province, country or other jurisdiction METRO MANILA, PHILIPPINES	3.
BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & RD INC.)	KA	Name of Registrant as specified in its charter: INVESTMENTS INC. (FORMERLY BAN	;2
Definitive Information Statement	[X] Pefinitive I	Check the appropriate oox:	

## NOTICE OF ANNUAL STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING

#### To All Stockholders:

Mckinley Road, Forbes Park, Makati City, to consider and act on the following: Resources & Investments Inc. (formerly Bankard Inc.) (the "Company") will be held on Tuesday. 10 December 2019 at 2:00 pm at the Kamagong Function Room, Manila Golf & Country Club. Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of Bright Kindle

- 76432-Call to Order
  - Certification of Quorum
  - Approval of Minutes of the previous meeting
  - Approval of Management Report and Audited Financial Statements
  - Ratification of Management's Acts
- Election of Directors
- 900 Appointment of External Auditor
- Other Matters

Stockholders' meeting. An organizational Board of Directors' meeting will follow right after the adjournment of the

In case you cannot personally attend the meeting, you may appoint a proxy to represent you by accomplishing the proxy form. Such proxy form should be submitted to the Office of the Corporate Secretary not later than 5:00 pm on 29 November 2019 to:

c/o 4th Floor Citibank Center, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City Bright Kindle Resources & Investment Inc. Attention: Maila Lourdes G. De Castro

the Company. on file with the Company will be recognized unless specifically revoked or a new proxy is received by together with the proxy. Validation of proxies will be made on 05 December 2019. Standing proxies resolution designating the proxy and the authorized officer to execute the proxy should be submitted by the authorized signatory of the Company's Stock Transfer Agent, Stock Transfer Services Inc. shall be honored at the meeting. If the stockholder is a corporation, a Secretary's Certificate of the board No proxy bearing a signature which is not legally acknowledged by the Secretary and verified

notice of or to vote or be voted at the scheduled meeting. Only stockholders of record at close of business on 11 November 2019 shall be entitled to

The Management is not asking you for a proxy nor is it requesting you to send a proxy in its

Very truly yours,

Corporate Secretary Maila Lourdes G. De Castro

### INFORMATION REQUIRED IN INFORMATION STATEMENT PART 1

### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

# DATE, TIME AND PLACE OF MEETING OF SECURITY HOLDERS

a. Date, time and place of the meeting

10 December 2019

Kamagong Function Room, Manila Golf and Country Club, Harvard Road, Forbes Park, Makati City

b. Complete mailing address of principal office:

16th Floor Citibank Tower, Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

c. Approximate date on which the Information
 Statement is first to be sent or given to
 security holders:
 19 November 2019

## WE ARE NOT ASKING YOU FOR A PROXY AND YOU ARE REQUESTED NOT TO SEND US A PROXY

## Item 2. DISSENTERS' RIGHT OF APPRAISAL

the exercise of the appraisal right to the following instances: law allows the exercise of appraisal right by any dissenting stockholder. The Corporation Code limits There are no matters to be taken up during the annual stockholders' meeting with respect to which the

- of outstanding shares of any class, or of extending or shortening the term of corporate existence (Section the rights of any stockholder or class of shares, or of authorizing preferences in respect superior to those In case any amendment to the articles of incorporation has the effect of changing or restricting
- In case of the sale, lease, exchange, transfer, mortgage, pledge or other disposition of all or substantially all of the corporate property and assets (Section 81);
- In case of merger or consolidation (Section 81);
- D In case of investments in another corporation, business or purpose (Section 42).

that failure to make the demand within such period shall be deemed a waiver of the appraisal right. If of such corporate action. prior to the date on which the vote was taken, excluding any appreciation or depreciation in anticipation upon surrender of the certificate(s) of stock representing his shares, the fair value thereof as of the day the proposed corporate action is implemented or effected, the corporation shall pay to such stockholder, days after the date on which the vote was taken for payment of the fair value of his shares; provided, The appraisal right may be exercised by making a written demand on the corporation within thirty (30)

shares, it shall be determined and appraised by three (3) disinterested persons, one of whom shall be stockholders, the withdrawing stockholder and the corporation cannot agree on the fair value of the If within a period of sixty (60) days from the date the corporate action was approved by the named by the stockholder, another by the corporation, and the third by the two thus chosen. The findings of the majority of the appraisers shall be final, and their award shall be paid by the corporation within thirty (30) days after such award is made; Provided, That no payment shall be made to any dissenting stockholder unless the corporation has unrestricted retained earnings in its books to cover such payment; and Provided, further, That upon payment by the corporation of the agreed or awarded price, the stockholders shall forthwith transfer his shares to the corporation.

The appraisal right shall be exercised in accordance with Title X of the Corporation Code.

#### Item 3. INTEREST OF CERTAIN PERSONS IN OR OPPOSITION TO MATTERS TO BE ACTED UPON

There is no substantial interest, direct or indirect, by security holdings or otherwise, of each of the following persons in any matter to be acted upon, other than the election to office:

- Each person who has been a director or officer of the registrant at any time since the beginning
  of the last fiscal year:
- 2. Each nominee for election as a director of the registrant;
- 3. Each associate of any of the foregoing persons.

There is no director of the registrant who has informed the company in writing that he intends to oppose any action to be taken by the registrant at the meeting and indicated the action which he intends to oppose.

#### B. CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

#### Item 4. VOTING SECURITIES AND PRINCIPAL HOLDERS THEREOF

#### Voting Securities

As of 30 September 2019, 1,528,474,000 Common shares are outstanding, and are entitled to be represented and vote at the Annual Stockholders' Meeting. Each share is entitled to one vote.

#### Record Date

Only stockholders of record as of 11 November 2019 shall be entitled to notice and vote at the meeting.

#### Manner of Voting

The By-Laws of the Company provides that every stockholder shall be entitled to vote in person or by proxy, for each share of stock held by him which has voting power upon the matter in question. The votes for the election of directors, and, except upon demand by any stockholder, the votes upon any question before the meeting, except with respect to the procedural questions determined by the chairman of the meeting, shall be by viva voce or show of hands.

Article II Section 8 of the By-Laws of the Company provides that the Directors shall be elected by plurality vote at the annual meeting of the stockholders for that year at which a quorum is present. At each election for directors every stockholder shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or to cumulate his votes by giving one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by the number of his share shall equal, or by distributing such votes in the same principle among any number of candidates.

### As of 30 September 2019

Title of Class	Foreign	Local	Total Outstanding
Common	7,446,053 shares 0.49% percent of class	1,521,027,947 shares 99.51% percent of class	1,528,474,000 shares 100% percent of class

# Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners and Management

## (1) Owners of more than 5% of voting securities as of 30 September 2019

	Common	Title of Class
Total	-PCD Nominee Corporation <sup>1</sup> -Tower 1 – Ayala Triangle Makati Avenue cor. Paseo de Roxas Makati City -Registered owner in the books of stock transfer agent	Name, Address of Record and Relationship with Issuer
tal .	-RYM Business Management Corp./ Client	Name of Beneficial Owner /Relationship with Record Owner
	Filipino	Citizen- ship
1,170,159,989	1,170,159,989	Number of Shares Held
76.56%	76.56%	Percent of Class

Atty. Remegio Dayandayan Jr. as President of RYM shall represent and vote the shares held by RYM in the Annual Stockholders' Meeting.

## (2) Security Ownership of Management as of 30 September 2019:

Title of Class	Name Beneficial Owner	Amount and Nature of beneficial ownership	Citizensh ip	Percent of Class
Common	Cesar C. Zalamea	1000/ Direct	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr.	1000/ Direct 43,919,000/Indirect	Filipino	2.87%
Common	Common Macario U. Te	16,001,000/Direct; 35,000,000/Indirect	Filipino	3.33%
Common	Remegio C. Dayandayan, Jr.	1000/ Direct	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Augusto C. Serafica, Jr.	1000/ Direct	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Hermogene H. Real	1000/ Direct	Filipino	0.00%
Common	Rolando S. Santos	1000/ Direct	Filipino	0.00%

participating in the Philippine capital markets to implement an automated book-entry system of handling securities transactions in the Philippines. behalf of their clients. ("PCD") is the registered owner of the shares in the books of the Company's transfer agents in the Philippines. The beneficial owners of such shares are PCD's participants, who hold the shares on PCD Nominee Corporation, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Philippine Central Depository, Inc PCD is a private company organized by the major institutions actively

0%	Filipino	0	Total - Officers as a group	
6.2%	Filipino	94,928,000	Total - Directors as a group	
0.00%	Filipino	0	Reuben F. Alcantara	Common
0.00%	Filipino	0	Leddie D. Gutierrez	Common
0.00%	Filipino	1000/Direct	Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo	Common
0.00%	Filipino	1000/Direct	Minda de Paz	Common

There is nothing to disclose with respect to voting trust holders of 5% or more.

### Item 5. DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE/CORPORATE OFFICERS

## Current Directors and key executive officers of the Corporation:

Cesar C. Zalamea	88	Chairman of the Board/Director	Filipino
Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr.	65	President/Director	Filipino
Macario U. Te	87	Director	Filipino
Augusto C. Serafica, Jr.	57	Director	Filipino
Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo	54	Independent Director	Filipino
*Vicente V. Mendoza		Independent Director	Filipino
Remegio C. Dayandayan Jr.	38	Director	Filipino
Minda P. de Paz	79	Director	Filipino
Rolando S. Santos	69	Director/ Vice President and Treasurer	Filipino
Hermogene H. Real	63	Director/ Assistant Corporate Secretary	Filipino
Maila Lourdes G. De Castro	44	Corporate Secretary	Filipino
Kenneth Peter Molave		Co-Asst. Corporate Secretary	Filipino
Reuben F. Alcantara	35	Vice President for Marketing	Filipino
Leddie D. Gutierrez	56	Vice President for Internal Audit	Filipino

<sup>\*</sup>Resigned on October 16, 2019

Company's annual stockholders' meeting. All Directors shall hold office until the new Board of Directors are elected during the

#### Incumbent Directors

#### Cesar C. Zalamea Chairman of the Board

January 03, 2014 to present 88 years old/Filipino

corporate ladder of Philamlife and he became President of the Company in May 1969. also a member of the Advisory Board of Campbell Lutyens & Co. Ltd., an investment advisory Bankard Inc.) in January 2014. He also serves as Chairman of Marcventures Holdings Inc. and Mr. Cesar C. Zalamea was elected Chairman of Bright Kindle Resources Inc. (formerly of the Monetary Board of the Central Bank of the Philippines representing the private sector at Philamlife, he was loaned to the Program Implementation Agency (PIA) in 1964 as Deputy Analyst at the Philippine American Life Insurance Company (PHILAMLIFE). He went up the company based in the U.K. In 1945, Mr. Zalamea joined AIG where he started as an Investment Director of Araneta Properties Inc., a company he joined as Director in December 2008. He is Chairman of Marcventures Mining and Development Corp. Currently, he is an Independent (DBP) and had to resign from being a member of the Monetary Board in view thereof. In 1986 Philippines. He returned to Philamlife in 1965. In 1969, Mr. Zalamea was appointed Member Director General. PIA was an economic group that reported directly to the President of the In 1981, he left Philamlife to become Chairman of the Development Bank of the Philippines

where he graduated as valedictorian. Mr. Zalamea received his MBA from New York 2010. He obtained his B.S. in Accounting and Banking from the Colegio de San Juan de Letran of the AIG Investment Corporation (Asia) Ltd. he left the DBP to go back to AIG. He was then stationed in Hong Kong to be the first President University. Investment Co. {Asia} Ltd. In 2008 he became Chairman of this Company until he retired in Greenberg at the C.V.STARR Companies. He was appointed President and CEO of the Starr Insurance Co. and Philamlife. Director in many AIG affiliated companies in Asia, like the AIA Insurance Co., Nan Shan Life In 2005 he left AIG to work directly with Mr. Maurice R. At this time, he was elected to serve as

Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr.
Director and President
January 03, 2014 to present
65 years old/Filipino

attended the Special Studies in International Banking at the Wharton School, University of Corporation, PCI Bank & Insular Bank of Asia & America (a Bank of America Affiliate) from of Equitable PCI Bank (EPCIB) from 1981 to 2000. He served as Director of Bankers Executive Officer of Philippine Bank of Communications (PBCom), Manila, Philippines from 2000 to 2004. In addition, he served as Executive Vice President of Corporate Banking Group Banking at Hongkong and Shanghai Corporation (HSBC). He was elected President and Chief November 2008. He served as Senior Vice President & Head of Corporate & Institutional Mining and Development Corporation. President of Marcventures Holdings Inc. and Vice Chairman and Director of Marcventures is the President of Financial Risk Resolution Advisory, Inc. He also serves as Director and Pennsylvania. Economics degrees Association of the Philippines from 2000 to 2003, Mr. Alcantara also served at Bancom Finance Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr. was elected as President and Director in January 2014. Mr. Alcantara 1975 to 1981. He is a Certified Public Accountant. He obtained his BSC Accounting and BS from De la Salle University graduating Magna cum Laude. He also He has been a Director of Benguet Corp. since

Macario U. Te
Director
January 03, 2014 to present
87 years old/Filipino

Land Inc., PNB Capital and Investment Corp., PNB General Insurers Co. Inc., PNB Holdings Corp., PNB Remittance Center, PNB Securities Inc., PNB-IFL, PNB Italy SPA, Balabac Linkwealth Construction Corp, Chairman of Autobus Industries Corporation and CEO of M.T. Mareventures Holdings Inc. He was the previous President of Macte International Corp. and Science in Commerce from Far Eastern University Devt. Corp., and Palawan Consolidated Mining Corporation. Mr. Te obtained his Bachelor of Traders Hotel, Pacific Rim Oil Resources Corporation, Link World Construction Development Waterfront Phils., Fontana Golf Club, Inc., Baguio Gold Holding Corp., Traders Royal Bank, Resources and Holdings, Nissan North EDSA, Beneficial- PNB Life and Insurance Co., Inc., PAL Holdings Inc., Philippine National Bank, Oriental Petroleum and Minerals Corp., Holdings Inc. He previously sat as director in the following companies: Bulawan Mining Corp., Mr. Macario U. Te was elected Director in January 2014. Corporation, Suricon Resources Corporation, Alcorn Petroleum & Minerals Corp., Associated He is the current director of

Augusto C. Serafica, Jr. 57 years old/Filipino January 03, 2014 to present

College and Master in Business Management from Asian Institute of Management. Mr. from 1985-1989. He obtained his Bachelor of Professionals- Makati Chapter. He was previously connected with Sycip, Gorres, Velayo & Co. Foundation Inc., and Chapter Head of the Brotherhood of Christian Businessmen He is the Chairman of the AlM Alumni Association, Treasurer of the director of Marcyentures Holdings Inc. and Investment House Association of the Philippines of Sinag Energy Philippines Inc., Ardent Property Development Corporation. He serves as Corporation and Asian Alliance Holdings and Development Corp. He is currently the Treasurer Idealogy Corporation He is also the Managing Director of Asian Alliance Investment Digiwave Solutions Inc., AOB Management Corporation, TLC Manna Consulting Inc., Global Chairman of Board in the following companies: Premiere Horizon Alliance Corporation Mr. Augusto C. Serafica, Jr. was elected Independent Director in January 2014. He sits as Serafica is a Certified Public Accountant. Commerce in Accountancy from San Bcda AIM Leadership

### Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo

January 03, 2014 to present Independent Director 54years old/Filipino

and Tours Transport Corp., Brycl Resorts and International Inc., AVK Philippines Inc., Jam Subic Air, Inc. He is the Corporate Secretary of PSI Healthcare Development Services Corp., General Assurance Phils. Inc., Columbian Autocar Corporation, Asian Carmakers Corp., Jam also an independent director of Marcventures Holdings, Inc. He is the founder of Ocampo & Atty. Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo was elected as Independent Director in January 2014. He is primarily for his contributions in commercial law. He was awarded a certificate of completion respectively. In 2014, AsiaLaw named him as one of the leading lawyers in the Philippines as well as a commercial law expert by Acquisition International and Global Law the College of St. Benilde at De La Salle University. In 2013, he was named as a leading adviser Program at the Asian Institute of Management in 1997 and previously taught business law at honor societies of Phi Kappa Phi and Pi Gamma Mu. He completed an Executive Management from the University of the Philippines. Upon graduation from college, he was admitted into the General Counsel of Air Philippines Corporation, Atty. Ocampo obtained his Bachelor of Laws PSI Prescription Solutions Corp., Adrianse Phils. Inc., Bluelion Motors Corp., First Charters Transit Inc., Prestige Cars Inc., Autohaus Quezon City Inc., Timebound Trading Corp., and Manalo Law Firm. He is a member of the Board in various corporations, including MAA Liner Inc., and Manila Golf and Country Club. He previously served as Vice President and from the John F. Kennedy School of Government at Harvard University, Executive Education for the Mastering Negotiation: Building Agreements Across Boundaries Program, April 2016

#### Independent Director Vicente V. Mendoza

86 years old/Filipino (Resigned on October 16, 2019)

Justice Vicente V. Mendoza was elected Independent Director in April 2018. He was as an

Justice of the Court of Appeals until his appointment as its Presiding Justice in 1994. He was General, Department of Justice, first as a Solicitor from 1971-1973 and later as Assistant Representatives Electoral Tribunal from 1999-2003. He served in the office of the Solicitor Associate Justice of the Supreme Court from 1994 to 2003. In 1980, he served as an Associate member of the Presidential Electoral Tribunal from 1994-2003 and of the House of

Law since 1967 to the present and gave bar review classes from 1978 to 1994 Government. He has been a Faculty member at the University of the Philippines College of Solicitor General from 1973 to 1980, successfully handling constitutional litigation for the

School in 1971 and graduated from the UP College of Law in 1957. several articles published in law journals. He was conferred an LLM degree by Yale Law Harvard Law School in the fall term in 1976. He has authored several law books and has written Justice Mendoza was admitted to the Philippine Bar in 1958 and was a visiting scholar at the

He resigned as the Company's Independent Director on October 16, 2019 due to personal

#### Felix Cesar Zerrudo Independent Director

Independent Director 59 years old/ Filipino

of Arts, Major in Economics from Ateneo De Manila University in April 1980. He passed the Brokerage Corporation, Amalgamated Project Management Services Inc. and the Professional Meeting to be held on 10 December 2019. He currently serves as President and Chief Operating Philippine National Bank from November 2002 to December 2008. He obtained his Bachelor of Phoenix Petroleum Philippines, Inc. -Treasury Group from Jan 2009 to June 2009 and the He is a Director of Top Team Dynamics Incorporated. He previously served as Vice President Funding Services Inc. He is a General Manager and Treasurer of AE Proteina Industries Inc. Officer of Asian Appraisal Company Inc. He is also the President of Asian Asset Insurance Mr. Felix Cesar Zerrudo was nominated Independent Director for BKR Annual Stockholders. Real Estate Appraisers' Licensure Examination last 2015

### Remegio C. Dayandayan, Jr

March 26, 2014 to present 38 years old/Filipino

admitted to the Philippine Bar in 2008. obtained his degrees in Bachelor of Arts major in Political Science from the University of San Tuvera Law Offices from February 2008 to March 2009. He was also a Subjective Discovery Standard Publishing Inc. He was previously an associate of Dum lao Moraleda Antonano and Director and President of RYM Business Management Corporation and the Philippine Manila Carlos in 2001 and Bachelor of Laws from San Beda College-Mendiola in 2007. He was Reviewer of Escaler and Company Inc.-LPO from May 2008 to March 2009. Atty. Dayandayan Atty. Remegio C. Dayandayan, Jr. was elected Director in March 2014. He currently sits as

#### Minda P. de Paz

Director March 26, 2014 to present 79 years old/Filipino

of Philippine Collective Media Corporation and Universal Re Condominium Corporation as National Home Mortgage Finance Corporation from 1979 to 1984 and Home Mutual Ormoc City from 1963 to 1977. She then became a Supervising Commission on Audit (COA) Auditor of PNB-Escolta from 1977 to 1979. She served as COA Corporate Auditor of the CPG Joint Venture. Ms. De Paz previously worked at the Philippine National Bank (PNB)-She is also a Director of Sequioa Business Management Corp. and a project coordinator of well as Director and Treasurer of RYM Business Management Corporation and Lubenico Inc. Ms. Minda P. De Paz was elected Director in March 2014. She serves as Director and President Development Fund from 1981 to 1982. She also became an accountant of Nieva Realty and

Accountancy from St. Paul's College, Tacloban City. She is a Certified Public Accountant Investments Inc. from 1984 to 2005. Ms. de Paz obtained her Bachelor of Commerce Development Corporation, D.S. Tantuico and Associates Law Office, Almega Managment and

#### Rolando S. Santos

Director and Vice President and Treasurer January 03, 2014 to present 69 years old/Filipino

to 1981. He was also employed as a liaison officer of the Malacanang Information and the Philippines from 1981 to 1984. He worked at the Far East Bank and Trust Co. from 1972 as Branch head in West Avenue, Quezon City and Marikina branches of the Producers Bank of and Development Corp. and Prime Media Holdings Inc. He was previously the Branch Head/ January 2014. He serves as Treasurer of Marcventures Holdings Inc., Marcventures Mining Mr. Rolando S. Santos was elected Director in May 2014 and Vice President and Treasurer in Administration from the University of the East. Assistance Unit from 1970 to 1972. He obtained his degree in Bachelor of Science in Business Metro and Provincial branches of the Bank of Commerce from 1984 to 2001. He also served BDO from 2001 to 2013. He served as Branch Head in Diliman, Quezon City to Area Head for Cluster Head for Makati Branches of Equitable PCI Bank which was eventually acquired by

### Hermogene H. Real

Director and Assistant Corporate Secretary January 03, 2014 to present 63 years old/Filipino

Secretary of Equitable PCI Bank, Inc. (2005-2006). Board and President of Philippine Collectivemedia Corporation (2008 to 2010); Corporate Benguetcorp of Doña Remedios Condominium Corporation (1997 to 2009, 2010 to present), as Assistant Corporate Secretary present), as Corporate Secretary of Benguet Corporation (2000 to present) and Universal Re in January 2014. She serves as Director of Philippine Collectivemedia Corporation (2008 to Secretary of Trans Middle East Phils. Equities, Inc. (1996 to 2006); and Assistant Corporate Associates (1998 to present). She previously held the following positions: Atty. Hermogene H. Real was elected Director in May 2014 and Assistant Corporate Secretary Nickel Mines, Inc. (2009 to present). She is a lawyer in D.S. Trinidad Romualdez Medical Foundation, Inc. (1996 to present) Chairman of the Tantuico and

#### Key Officers.

### Maila Lourdes G. De Castro

Corporate Secretary
September 03, 2019 to present
44 years old/Filipino

Arts in Mass Communications from the University of the Philippines in 1996. She worked with the Belo Gozon Elma Parel Law as Legal Associate and Special Projects Counsel from serves as the Asst. Corporate Secretary for Marcventures Holdings Inc and subsidiaries. She the past six (6) years and concurrently the Chairperson of the Rules Charge Committee of the 2000-2006. She was also the Corporate Counsel and Vice President/Head of Legal and admitted to the Integrated Bar of the Philippine in year 2001. She completed her Bachelor of (AIM) in 2006 and her juris Doctor from the Ateneo de Manila School of Law in 2000 and was earned her master's degree in Business Administration from the Asian Institute of Management Philippine Electricity Market Corporation. During her stint on the above-mentioned positions Atty. Maila Lourdes G. De Castro elected as Corporate Secretary in September 2019. She also Corporate Planning of UNITEL from 2006 - 2013, subsequently went in to private practice for

and fimctions, Management and Negotiations, Legal Advisory and Good Governance-Compliance Administrative and Regulatory Agencies, Labor, Intellectual Property, Tax, Contract Review, she worked in the areas of Contract Management, Representation in

### Kenneth Peter Molave

Co-Asst. Corporate Secretary October 16, 2019 to present 30 years old/ Filipino

in-house legal associate. He has a Legal Management degree from the Ateneo de Naga University and obtained his Juris Doctor from the University of the Philippines. Firm as a Junior Associate assigned to the litigation department. After almost two years, or in Sycip Gorres Velayo & Co. Upon obtaining his license to practice law, he worked as part of the Legal Services Group of the Department of Finance. In 2018, he transferred to Libra Law as an underbar associate assigned to the Business Tax Services division at the accounting firm, litigation, corporate secretarial services and business taxation. In January of 2017, he worked Atty. Kenneth Peter Molave is a practicing lawyer with experience in civil and criminal August of 2019, he joined at Marcventures Mining and Development Corporation (MMDC) as

### Mr. Reuben F. Alcantara

Vice President for Marketing May 26, 2016 to present 36 years old/Filipino

Business Administration Degree from the Asian Institute of Management in the year 2016. and Credit Officer for Security Bank and has had stints in Corporate Banking in Bank of Planning of Marcventures Holdings, Inc. He is also the Company's Investor Relations Officer. He previously served as the Vice President for Marketing of AG Finance, Inc., as Relationship Mr. Reuben F. Alcantara was appointed Vice President for Marketing in May 2016. He currently serves as Vice President for Marketing, Business Development, and Strategic Commerce and Maybank Philippines. Mr. Alcantara obtained his Executive Masters

### Mr. Leddie D. Gutierrez

Vice President for Internal Audit May 26, 2016 to present 56 years old/Filipino

and Control Officer (Senior Manager), he oversaw IBS's compliance to policies, procedures and regulations set by the Bank, BSP and regulatory agencies and led in systems and process previously served as Vice President for Internal Audit of AG Finance, Inc., as Division Head and Risk Management of Marcventures Mining and Development Corp. and compliance and control since 1995. Mr. Gutierrez is currently the Vice President for Audit a Certified Public Accountant and has held key positions in internal audit, corporate services Mr. Leddie Gutierrez was appointed as Vice President for Internal Audit in May 2016. He is network and compliance audits of PGC. Mr. Gutierrez is a graduate of the University of the firm of PLDT Co. In this role, he carried out operational, information technology, financial of Internal Audit of PLDT Global Corporation (PGC), a subsidiary and international marketing improvements for the Group. From April 2005 to October 2011, Mr. Gutierrez served as Head Metropolitan Bank and Trust Company, where, since joining in November 2011 as Compliance (Assistant Vice President) of Strategic Support Division under Institutional Banking Sector of (MMDC).

# Nomination Committee and Nominees for Election as Members of the Board of Directors

director. This committee is responsible for assisting the Board of Directors in evaluating qualifications of all persons nominated to the Board or to other positions requiring Board appointment; evaluating whether individual directors are able to carry out his/her duties; making recommendations to the Board compensation of officers and directors of the Company base on their qualifications and duties on continuing education of directors, and assignment to board committees; and determining The Nomination Committee is composed of three (3) members with one (1) independent

Cesar C. Zalamea Nomination Committee

Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr

Directors during the Annual Stockholders' The Nomination Committee has come up with the final list of nominees in the coming Election of Meeting on 10 December 2019 as follows:

#### Regular Directors:

Minda P. De Paz Augusto C. Serafica, Jr Macario U. Te lsidro C. Alcantara, Jr. Rolando S. Santos Hermogene H. Real Remegio C. Dayandayan, Jr. Cesar C. Zalamea

### Independent Directors:

Felix Cesar Zerrudo Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo

qualifications and none of the disqualifications as director or independent director. Nomination and Compensation Committee determined that the candidates possess all the

None of the directors and executive officers named above is related

nomination and election of independent directors in SRC Rule 38. The Company will submit updated the qualifications and none of the disqualifications of an independent director pursuant to the nominated by Mr. Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr. Both nominees are not related to Mr. Alcantara. They possess Certifications within thirty (30) days after their election. The Independent Directors, Atty. Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo and Mr. Felix Cesar Zerrudo, were

number of his shares shall equal, or by distributing such votes in the same principle among any numbers his votes by giving one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by the number of shares owned by him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or to cumulate At each election for directors, every stockholder shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the

of directors during the meeting. However, only nominees whose names appear on the Final List of Candidates shall be eligible for election as Independent Director/s. No other nominations for Independent Directors shall be entertained after the Final List of Candidates shall have been prepared The additional nominees for regular directors to the Board may be submitted on the floor for the election

No further nominations shall be entertained or allowed on the floor during the actual stockholders'

## Period in Which Directors and Executive Officers Should Serve

The directors and executive officers should serve for a period of one (1) year

### Term of Office of a Director

qualification of their successors majority of the outstanding capital stock for a term of one (1) year and shall serve until the election and The directors shall be stockholders and shall be elected annually by the stockholders owning

constitute a quorum, and the director or directors so chosen shall serve for the unexpired term. by a majority vote of the remaining members thereof at a meeting called for that purpose if they still Any vacancy in the board of directors other than removal or expiration of term may be filled

### Significant Employee

The company is not highly dependent on any individual who is not an executive officer.

### Family Relationships

There are no family relationships among the officers listed

### Interest on Certain Matters to be Acted Upon

No director or officer of the Corporation has substantial interest, direct or indirect, in any matter to be acted upon in the meeting.

## INVOLVEMENT IN CERTAIN LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

following: senior management have, during the last five years and to date, been subject to any of the As far as the Corporation is aware, none of the directors, officers or members of the Company's

- 2 any bankruptcy, petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a years prior to the time; general partner or executive officer either at the time of the bankruptcy or within two (2)
- 5 any conviction by final judgment of any offense in any pending criminal proceeding domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and other minor offenses;
- 0 court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, any order, judgment or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any securities, commodities, or banking activities; and
- 9 law, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended or vacated. marketplace or self-regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or commodities Commission or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign exchange or electronic found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the

## CERTAIN RELATIONSHIP AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

business with related parties except as discussed in note 13 to the audited Financial Statements. There are no significant transactions entered into by the Company in the normal course of

# Item 6. COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

### Summary of Compensation Table

Executive Officer and four other most highly compensated executive officers follows: Information as to aggregate compensation paid or accrued during the last two fiscal years and to be paid in the ensuing fiscal year to Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc.'s Chief

### Summary of Compensation Table

Officer and four other most highly compensated executive officers follows: to be paid in the ensuing fiscal year to Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc.'s Chief Executive Information as to aggregate compensation paid or accrued during the last two fiscal years and

### SUMMARY OF COMPENSATION TABLE

NAMES	POSITION	SALARY	BONUS	PER DIEM
Cesar C. Zalamea	Chairman			
Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr.	President			
Rolando S. Santos	Treasurer			
Diane Madelyn Ching	Corporate Secretary			
Hermogene H. Real	Asst. Corporate			
Dankan E Alanatan	Secretary			
Leddie D. Gutierrez	VP Internal Audit			
All above named	2017			P100,000.00
officers as a group	2018			₱50,000.00
	2019 Estimated			P100,000.00
NAMES	POSITION	SALARY	BONUS	PER DIEM
All other officers and	2017			P80,000.00
directors as group	2018			₱60,000.00
unnamed	2019 Estimated			₱140,000.00

laws and other industry standards. officers' compensation which shall be in accordance with the parameters set by the Company's by-The 2019 estimated compensation for directors and executive officers is subject to changes as the BOD through the Compensation Committee is continuously reviewing the directors' and executive

### Compensation of Directors

### (a) Standard Arrangements

arrangements by which Directors are compensated directly or indirectly. Except for nominal per diem for attending board & committee meetings, there are no standard

### (b) Other Arrangements

None

# Employment Contract and Termination of Employment and Change-in-Control Arrangements

outsourcing agencies to perform its day to day transactions For the year ended December 31, 2018, the Company engaged consultants and employees from

## Warrants and Options Outstanding: Repricing

warrants or options. not hold equity warrants or options as the company does not have any outstanding equity The above-named executive officers and directors, and all officers and directors as a group, do

## Item 7. INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

- 2 shareholders' approval during the Annual Meeting in compliance with SRC Rule 68 Independent Public Accountants, Reyes Tacandong & Co. (RTC) will stand for re-election years or earlier or the handling partner shall be changed. Paragraph 3(b)(iv) which provides that the external auditor should be rotated every five (5) as the Corporation's external auditors for the year 2019 which shall be subject to
- 9 Representatives of RTC will be present during the annual meeting and will be given the opportunity to make a statement if they desire to do so. They are also expected to respond of independent auditors, the Corporation has no disagreements with its auditors. financial statement disclosure or auditing scope or procedure. Except as stated in the report any disagreement with regard to any matter relating to accounting principles or practices, to appropriate questions if needed. There was no event where RTC and the Company had RTC was first elected as the Company's Independent Public Accountant in May 2015
- 0 are guided by the highest standards of quality, integrity and competence. a leading professional services firm with a proven track record of high quality work. They audit, tax and business professionals who utilize leading-edge systems and technology and provide value-added services to clients through their client caring team of outstanding as its independent external auditor for the calendar year ended December 31, 2018. RTC is Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. re-appointed Reyes Tacandong & Co. (RTC)
- 9 amounts/amounted to \$0.30 million and \$0.25 million for 2018 and 2017, respectively. For the audit of the Company's Annual financial statements and services provided in connection with statutory and regulatory filings or engagements, the aggregate amounts to be billed or already billed excluding VAT and out of pocket expenses (OPE) by RTC

The Audit Committee recommends to the Board the selection of external auditors considering independence and effectiveness

#### Audit Committee

Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo -Chairman Augusto C. Serafica, Jr. -Member Vicente V. Mendoza -Member

of business conduct. the company's process for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and its own code the system of internal control, risk management, governance processes, the audit process and directors in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities by reviewing the financial reporting process. provided for in its charter, the objective of the Audit Committee is to assist the board of The Audit Committee is composed of three members with two independent directors.

### Item 8. COMPENSATION PLANS

any securities. sharing, pension/retirement plan, granting of any extension of options, warrants or rights to purchase No action is proposed to be taken during the stockholders' meeting with regard to any bonus, profit

## ISSUANCE AND EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

No matter will be taken up involving any issuance or exchange of securities

### EXCHANGE AUTHORIZATION OR ISSUANCE OF SECURITIES OTHER THAN FOR

There is nothing to disclose with respect to authorization or issuance of securities.

### Item 10. MODIFICATION OR EXCHANGE OF SECURITIES

### D. OTHER MATTERS

# Item 11. ACTION WITH RESPECT TO REPORTS & OTHER PROPOSED ACTION/S

stockholders' meeting. The following matters shall be submitted to the vote of stockholders of the Company during the

- Approval of Minutes of the previous meeting

  Approval of Management Report and Audited Financial Statements ending December 31,
- w Ratification of Management's Acts
- 44 Election of Directors
- Appointment of External Auditor

Matters not required to be submitted are the Call to Order and Certification of Notice and Quorum.

Summary of the minutes therefor is provided below: Action is to be taken on the approval of the Minutes of the previous stockholders' meeting. The

- The stockholders approved the minutes of the meeting of the last Annual General Meeting of the stockholders held last 04 December 2018.
- 12 The stockholders approved the Management/President's Report and the Annual Report for the year 2018 including the Corporation's Audited Financial Statement for the year ended 31 December 2018.
- 4 year up to even date The stockholders ratified all acts of the Board of Directors and Management for the previous
- 4 The stockholders elected the following as directors of the Corporation to serve for the period 2018-2019 and until their successors shall have been duly elected as qualified, to wit:
- Cesar C. Zalamea
- Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr.
- 6 0 Macario U. Te

- Remegio C. Dayandayan, Jr.
- Augusto C. Serafica, Jr.
- Hermogene H. Real
- Rolando S. Santos
- 1,00 Minda P. De Paz
- Carlos Alfonso T. Ocampo Diane Madelyn C. Ching
- Vicente V. Mendoza
- Auditor of the Corporation for the ensuing year. stockholders approved the appointment of Reyes Tacandong & Co., as the External

Summary of the Minutes of the Board Meetings for the year 2019 for ratification of management's

Meetings of the Board of Directors were held on the following dates:

- 12 April 2019
- 3 September 2019
- 16 October 2019

At these meetings, operational and financial reports were discussed. In addition, the following matters were taken up;

#### 12 April 2019

Approval of the Audited Financial Statements for the year 2018

#### 12 3 September 2019

- Postponement of Annual Stockholders' Meeting
- Acceptance of the resignation of Atty. Diane Madelyn C. Ching as Director, Corporate Secretary, Compliance Officer and Data Privacy Officer
- Officer and Data Privacy Officer Appointment of Atty. Maila Lourdes G. De Castro as Corporate Secretary, Compliance

#### 5 16 October 2019

- Setting the schedule of the Annual Stockholder's Meeting for the year 2019
- Appointment of Atty. Kenneth Peter Molave as Co-Assistant Corporate Secretary
- Resignation of Justice Vicente V. Mendoza as Independent Director

### Item 12. AMENDMENTS OF CHARTER, BY-LAWS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

There are no matters to be taken up in relation to the Amendment of the Company's Articles of Incorporation or By-laws.

#### Item 13. VOTING PROCEDURES

### (H) The vote required for approval or election

whatsoever, except in those cases in which the Corporation Code requires the affirmative vote sufficient at a stockholders meeting to constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business of a greater portion. majority of the subscribed capital present in person or represented by proxy, shall be

## (b) The method by which the votes will be counted

proxy, for each share of stock held by him which has voting power upon the matter in question. At each meeting of the stockholders, every stockholder shall be entitled to vote in person or by

Transfer Services Inc. are authorized to count the votes to be cast during the meeting upon any question before the meeting except to the procedural questions determined by the chairman of the meeting, shall be by viva voce or show of hands. Representatives of Stock The votes for the election of directors, and, except upon demand by any stockholder, the votes

share shall equal, or by distributing such votes at the same principle among any number of stockholder shall have the right to vote, in person or by proxy, the number of shares owned by candidates. one candidate as many votes as the number of such directors multiplied by the number of his him for as many persons as there are directors to be elected, or to cumulate his votes by giving stockholders for that year at which a quorum is present. At each election for directors, every The directors of the Corporation shall be elected by plurality vote at the annual meeting of the

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION MANAGEMENT REPORT

### 1. Business Development

### (a) Form and year of organization

December 4, 1981 as a credit card corporation. On March 21, 1995, the Company listed its shares with the Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE). Prior to December 27, 2013, the Company is a subsidiary of Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC), incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. (the Company), formerly Bankard, Inc. SEM

other investors. The Parent Company acquired 76.56% interest in the Company. collective stake On October 18, in the Company to RYM Business Management Corp. (the Parent Company) and 2013, the Board of Directors (BOD) of RCBC approved the sale of its 89.98%

Resources & Investments, Inc. and primary business purpose to a holding Company. In November 2013, the BOD approved the amendment to change the corporate name to Bright Kindle

The Company's principal office address is at 16th Floor, Citibank Tower 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati

## (b) Any bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceeding?

There were no bankruptcy, receivership or similar proceedings for the Corporation.

### amount of assets not in the ordinary course of business? 3 Any material reclassification, merger, consolidation, or purchase or sale of a significant

liabilities to RCBC and RBSC (refer to Note 1 of the 2015 Audited Financial Statements). Corp. and other investors. As a result, it transferred all or substantially all of its assets and certain RCBC sold its collective stake of 89.98% in the Corporation in favor of RYM Business Management

### Business of Issuer

### (a) Description of Registrant

### (i) Principal Products or Services

services and all transaction processing requirements arising from its credit cardholder and merchant customer was Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) and indirectly the RCBC Bankard From 2007 to December 2013, the Corporation was a credit card servicing company whose primary cardholders, to whom the cards are issued, and its accredited merchants. provided RCBC marketing, selling and distribution assistance, technical, As a servicing entity, the

On October 18, 2013, the Board of Directors of RCBC approved the sale of its 89.98% collective ownership in Bankard, Inc. to RYM Business Management Corporation and other investors through a related party, RBSC, and the Corporation ceased to operate any credit card related business as of December 16, 2013. on December 27, 2013. In view of the foregoing, RCBC's credit card operations were transferred to Philippine Business Bank, Inc. - Trust and Investment Center. The sale of shares was consummated

any shares of capital stock, and upon any bonds, debentures, or other securities, having voting power, interests and income, derived therefrom, and the right to vote on any proprietary or other interest, on other interest therein, including the right to receive, collect and dispose of, any and all dividends, holder, or possessor thereof, to exercise all the rights and powers, and privileges of ownership or any promissory notes, shares of capital stock, or other securities and obligations, created, negotiated or situated, as and to the extent permitted by law, including, but not limited to, operate, use and dispose of, any and all properties of every kind and description and wherever assign, transfer, exchange, lease, let, develop, mortgage, pledge, deal in and with and otherwise exchange, assignment, gift or otherwise, and hold, own and use for investment or otherwise, and sell. Considering the sale, the Company changed its primary purpose and now engages in the purchase so owned or held, without however engaging in the business of an investment company under the Investment Company Act or a finance company or a broker or dealer in securities of stocks. issued by any corporation, association, or other entity, foreign or domestic and while the owner, bonds, debentures,

### Target Market/Segments of Business

given its expertise in credit card payment processing. targeted cardable customers across all segments. The company tapped merchants in different geographical locations in the country in order to acquire transactions of both credit and debit card The Corporation was previously engaged in providing services to credit cardholders of RCBC and transactions. As a service entity, Bankard provides business process outsourcing to interested clients

At present, the Corporation is looking for viable investments which will provide attractive returns to its shareholders

### Accredited Establishments

None.

#### (ii) Foreign Sales

None

## (iii) Distribution methods of the products or services

None.

(iv) Status of any publicly-announced new product or service

None.

(v) Competition

None.

### energy or other items (E) Disclose dependencies on single or limited number of suppliers for essential raw materials,

various suppliers as necessary. The Company is not dependent on single or limited number of suppliers and it sources materials from business of the Corporation as a holding company, it will have very limited need for raw materials. Inasmuch as the Corporation ceased to provide credit card services and considering the current

### (vii) Disclose dependencies on single customer

service fee derived from servicing the principal client, RCBC, was the main revenue source of the Prior to the block sale last 27 December 2013, the Corporation only provided services to RCBC. The

Now, as a holding company, the Corporation is no longer dependent on a single customer/client.

## (viii) Transactions with and/or dependence on related parties

Refer to note 13 of the Audited Financial Statements

## franchises, concessions & royalty agreements (ix) Summarize principal terms & expiration dates of all patents, trademarks, copyrights, licenses,

credit cards and acquire transactions of merchants carrying said brands. International, JCB International Co. and UnionPay International which allows the company to issue Prior to sale last 27 December 2013, the Corporation has licenses from MasterCard International, Visa

its licenses from MasterCard, Visa, JCB and UPI. In view of the block sale and change in ownership and management, the Corporation has terminated

## Need for any government approval of principal products or services

The Corporation has no principal products or services that need government approval.

## Effect of existing or probable government regulations on the business

The Corporation's business is not affected by existing or probable government regulations

## (xii) Indicate amount spent on research & development

The Corporation did not incur any research and development costs from 2012 to 2019.

## (xiii) Cost & effects of compliance with environmental laws

encourage recycling within the organization. The Corporation intends to continue the implementation of cost-efficient methods to save paper and

## (xiv) State the number of the registrant's present employees

#### Employees

the Company's daily operations are being outsourced Starting 2014, aside from the key management officers, all of the Corporation's personnel performing

disclosure of the procedures being undertuken to identify, assess & manage such risks Discuss the major risk/s involved in each of the businesses of the company. Include a

#### Equity Price Risk

of the equity indices and the values of individual stocks. The Company's exposure to equity price risk relates primarily to its AFS investments listed in the PSE classified under financial assets at OCL Equity price risk is the risk that the fair values of equities decrease as a result of changes in the levels

monitored regularly to determine impact on the Company's financial position. The Company's policy is to maintain the risk to an acceptable level. Movement of share price

#### Credit Rish

Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty default on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash (excluding cash on hand), loans and receivables, and AFS financial assets.

the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets. Exposure to Credit Risk. The carrying amount of cash, receivables, and AFS financial assets represent

impaired are considered to be of high grade and expected to be collectible without incurring any credit Credit Quality. The credit quality of the Company's financial assets that are neither past due nor

High grade financial assets are those financial assets from counterparties with good financial condition and with relatively low defaults.

## (b) Additional Requirements as to Certain Issues or Issuers

None

### Item 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

Roxas, Makati City last August 2014 which is being used as office. The Company acquired a Condominium Unit at Unit 16 B Citibank Tower, 8741 Paseo de

### Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

All legal proceedings involving the Corporation were transferred to RBSC

### Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

by this report. There were no matters submitted to a vote of security holders during the fourth quarter covered

## PART II -OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 5. MARKET PRICE FOR ISSUER'S COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDERS' MATTERS

### Market Information

Banks and Financial Institutions and classified as Financials. The Corporation's shares of stock are being traded at the Philippine Stock Exchange under

BKR		Lo	Q1 (2017) I.:	Q2 (2017) 1.0	Q3 (2017) 1.2	04 (2017)							
	Price	LOW	1.15	1.05	1.24		1.90	1.90	1.90	1.90 1.55 1.27 1.46	1.55 1.27 1.28	1.90 1.55 1.27 1.46 1.28	1.90 1.55 1.27 1.46 1.28 1.31
П	e e	High	1.55	1.61	3.24		3.03	3.03	3.03 2.08 1.83	3.03 2.08 1.83 2.22	3.03 2.08 1.83 2.22	3.03 2.08 1.83 2.22 1.86	3.03 2.08 1.83 1.83 2.22 1.86 1.68

The high and low prices of the Company's share as of the latest practicable trading date of 05 November 2019 are PhP 1.33 and PhP 1.14, respectively.

#### Holders

outstanding as of this date is 1,528,474,000. The percentage of shares of stocks owned by the public is 17.2% of the total outstanding shares The number of stockholders of record as of September 30, 2019 is 630. Common shares

Top twenty (20) stockholders as of September 30, 2019:

226,785

99.26% 00.48%

19 SY, VI		18 PUNZ	17 LOPES	16 VILAR	15 TORRI	14 GILI JI	N NOT	12 CHUA	11 JARDI	10 ROLD	9 BORR	8 WILLI	7 SALA	6 RICC	5 AMA F	4 JARDI	3 WILLI	
KAIRUZ, PETER M.	SY, VICTOR GAN	PUNZALAN, LARRY A.	LOPEZ, OSCAR M.	VILAR, ANTONIO T.	TORRES, ROBERTO BELARMINO S.	GILI JR., GUILLERMO F.	JUN M. BORRES &/OR BUENAVENTURA CASENAS	CHUA, CATHERINE ANGSIONGA S.	JARDINE CMG VALUE	ROLDAN, MARIAN D.	BORRES, JUN M.	WILLIAM R. CU UNJIENG	SALAZAR, ERNESTO B.	RIC CASTANEDA &/OR HECTOR UY	AMA RURAL BANK OF MANDALUYONG, INC.	JARDINE CMG LIFE	WILLIAM R. CU-UNJIENG OR CYNTHIA C.U. BUNAG	
40 000	40,000	43,500	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	60,000	75,000	80,000	83,000	90,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	146,000	200,000	
00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.00%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	00.01%	

#### Dividends

the availability of unrestricted retained earnings and funding requirements of the Company, the approval of the stockholders. Board may declare cash dividends. Notably, the declaration of stock dividends is subject to the No dividends has been declared and paid for the year ended December 31, 2018. Subject to

Securities Constituting an Exempt Transaction Recent Sales of Unregistered or Exempt Securities, Including Recent Issuance of

None

# Item 6. COMPLIANCE WITH LEADING PRACTICE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### Governance Statement

which follows the "comply or explain" approach, which is used in harmonizing the corporate governance reportorial requirements of the SEC and the PSE. recommendations provided under the Code of Corporate Governance for Publicly-Listed Companies, which is used as a tool to disclose Publicly-Listed Companies' compliance/non-compliance with the Bankard Inc.) ("BKR") conforms to the corporate governance rules, requirements, and regulations of the Philippine (SEC) and the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). BKR submitted its I-ACGR in 2018 As a publicly-listed Philippine corporation, Bright Kindle Resources & Investments Inc. (formerly

corporate governance structures, processes, and practices. improvement, BKR checks recent developments in corporate governance to clevate the Company's is a necessary component of what constitutes sound strategic business management, and therefore, take Revised Manual on Corporate Governance. The BOD and Management believe that good governance Management commit themselves to the principles and best practices of good governance based on its procedures with recognized local and international best practices. The Board of Directors (BOD) and BKR is committed to the highest standards of corporate governance and continues to benchmark its effort necessary to create awareness thereof within the organization. To ensure constant

Guidelines and listing rules of the PSE, and endeavours to raise its corporate governance practices in line with local and international best practices. BKR complies with the Code of Corporate Governance of the SEC and Corporate Governance

## AND RESULTS OF OPERATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes as of December 31, 2018 and 2017 prepared in conformity with PFRS hereto attached in the Exhibits.

follows: The financial information for the three years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 are as

#### 2018 vs. 2017

### Results of operations

	Audited	led	Increase(Decrease	٠
	2018	2017	Amount	%
	(in millions)	uns)		
Revenues	P0.00	₱0.15	( <b>P</b> 0.15)	(99.26)
Operating expenses	7.27	6.88	0.39	5.60
Share in net income (loss) of an				
associate	(77.37)	15.57	(92.95)	(596.79)
Net income (loss)	(P84.64)	P8.84	( <b>P93.48</b> )	(1,057.18)

as follows: income statement accounts for the year ended December 31, 2018 versus the same period last year are P93.48 million compared with last year's net income of P8.84 million. Significant changes in the incurred ಬ net loss of P84.64 million during the year, p decrease

- V Revenues are derived mainly from interest on bank deposits. Revenues declined by P0.15 million compared with same period last year, due to lower level of cash this year than that of
- V same period last year. The increase is attributable to movements of the following accounts: General and administrative expenses increased by \$0.39 million or 5.60% compared with
- More outsourced services were incurred this year than last year, resulting to increase in Outside services account by ₱0.87 million or 75.72%.
- . by #0.28 million or 12.03% compared with same period last year. vehicle has been disposed in April 2018). Consequently, depreciation expenses dropped The Company's service vehicle has been fully depreciated last February 2018 (the same
- . P0.26 million last year to P0.31 million this year. year, mainly due to increase in annual listing fee and RSA token fee paid to PSE from Professional fees increased by ₱0.07 million or 11.14% compared with same period last
- . Communication, light and water of P0.29 million, increased by P0.08 million as compared with last year of same period

- PCD maintenance fee made last year. Other expenses this year is lower by \$90.25 million or 29.50%, mainly due to payment for
- V income amounting to \$15.57 million. Share in net income (loss) of an associate – The Company's share in net loss of an associate this year amounted to ₱77.37 million – a decline of ₱92.95 million from last year's share in net

#### Financial Position

	Audit		Increase(Decrease	ecrease)
	2018	2017	Amount	%
	(in millio			
Assets	P2,632.61	P2,753.94	(121.34)	(4.41%)
Liabilities	1,672.96	1,710.23	(37.27)	(2.18%)
Stockholders' Equity	959.65	1,043.71	(84.06)	(8.05%)

- V with same period last year. Significant movements in the following accounts caused the decline Assets during the year of P2,632.61 million is lower by P121.34 million or 4.41% compared
- Parent Company to TMEE, to offset with the note payable amounting to \$38.5 million. Company's outstanding receivable. Lastly, the Company assigned the receivable from the Company's operating expenses totaling P1.34 million, which was offset from the million from MMDC, an entity under common control. MMDC also advanced the Due from related parties dropped by P42.26 million compared with same period last year (from P58.72 million last year to P16.46 million this year). The Company collected P2.0
- last year, primarily due to depreciation recognized during the year. Property and equipment decreased by #1.96 million or 4.34% compared with same period
- . associate during the year (see Share in net income (loss) of an associate above). year. The decline in this account is mainly due to recognition of the share in net loss of an Investment in an associate is lower by P76.80 million compared with same period last
- V to TMEE, which was offset with the note payable. year, mainly due to assignment of receivable amounting to #38.5 million from Parent Company Liabilities of P1,672.96 million is lower by P37.27 million comparing with same period last
- V P0.57 million. amounting to \$84.64 million. This was slightly offset by the share in other comprehensive The movement in Stockholder's Equity is attributable to the net loss during the year an associate recognized this year, amounting

#### Cash Flow

	Audited	ted	Increase(Decrea	ase)
	2018	2017	Amount	%
	(in mill	ions)		
Cash used in operating activities	₱0.29	₱13.93	( <b>P</b> 13.64)	(97.91)
Cash used in investing activities	0.06	4.07	(4.01)	(98.52)
Cash used in financing activities	1	90.00	(90.00)	(100.00)

operating expenses. period last year. No major disbursements were made during the year, except for the Company's The cash used in operating activities this year is lower by P13.64 million or 97.91% versus same

resulting to decrease in cash used in investing activities by P4.01 million or 98.52% There was a minimal addition in property and equipment this year, compared with last year,

In 2017, the Company paid P90.0 million of its notes payable. No payment has been made this year, hence, a decrease in cash used in financing activities by 100%.

#### 2017 vs. 2016

### Results of operations

9	Auditec	ited	Increase(Decrease)	
	2017	2016	Amount	%
	(in mi	llions)		
Revenues	<b>₽</b> 0.15	₱0.24	(₱0.09)	(37.50)
Operating expenses	6.88	4.65	2.23	47.96
Share in net income of an				
associate	15.57	1.70	13.87	815.88
Net income (loss)	P8.84	(P2.72)	₱11.56	(426.20)

#### Revenues

compared to 2016 net loss of P2.72 million. The Company incurred a net income of P8.84 million for the year ended December 31, 2017 as

period last year are as follows: Significant changes in the income accounts for the year ended December 31, 2017 versus the same

- following accounts: General and administrative expenses increased by P2.23 million or 47.96% due to the
- offer to SEC Taxes and licenses increased by P0.18 million mainly due to filling fee paid for tender
- property and the services of agency for maintenance of the office. offer to media, services paid to installation of server room, services for the appraisal of Outside services increased by P0.68 million or 144.25% pertains to publication of tender
- during BOD meetings. Director's Fees increased by \$0.03 million or equivalent to 24.59% due to lesser attendee
- . Depreciation increased by \$0.63 million or 37.91% due to the improvement of office early this year.
- . Professional fees increased by P0.03 million or equivalent to 6.02% due to additional legal expense in 2017.
- . Holdings Inc. Communication, light and water increased by \$0.05 million or equivalent to 28.25%. In 2016, the office space was vacant due to termination of lease contract to Prime Media

- . directors and officers liability, payment of PCD maintenance fee and office decoration Other expenses increased by P0.63 million. The increase pertains to insurance paid for
- V income of Marcventures Holdings Inc. in 2017. Share in net income of an Associate increased by P13.88 million due to increase in net

#### Financial Position

	1	1000	THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	Contract.
	2017	2016	Amount	%
	im mi)	llions)		
Assets	£2,753.94	P2,880.73	(126.79)	(4.40%)
Liabilities	1,710.23	1,850.23	(140.00)	(7.57%)
Stockholders' Equity	1,043.71	1,030.50	13.21	1.28%

The significant changes in the Statement of Financial Position accounts during the calendar year ended December 31, 2017 versus 2016 are as follows:

V Total assets decreased by P126.79 million or equivalent to 4.40% from P2.88 billion in 2016 to P2.75 billion in 2017

Significant changes were mainly due to the following:

- Cash decreased by ₱108.01 million or equivalent to 99.44% mainly due to payment of notes payable amounting to P90 million.
- payment made to related parties. Due from related parties decreased by P41.39 million or equivalent to 41.35% are due to
- accumulated Input VAT. Other current assets increased by P1.76 million or equivalent to 28.39% primarily from
- is attributable to the share in equity of MARC Investment in an associate increased by P19.94 million or equivalent to 0.76% the increase
- V of P1,710.00 million current portion of loans with maturity date December 31, 2017. On Middle East Philippine Equities Inc. (TMEE). of P90.00 million and P50.00 assignment of receivable. Current liabilities comprise solely Current liabilities decreased by P140.00 million or equivalent to 7.57% due to payment August 4, 2016, Philippine Business Bank (PBB) assigned the note payable to Trans
- V The stockholders' equity increased by P13.21 million or equivalent to 1.28% from P1.03 billion in 2016 to P1.04 billion in 2017. comprehensive income of P13.21 million. The increase is due to the Company's

Cash Flow

Audited Increase(Decrease)

	2017	2016	Amount	%
	(im mil	lions)		
Cash used in operating activities	P13.93	<b>P</b> 37.40	( <b>P</b> 23.47)	62.75
Cash used in investing activities	4.07	10.43	(6.36)	60.98
Cash used in financing activities	90.00	200.00	(110.00)	55.00

P13.93 million in 2017. The company incurred a net income before income tax in 2017 of P8.84 million as compared to 2016 net loss of P2.72 million. cash provided by operating activities decreased from \$37.40 million

improvement of office P4.07 million. In 2017, the company's net cash used in investing activities are the additional expenditures on the

In 2017, the Company paid P90 million of its notes payable.

#### 2016 vs. 2015

### Results of operations

	Auc	Audited	Increase(Decrease)	
	2016	2015	Amount	%
	(in m	(in millions)		
Revenues	P0.24	₱1.55	(#131)	(84.52)
Operating Expenses	(4.65)	(15.30)	(10.65)	(69.61)
Realized loss on AFS Investment	1	(28.41)	28.41	100.00
Share in net income of an associate				
	1.69	12.20	(10.51)	(86.15)
Net loss		(P29.97)	( <b>P</b> 27.25)	(90.92)

#### Revenues

The Company incurred a net loss of #2.72 million for the year ended December 31, 2016 as compared to 2015 net loss of #29.97 million.

period last year are as follows: Significant changes in the income accounts for the year ended December 31, 2016 versus the same

- following accounts: General and administrative expenses decreased by P10.65 million or 69.61% due to the
- into by the Company with Philippine Business Bank. P10.25 million payment of Documentary Stamp Tax in relation to the Notes payable entered Taxes and licenses decreased by P10.28 million or equivalent to 99.29% mainly due to
- Director's Fees decreased by \$0.14 million or equivalent to 52.83% due to lesser directors
- Depreciation increased by \$0.09 million or 5.54% due to the Condominium
- listing fee as compared to 2015. Professional fees decreased by #0.13 million or equivalent to 19.19% due low cost on PSE
- because the office space was vacant due to termination of lease contract to Prime Media Communication, light and water decreased by P0.02 million or equivalent to 12.77%

- shorter period on fees payment made to Philippine Central Depository fee Other expenses decreased by P0.14 million or equivalent to 40.79% the decrease pertains to
- V of AFS to Investment in an Associate in 2015. Realized loss on AFS investments decreased amounting to P28.4 million due to reclassification
- V Share in net income of an Associate decreased by P10.51 million due to decrease in net income of Marcventures Holdings Inc. in 2016

#### Financial Position

	T TUTLEY	TIVE	merease Decrease	Company of
	2016	2015	Amount	%
	(in mil	lions)		
Assets	P2,880.73	₱3,082.53	(201.80)	(6.55%)
Liabilities	1,850.23	2,050.33	(200.10)	(9.76%)
Stockholders' Equity	1,030.50	1,032.20	1.70	0.16%

ended December 31, 2016 versus 2015 are as follows: The significant changes in the Statement of Financial Position accounts during the calendar year

V P2.88 billion in 2016. Total assets decreased by #201.80 million or equivalent to 6.55% from #3.08 billion in 2015 to

Significant changes were mainly due to the following:

- payable amounting to P200 million and advances to related parties Cash decreased by #247.82 million or equivalent to 69.53% mainly due to payment of notes
- Receivables increased by ₱32.85 million or equivalent to 48.84% are advances made by related parties.
- accumulated Input VAT and construction deposit on office improvement. Other current assets increased by P2.58 million or equivalent to 70.85% primarily from
- ٠ is attributable to the share in equity of MARC Investment in an associate increased by P2.71 million or equivalent to 0.10% the increase
- V Current liabilities increased by P1,649.90 million or equivalent to 823.59% comprise solely of P1,650.00 million noncurrent-portion of Loans with maturity date December 31, 2017. On Philippine Equities Inc August 4, 2016, Philippine Business Bank assigned the note payable to Trans Middle East
- V The P1.03 billion in 2015 to P1.03 billion in 2016. The decrease due to the Company's comprehensive loss of \$1.70 million. stockholders' equity decreased by ₱1.70 million or equivalent to 0.16% from

### Consolidated Cash Flow

Audited Increase(Decrease)
2016 2015 Amount %

	THINK III)	ons)		
Cash used in operating activities	P37.40	P1.57	35.83	2,282,17
Cash used in investing activities	10.43	1.57	8.86	
Cash used in financing activities	200.00	£	200	
Cash used in investing activities  Cash used in financing activities	10.43	1.57	8.86 200	

to 2015 of ₱29.96 million. In addition, accounts receivable increased by ₱32.85 million. The cash provided by operating activities decreased from ₱1.57 million in 2015 to ₱37.40 million in 2016. The company incurred a net loss before income tax in 2016 of ₱2.72 million as compared

equipment worth P10.43 million. In 2016, the company's net cash used in investing activities are the acquisition of property and

In 2016, the Company paid P200 million of its notes payable.

### Key Performance Indicators

	2016	2017	2018
Return on Asset (%)	(0,00%)	0.00%	(0.03%)
Return on Equity (%)	(0.00%)	0.01%	(0.08%)

1/Return on assets (ROA) was computed based on the ratio of net income/ (net loss) to average

2/ Return on equity (ROE) was computed based on the ratio of net income/ (net loss) to average

### Item 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Supplementary Schedules are filed as part of this Form 17-A (see attached 2018 Audited Financial The financial statements and schedules listed in the accompanying Index to Financial Statements and

### INFORMATION ON INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS

#### **External Auditors**

technology and are guided by the highest standards of quality, integrity and competence. caring team of outstanding audit, tax and business professionals who utilize leading-edge systems and calendar year ended December 31, 2018. RTC is a leading professional services firm with a proven track record of high quality work. They provide value-added services to clients through their client The Company re-appointed Reyes Tacandong & Co. (RTC) as its independent external auditor for the

statutory and regulatory filings or engagements, the aggregate amounts to be billed or already billed excluding VAT and out of pocket expenses (OPE) by RTC amounts/amounted to ₱0.30 million and ₱0.25 million for 2018 and 2017, respectively. For the audit of the Company's Annual financial statements and services provided in connection with

independence and effectiveness. The Audit Committee recommends to the Board the selection of external auditors considering

# Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

The Company has no disagreements with its accountants.

Statements. Changes and adoption of new Accounting Standards are fully summarized under Note 2 to Financial

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATION FOR THE 3rd QUARTER

### Item 1. - Financial Statements

accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the interim financial statements compliance with generally accepted accounting December 31, 2018), and for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2018 is The unaudited Financial Statements of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. ("the Company") as at September 30, 2019 (with comparative audited Statements of Financial Position as at principles and there were no changes made in 5

Summary of statements of financial position as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018:

	September 30, 2019 December 31, 2011 (Unaudited) (Audited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)	Increase	Increase (decrease)
	( <b>P</b> '000)	(P*000)	Amount (P'000)	Percentage
Current assets	P24,368	P26,025	( <b>P</b> 1,657)	(6.37%)
Noncurrent assets	2,579,612	2,606,583	(26,971)	(1.03%)
Total Assets	F2,603,980	P2,632,608	(P28,628)	(1.09%)
Current Liabilities Equity	<b>P</b> 1,673,579	₱1,672,960 959,648	<b>P</b> 619 (29,247)	0.04%
Total Liabilities and Equity	P2,603,980	₱2,632,608 (₱28,628)	(P28,628)	(1.09%)

period ended September 30, 2019 and 2018: Summary of unaudited statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months

	For the three months ended	nths ended	For the nine months ended	ths ended
	September 30	r 30,	September 30	- 30,
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	(P'000)	( <del>p</del> '000)	(P*000)	(P.000)
General and administrative expenses	(F1,074)	(PI,118)	(P3,730)	( <b>P</b> 4.124)
Share in net income (loss) of an		2000		2000
associate	25,932	2,307	(25.517)	4.301
Interest income	0	0	0	_
Income (loss)	F24,858	P1,189	(P29,247)	P178

Summary of unaudited statements of cash flows for the three months and nine months period ended September 30, 2019 and 2018:

1	1	ı	ı	Cash provided by (used in) financing activities
ī.	Ţ	1	1	Cash provided by (used in) investing activities
(P216)	P155	( <b>P</b> 420)	(P384)	Cash provided by (used in) operating activities
(P:000)	( <b>P'</b> 000)	(P,000)	( <b>P</b> '000)	
2018	2019	2018	2019	
r 30,	Septembe	er 30,	Septemb	
hs ended	For nine months ended	nths ended 1	For three mo	

₱394	P414	₱394	P414	Cash at end of period
610	259	814	798	Cash at beginning of period
(216)	155	(420)	(384)	Net increase (decrease) in cash

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

#### Results of Operation

# Nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2018

#### Kevenue

The Company is not yet operating, hence, revenues generated mainly comes from interest on bank deposits. No significant movement in the Company's interest income.

### General and administrative expenses

9.56% compared with same period last year. Significant movements are attributed to the following Total general and administrative expenses for the period of \$\mathbb{P}3.73\$ million is lower by \$\mathbb{P}0.39\$ million or

#### a. Depreciation

The decline in depreciation by \$0.08 million or 5.13% compared with same period last year, fully amortized since February 2018. The same vehicle was sold on April 20, 2018 (see Note is mainly attributed to the fully-depreciated service vehicle of the Company, which was already

### b. Professional fees

listing fee this year, as compared with same period last year. The decrease in professional fees by \$0.06 million or 10.73% is mainly due to lower annual

#### Outside services

Outside services this period amounting to \$\mathbb{P}0.32\$ million is lower by \$\mathbb{P}0.17\$ million or \$34.33% compared with same period last year. This is due to the payments made for the design. production and printing of the Company's annual report last year.

### Share in net income (loss) of an associate

by \$\mathbb{P}29.82 million, comparing with same period last year, MARC, an associate, is in net loss position as of September 30, 2019, as opposed to net income position same period in 2018 The Company's share in net loss of an associate amounted to \$25.52 million this period. This is lower

#### Three months ca September 30, 2018 ended September 30, 2019 compared with three months ended

#### Revenue

deposits. No significant movement in the Company's interest income The Company is not yet operating, hence, revenues generated mainly comes from interest on bank

### General and administrative expenses

slightly by \$0.04 million or 3.96% comparing with the same period last year. No significant expenses has been incurred by the Company for the period. Total general and administrative expenses for the period amounting to P1.07 million has declined

### Share in net income of an associate

The Company's share in net income of an associate amounted to \$25.93 million this period. This is higher by \$23.64 million, comparing with same period last year. MARC's results of operations has improved during the three months of the year.

### Statements of Financial Position

September 30, 2019 compared with the December 31, 2018 level are as follows: The significant changes in the statement of financial position accounts during the nine months ended

#### Cash

payments made pertaining to the Company's operating expenses. made by an affiliate for the Company's working capital requirements, which was offset by The Company cash balance has increased by ₱0.15 million or 59,77%. The movement is mainly due to collection of ₱2.0 million of receivable from a related party and ₱0.87 million advances

### Due from related parties

related party during the period The decrease in this account by #2.0 million is mainly due to collection of receivables from a

#### Other current assets

of domestic services, totaling \$0.16 million during the period. The increase in other current assets is mainly attributable to additions in Input VAT from purchase

### Property and equipment

No additions and/or disposals were made in 2019 Decrease in property and equipment by \$1.45 million is mainly due to depreciation for the period.

### Investment in an associate

represents the share in net loss of an associate during the period The Company's investment in an associate has declined by #25.52 million, which movement

# Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

This account decreased by P0.25 million or 53.93%, due to payments made on the previous

#### Due to a related party

which was used by the Company for its working capital requirements. There is an increase of 70.87 million or 86.60% due to additional advances from an affiliate.

#### Retained earnings

The decline in retained earnings by P29.25 million, pertains to the net loss recognized for the

#### Statements of Cash Flows

Increase in eash for the current period is the net result of the following significant transactions: Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 amounts to P0.15 million, while cash used in operating activities in same period last year was P0.22 million.

- Payment of operating expenses during the period.
- Advances made by an affiliate totaling ₱0.87 million.
- Collection of ₱2.0 million from a related party

# HORIZONTAL AND VERTICIAL ANALYSIS

	September 30, 2019 December 31, 2018	December 31, 2018	Increase (Decrease)	rease)
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	Amount F	Amount Percentage
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	₽413,553	P258,845	₱154,708	59.77%
Due from related parties	14,455,581	16,455,581	(2,000,000)	(12.15%)
Other current assets	9,498,550	9,310,757		2.02%
Total Current Assets	24,367,684	26,025,183	(1,657,499) (6.37%)	(6.37%)
Noncurrent Assets				
Property and equipment	41,684,903	43,138,202	(1,453,299)	(3.37%)
Investment in an associate	2,537,927,153	2,563,444,406	(25,517,253)	(1.00%)
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,579,612,056	2,606,582,608	(26,970,552)	(1.03%)
	₱2.603.979.740	P2.632.607.791 (P28.628.051) (1.09%)	(150.829.82 <del>d</del> )	(1,09%)

### LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

(		1	
	177		
	ň	100000	
1	5		
	1		
2000	PR	•	

(1.09%)	(₱28,628,051)	\$2,632,607,791 (\$28,628,051) (1.09%)	₱2,603,979,740	
(3.05%)	(29,247,145)	959,648,162	930,401,017	Total Equity
(26.20%)	(29,247,145) (26.20%	111,641,092 7,346,370	82,393,947 7,346,370	Other comprehensive income
ī	Ţ	840,660,700	840,660,700	Equity Capital stock
0.04%	619,094	1,672,959,629	1,673,578,723	Total Current Liabilities
I		1,671,501,723	1,671,501,723	Note payable
86.60%	866,031	1,000,000	1,866,031	Due to a related party
(53.93%)	( <b>P</b> 246,937)	₱457,906	P210,969	current liabilities

	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Net income (loss)	( <b>P</b> 29,247,145)	P177,144
Quick assets	14,869,134	56,684,643
Current assets	24,367,684	65,316,067
Total Assets	2,603,979,740	2,754,101,053
Current liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Total liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Stockholders' Equity	930,401,017	1,043,889,464
Number of common shares outstanding	1,528,474,000	1,528,474,000
Liquidity ratios:		
Current ratio (1)	0.01:1	0.04:1
Quick ratio (2)	0.01:1	0.03:1
Solvency Ratios:		
Debt ratio (3)	0.64:1	0.62:1
Debt to Equity ratio (4)	1.80:1	1.64:1
Profitability ratios:		
Return on equity (5)	(0.03)	0.0002
Return on assets (6)	(0.01)	0.0001
Income (loss) per share (7)	(0.02)	0.0001

#### Other Information

20 impact on the issuer's liquidity. Any known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material

Nothing to disclose

ġ Any events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

Nothing to disclose

0 obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other All material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent persons created during the reporting period.

Nothing to disclose

0 Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures

Nothing to disclose

0 Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have a material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing operations.

Nothing to disclose

: Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the issuer's continuing operations.

Nothing to disclose

UPON FREE OF CHARGE, EXCEPT FOR THE EXHIBIT ATTACHED THERETO, WHICH SHALL BE Paseo de Roxas, Makati City CHARGED AT A COST. ANY WRITTEN REQUEST FOR A COPY OF SEC FORM 17-A AND 17-Q SHALL BE ADDRESSED TO Atty. Maila Lourdes G. De Castro- c/o 4th Floor Citibank Center, UPON THE WRITTEN REQUEST OF THE STOCKHOLDER(S), THE CORPORATION UNDERTAKES TO FURNISH SAID STOCKHOLDER(S) WITH A COPY OF SEC FORM 17-A. WRITTEN REQUEST OF STOCKHOLDER(S),

#### SIGNATURE PAGE

November 2019. forth in this report is true, complete and correct. This report is signed in the City of Makati on 11 After reasonable inquiry and to the best of my knowledge and belief, I certify that the information set

Bright Kindle Resources & Investments Inc. (formerly Bankard Inc.)

Maila Lourdes G. De Castro Corporate Secretary

MAKATI CITY REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

## SECRETARY'S CERTIFICATE

Floor, Citibank Center, Paseo de Roxas Ave., Makati City, being the duly elected and qualified instrumentalities. hereby certify that as of the date of this Certification, none of the directors or officers of the with principal office address at 16th Floor, Citibank Tower, Paseo de Roxas, Makati City, "Corporation"), a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the Philippines Corporate Secretary of BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (the Corporation I, MAILA LOURDES G. DE CASTRO, of legal age, Filipino, with office address at 4th are employed by or connected with any government agencies or its

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this 2018 NATICITY

MAILA LOURDES G. DE CASTRO

Corporate Secretary

October 2021. MANATLEHEIN exhibited to me her Driver's License No. N02-95-296472 expiring on 18 SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this day OCT 1 4 2019 2015 at

Page No. Series of 2019 Doc. No. Book No.

NOTARY PUBLIC FOR MAKATTERY TRIO.7333104 / 01-03-2019 MAKATE IBF NO.655155 LIFETIME MEMBER APPT, NO.M 101 12017/ROLL NO.4005 THIT 102 PENINGULA COURT BLDG MICHE COMPLIANCEND V-0008939 ATTI SERVACIO BORILINA CANAL DECEMBER 34 2020

# CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

I, CARLOS ALFONSO T. OCAMPO, Filipino, of legal age and with office Address at 28th Floor, Pacific Star Building, Makati Avenue corner Sen. Gil Puyat Avenue, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare that of legal age and with office Address at 28th

- -I am elected for Independent Director of BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. ("BKR") and have been its independent director since January 2014 (where applicable).
- N Owned and Controlled Corporations): am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government-

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
Marcventures Holdings, Inc.	Independent Director	August 2013 to Present
Ocampo & Manalo Law Firm	Senior Parmer	October 1997 to
		present
MAA General Assurance Phils., Inc.	Director	March 2003 to Present
South Forbes City College Corporation	Director .	May 2009 to Present
Asian Carmakers Corporation	Director	April 2008 to Present
Jam Transit, Inc.	Director	luly 2009 to Present
Prestige Cars, Inc.	Director	June 2006 to Present
Timebound Trading Corporation	Director	April 2013 to Present
Monpierre Foods Corporation	Director	December 2011 to
		Present
Adrianse Phils. Inc.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	March 2012 to Present
Bluelion Motors Corp.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	February 1999 to
First Charters & Tours Transport Corp.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	July 2012 to Present
Brycl Resorts International Inc.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	July 2009 to Present
Autohaus Quezon City, Inc.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	April 2008 to Present
AVK Philippines, Inc.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	July 2000 to Present
Jam Liner, Inc.	Director/ Corporate Secretary	July 2009 to Present
Manila Golf & Country Club	Corporate Secretary	April 2008 to Present
Solen Innovations Holdings Inc.	Director	November 2016 to Present
Integrated Bar of the Philippines	Member	

- W I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to serve as an Independent Director of, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules and Regulations and other SEC issuances.
- 4 I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of (covered company and its subsidiaries and affiliates) other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the Securities Regulation Code, (where applicable)

NA	NAME OF DIRECTOR/OFFICER/ SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER
NA	COMPANY
NA	NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP

Uī To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative criminal/administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be): investigation or proceeding I disclose that I 2111 the subject of the following

NN	NA	NA
	INVOLVED	CHARGED/INVESTIGATED
STATUS	TRIBUNAL OR AGENCY	OFFENSE

- 0 the required written permission or consent from the (head of the agency/department) to be an independent director in , pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules. (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or GOCC) I have
- I shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances.
- within five days from its I shall inform the Corporate Secretary occurrence of any changes in the above mentioned information

P2096384A	SUIE				Done, this '
issued at DF	SCRIBED A				Done, this 2 1 OCT 2019
A Manila on	ND SWOR				019 day of
ne and exh 02 March 20:	N to before				at Mark City
bred to me 17 and valid r	me this	£	D.		1.000
P2096384A issued at DFA Manila on 02 March 2017 and valid until 01 March 2022.	day of	OCT TOTO Van	CARLOS ALFONSO T. OCAMPO		
with Passpor 2022.	at Mal	Vani	SOT. O	7	
t number	ati City	-	CAMPO		

Page No. 4 ; Book No. 1 ; Series of 2019.

ANGERA RATIONA K. FERNAL Appointment No. M-159 (2015/2019) Until 37 December 20/9 Roll No. 69414

PTR No 7398145; 01/04/19, Makat. City IBP No 060536; 01/04/19; Makat. City "A. Flr., Parific Star Bldg., Makat. City

## CERTIFICATION OF INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

that: Poblacion, Makati City, after having been duly sworn to in accordance with law do hereby declare ), Felix Cesar L. Zerrudo, Filipino, of legal age and with office Address at 2735 Zenaida St., Brgy.

- ļ I am a nominee for Independent Director of BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. ("BKR") for its Annual Stockholders' Meeting on 10 December 2019.
- 2 and am affiliated with the following companies or organizations (including Government-Owned Controlled Corporations):

COMPANY/ORGANIZATION	POSITION/RELATIONSHIP	PERIOD OF SERVICE
ASIAN APPRAISAL COMPANY INC.	PRESIDENT AND COO	Since 2009 UP TO PRESENT
AMALGAMATED PROJECT MANAGEMENT SERVICES INC.	PRESIDENT	SINCE 2009 UP TO PRESENT
ASIAN ASSET INSURANCE BROKERAGE CORP.	PRESIDENT	SINCE 2009 UP TO PRESENT
PROFESSIONAL FUNDING SERVICES INC.	PRESIDENT	SINCE 2012 UP TO PRESENT
AE PROTEINA INDUSTRIES INC.	GENERAL MANAGER/TREASURER	SINCE 2017 UP TO PRESENT
TOP TEAM DYNAMICS INCORPORATED	DIRECTOR	SINCE 2013 UP TO PRESENT

- w I possess all the qualifications and none of the disqualifications to and Regulations and other SEC issuances. Director of, as provided for in Section 38 of the Securities Regulation Code, its Implementing Rules serve as an independent
- 4 I am related to the following director/officer/substantial shareholder of (covered company and Securities Regulation Code, (where applicable) its subsidiaries and affiliates) other than the relationship provided under Rule 38.2.3 of the

NA	NA	NA
		SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDER
NATURE OF RELATIONSHIP	COMPANY	NAME OF DIRECTOR/OFFICER/

'n To the best of my knowledge, I am not the subject of any pending criminal or administrative investigation or proceeding (as the case may be): investigation or proceeding / I disclose that I am the subject of the following criminal/administrative

NA	CHARGED/INVESTIGATED INVOLVED	OFFENSE TRIBUNAL OR AGENCY
NA		STATUS

9 (For those in government service/affiliated with a government agency or GOCC) I have the independent director in, pursuant to Office of the President Memorandum Circular No. 17 and required written permission or consent from the (head of the agency/department) to be Section 12, Rule XVIII of the Revised Civil Service Rules.

\$\\ \\

- 7.1 shall faithfully and diligently comply with my duties and responsibilities as independent director Corporate Governance and other SEC issuances. under the Securities Regulation Code and its Implementing Rules and Regulations, Code of
- 00 I shall inform the Corporate Secretary of any changes in the above mentioned information within five days from its occurrence

Done	
Done, this	C cony
NOV 0 6	
0	
16.20 th	inc data troit in access a second
CITY OF MAKATI	

FELIX CESAR L. ZERRUDO

appeared before SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me and valid until me and exhibited this ð me his day of CHY OF MAKATIAnt personally issued at 9

Page No. 73 Book No. 33 Series of 2019;

ATTY-VIKCIZIO E. BATALLA

NOTARE BUY IC FOR MAKATICITY

APPTIBLO: N/87- UNTIL DEC. 31, 2020

BOLL OF AT IT, NO. 48348

MICLE COMPLIANCE NO. VI-002725/0/4-4-2019

ISP OR NO. 7869/62-DIFETIME MEMBER JAN. 29, 2007

EVECUTIVE BUSS. CENTED MAKATICITY

EXECUTIVE BUSS. CENTED MAKATICITY

WAKATICITY.



11052019001494



# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

SECBuilding. EDSA, Greenhills, MandaluyongCity, MetroManila, Philippines Tel: (632) 726-0931 to 39 Fax: (632) 725-5293 Email: mis@sec.gov.ph

#### Barcode Page

The following document has been received:

Receiving Officer/Encoder : Fernando T. Fernandez

Receiving Branch : SEC Head Office

Receipt Date and Time: November 05, 2019 12:25:43 PM

Received From : Head Office

Company Representative

Doc Source

Company Information

SEC Registration No. 0000102165

Company Name BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS INC.

Industry Classification

Company Type Stock Corporation

#### Document Information

Document ID	111052019001494
Document Type	17-Q (FORM 11-Q:QUARTERLY REPORT/FS)
Document Code	17-Q
Period Covered	September 30, 2019
No. of Days Late	0
Department	CFD
Remarks	

#### COVER SHEET

STAMPS	File Number  Document I.D.	To be accompli	Total No. of Stockholders	Dept. Requiring this Doc.	1 2 3 1  Month Day  Fiscal Year	ROLANDO S. SANTOS Contact Person	(Business Ad	8 7 4 1 P a s e o	1 6 t h F 1 0 0 r	(C	y	INVESTMENTS	BRIGHT KIND		
Casmer	LCU	To be accomplished by SEC Personnel concerned	Total An 1,671,501,723 Domestic	Secondary License Type, If Applicable	SEC 17-Q FORM TYPE N/A	C <sub>0</sub>	(Business Address: No. Street/City/Province)	d c R o x a	, Citiba	(Company's Full Name)	u s i n e s s Ma	, I N C . ( A	LE RESOURC	-	
	L L		Total Amount of Borrowings 1,723 nil tic Foreign	Amended Articles Number/Section	Last Thursday of May  Month Day  Annual Meeting	817-6046/817-4183 Company Telephone Number		S M 8 k 8 t i	n k T o w e r		падствеп	u b	ES &	ration Nu	1 6

Remarks = pls. Use black ink for scanning purposes

### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION SEC FORM 17-Q

## QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SRC RULE 17(2) (b) THEREUNDER

202.00
7
5
For the
quarterly pe
period
ended
Scptember
r 30, 2019
019

- 12 Commission Identification Number 102165
- S BIR Tax Identification No. 000-803-498-000
- 4 Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter: BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.
- S Philippines

Province, Country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization

6 Industry Classification Code: SEC Use Only)

7 16th Floor Citibank Tower, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City 1209 Address of issuer's principal office Postal Code

632 / 833-0769

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

- 9 Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the Code, or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

Title of Each Class

Outstanding and Amount of Debt Outstanding Number of Shares of Common Stock

Common Stock, P0.55 par value

1,528,474,000 (as of 09/30/19)

11. Are any or all of these securities listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange?

Yes [x] No[]

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
- (2) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and preceding 12 months (or for shorter period the registrant was required to file such Sections 26 and 141 of the Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the reports):

Yes [x] No []

9 has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days Yes [x] No []

#### Table of Contents

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION 3
ltcm 1 Financial Statements3
Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation4
Results of Operation4
Statements of Financial Position5
Statements of Cash Flows5
Horizontal and Vertical Analysis6
Key Performance Indicators7
Other Information7
PART II - OTHER INFORMATION8
PART III - FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS8
SIGNATURES9

## PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. - Financial Statements

The unaudited Financial Statements of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. ("the Company") as at September 30, 2019 (with comparative audited Statements of Financial Position as at December methods of computation in the preparation of the interim financial statements. 31, 2018), and for the three months and nine months ended September 30, 2018 is in compliance with generally accepted accounting principles and there were no changes made in accounting policies and

Summary of statements of financial position as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018.

	Cantambar 20 2010	Dana 1 2010		
	September 30, 2019 December 31, 2018	December 31, 2018		
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	Increase	Increase (decrease)
			Amount	Amount Percentage
	(P'000)	(₹000)	(₱'000)	
Current assets	<b>P24,368</b>	P26,025	(P1,657)	(6.37%)
Noncurrent assets	2,579,612	2,606,583	(26,971)	(1.03%)
Total Assets	P2,603,980	₱2,632,608	(₱28,628)	(1.09%)
Current Liabilities	P1,673,579	₱1,672,960	<b>P</b> 619	0.04%
Equity	930,401	959,648	(29,247)	(3.05%)
Total Liabilities and Equity	P2,603,980	₱2,632,608 (₱28,628)	(F28,628)	(1.09%)

period ended September 30, 2019 and 2018: Summary of unaudited statements of comprehensive income for the three months and nine months

	For the three months ended	nths ended	For the nine months ended	ths ended
21 22	September 30,	r 30,	September 30,	30,
	2019 ( <b>P</b> *000)	2018 (P'000)	2019 ( <b>P</b> '000)	<b>2</b> 018
General and administrative expenses	(F1,074)	( <b>P</b> 1,118)	(F3,730)	(P4.124)
Share in nct income (loss) of an		000000000000000000000000000000000000000		
associate	25,932	2 307	05517)	4 301
Interest income	0	0	0	, ;
Income (loss)	P24,858	₱1,189	(F29,247)	₱178

September 30, 2019 and 2018: Summary of unaudited statements of cash flows for the three months and nine months period ended

	For three mo	nths ended	For three months ended For nine months ended	ths ended
	September 30, 2019 2 ( <b>F</b> '000) (F'	er 30, 2018 (₱°000)	September 30, 2019 ( <b>P</b> *000) ( <b>P</b>	er 30, 2018 (P'000)
provided by (used in)	(P384)	( <b>P</b> 420)	P155	(F216)
Cash provided by (used in) investing activities	ĵ.	Fig.	1	î
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	7	1	ĵ	1
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash at beginning of period	(384) 798	(420) 814	155 259	(216)
Cash at end of period	<b>P</b> 414	₱394	F414	#394
				2000

# Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

#### Results of Operation

# Nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared with nine months ended September 30, 2018

#### Revenue

The Company is not yet operating, hence, revenues generated mainly comes from interest on bank deposits. No significant movement in the Company's interest income.

## General and administrative expenses

Total general and administrative expenses for the period of P3.73 million is lower by P0.39 million or compared with same period last year. Significant movements are attributed to the following

#### a. Depreciation

mainly attributed to the fully-depreciated service vehicle of the Company, which was already fully amortized since February 2018. The same vehicle was sold on April 20, 2018 (see Note 6). The decline in depreciation by P0.08 million or 5.13% compared with same period last year,

#### b. Professional fees

listing fee this year, as compared with same period last year The decrease in professional fees by \$0.06 million or 10.73% is mainly due to lower annual

#### c. Outside services

production and printing of the Company's annual report last year. Outside services this period amounting to P0.32 million is lower by P0.17 million or 34.33% compared with same period last year. This is due to the payments made for the design, due to the payments made for the design,

## Share in net income (loss) of an associate

The Company's share in net loss of an associate amounted to P25.52 million this period. This is lower by P29.82 million, comparing with same period last year. MARC, an associate, is in net loss position as of September 30, 2019, as opposed to net income position same period in 2018.

#### September 30, 2018 months ended September 30, 2019 compared with three months ended

#### Kevenue

deposits. No significant movement in the Company's interest income The Company is not yet operating, hence, revenues generated mainly comes from interest on bank

## General and administrative expenses

Total general and administrative expenses for the period amounting to ₱1.07 million has declined slightly by ₱0.04 million or 3.96% comparing with the same period last year. No significant expenses has been incurred by the Company for the period.

## Share in net income of an associate

higher by \$23.64 million, comparing with same period last year. MARC's results of operations has improved during the three months of the year. The Company's share in net income of an associate amounted to P25.93 million this period. This is

## Statements of Financial Position

The significant changes in the statement of financial position accounts during the nine months ended September 30, 2019 compared with the December 31, 2018 level are as follows:

payments made pertaining to the Company's operating expenses. due to collection of P2.0 million of receivable from a related party and P0.87 million advances The Company cash balance has increased by \$0.15 million or 59.77%. The movement is mainly an affiliate for the Company's working capital requirements, which was offset by

#### ٠ Due from related parties

related party during the period The decrease in this account by P2.0 million is mainly due to collection of receivables from a

#### . Other current assets

of domestic services, totaling P0.16 million during the period The increase in other current assets is mainly attributable to additions in Input VAT from purchase

#### . Property and equipment

No additions and/or disposals were made in 2019. Decrease in property and equipment by P1.45 million is mainly due to depreciation for the period

#### . Investment in an associate

represents the share in net loss of an associate during the period The Company's investment in an associate has declined by P25.52 million, which movement

## Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

.

This account decreased by P0.25 million or 53.93%, due to payments made on the previous year's

۰

Due to a related party

was used by the Company for its working capital requirements. There is an increase of P0.87 million or 86.60% due to additional advances from an affiliate, which

#### Retained earnings

The decline in retained earnings by \$29.25 million, pertains to the net loss recognized for the

#### Statements of Cash Flows

Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2019 amounts to P0.15 million, while cash used in operating activities in same period last year was P0.22 million. Increase in cash for the current period is the net result of the following significant transactions:

- Payment of operating expenses during the period
- Advances made by an affiliate totaling P0.87 million.
- Collection of \$2.0 million from a related party.

## HORIZONTAL AND VERTICIAL ANALYSIS

	September 30, 2019 December 31, 2018	December 31, 2018	Increase (Decrease)	rease)
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	Amount F	Amount Percentage
ASSETS				
Current Assets				
Cash	₽413,553	₽258,845	₱154,708	59.77%
Due from related parties	14,455,581	16,455,581		(12.15%)
Other current assets	9,498,550	9,310,757	187,793	2.02%
Total Current Assets	24,367,684	26,025,183	(1,657,499) (6.37%)	(6.37%)
Noncurrent Assets				
Property and equipment	41,684,903	43,138,202	(1,453,299)	(3.37%)
Investment in an associate	2,537,927,153	2,563,444,406	(25,517,253)	(1.00%)
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,579,612,056	2,606,582,608	(26,970,552)	(1.03%)
	£2,603,979,740	₱2,632,607,791 (₱28,628,051) (1.09%)	(#28,628,051)	(1.09%)

### LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

(1.09%)	(F28,628,051)	P2,632,607,791 (P28,628,051)	¥2,603,979,740	
(3.05%)	959,648,162 (29,247,145)	959,648,162	930,401,017	Total Equity
(26.20%)	(29,247,145) (26.20%)	840,660,700 111,641,092 7,346,370	840,660,700 82,393,947 7,346,370	Equity Capital stock Retained earnings Other comprehensive income
0.04%	619,094	1,672,959,629	1,673,578,723	Total Current Liabilities
(53.93%) 86.60%	( <del>P</del> 246,937) 866,031	₱457,906 1,000,000 1,671,501,723	<b>P</b> 210,969 1,866,031 1,671,501,723	Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other current liabilities Due to a related party Note payable

### Key Performance Indicators

Net income (loss)	( <b>P</b> 29,247,145)	<b>P</b> 177,144
Quick assets	14,869,134	56,684,643
Current assets	24,367,684	65,316,067
Total Assets	2,603,979,740	2,754,101,053
Current liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Total liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Stockholders' Equity	930,401,017	1,043,889,464
Number of common shares outstanding	1,528,474,000	1,528,474,000
Liquidity ratios:		
Current ratio (1)	0.01:1	0.04:1
Quick ratio (2)	0.01:1	0.03:1
Solvency Ratios:		
Debt ratio (3)	0.64:1	0.62:1
Debt to Equity ratio (4)	1.80:1	1.64:1
Profitability ratios:		
Return on equity (5)	(0.03)	0.0002
Return on assets (6)	(0.01)	0.0001
Income (loss) per share (7)	(0.02)	0.0001

#### Other Information

Any known trends, demands, commitments, events or uncertainties that will have a material impact on the issuer's liquidity.

Nothing to disclose.

Ò, company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation. Any events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the

Nothing to disclose.

ç obligations), and other relationships of the company with unconsolidated entities or other All material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including contingent persons created during the reporting period.

Nothing to disclose.

5 Any material commitments for capital expenditures, the general purpose of such commitments and the expected sources of funds for such expenditures.

Nothing to disclose.

0 Any known trends, events or uncertainties that have had or that are reasonably expected to have operations. material favorable or unfavorable impact on net sales/revenues/income from continuing

Nothing to disclose

H operations. Any significant elements of income or loss that did not arise from the issuer's continuing

Nothing to disclose.

## PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

The Company may, at its option, report under this item any information not previously reported in a report on SEC Form 17-C. If disclosure of such information is made under this Part II, it need not be repeated in a report on Form 17-C which would otherwise be required to be filed with respect to such information or in a subsequent report on Form 17-Q.

# PART III - FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

	September 30, 2019	September 30, 2018
Liquidity Ratio		
Current Ratio	0.01	0.04
Current assets	24,367,684	65,316,067
Current liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Quick Ratio	10.0	0.03
Quick asset	14.869.134	56.684.643
Current liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Solvency Ratio		
Debt Ratio	0.64	0.62
Total liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Total assets	2,603,979,740	2,754,101,053
Debt-to-equity Ratio	1.80	1.64
Total liabilities	1,673,578,723	1,710,211,589
Total equity	930,401,017	1,043,889,464
Profitability Ratio		
Asset-to-equity Ratio	2.80	2.64
Total assets	2,603,979,740	2,754,101,053
Total equity	930,401,017	1,043,889,464
Return on Equity Ratio	(0.03)	0.0002
Net income (loss)	(29,247,145)	177,144
Average shareholder's equity	945,024,590	1,043,800,892
Return on Assets	(0.01)	0.0001
Net income (loss)	(29,247,145)	177,144
Average total assets	2,618,293,766	2.754.022.470

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Regulation Code, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.

04 November 2019

Date:

Issuer:

ROLAXÓO S. SANTOS VP – Finance/Treasurer

JACKY-LYN S. VIX ENZUELA Accountant

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

September 30, 2019 December 31, 2018

	Note	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	P413.553	#258 845
Due from related parties	12	14,455,581	16,455,581
Other current assets	s	9,498,550	9,310,757
Total Current Assets		24,367,684	26,025,183
Noncurrent Assets			
Property and equipment	6	41,684,903	43.138.202
Investment in an associate	7	2,537,927,153	2,563,444,406
Total Noncurrent Assets		2,579,612,056	2,606,582,608
		P2,603,979,740	<b>P</b> 2,632,607,791
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities			
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	8	₱210,969	₱457,906
Due to a related party	12	1,866,031	1,000,000
Total Current Liabilities		1,673,578,723	1,672,959,629
Equity			
Capital stock		840,660,700	840,660,700
Kelained earnings		82,393,947	111,641,092
Total Cardin		1,346,370	7,346,370
researcherity		930,401,017	959,648,162
		P2,603,979,740	P2.632.607.791

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Three Months Ended September 30,	ths Ended ber 30,	Nine Months Ended September 30,	is Ended per 30,
	Note	2019	2018	2019	2018
GENERAL & ADMINISTRATIVE					
EXPENSES SHARE IN NET INCOME (LOSS)	11	(F1,073,919)	(₱1,118,234)	(13,730,334)	(P4,124,488)
OF AN ASSOCIATE	7	25,931,749	2,306,779	(25,517,253)	4,300,755
INTEREST INCOME	4	252	313	442	877
INCOME (LOSS)		<b>P24,858,082 P1,188,858</b>		( <b>P</b> 29,247,145)	₱177,144
LOSS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	13	₱0.02	<b>P</b> 0.001	( <b>P</b> 0.02)	<b>₽</b> 0.0001

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Note	September 30, 2019 September 30, 2018	September 30, 2018
CAPITAL STOCK - \pm 0.55 par value Authorized - 2,000,000,000 shares Issued, subscribed and outstanding -	10		
1,528,474,000 shares		₱840,660,700	<b>P</b> 840,660,700
RETAINED EARNINGS			
Balance at beginning of period  Net income (loss)		111,641,092	196,278,091
Balance at end of period		82,393,947	196.455.235
Share in other comprehensive income of an			
associate:		7,346,370	6,773,529
TOTAL EQUITY		<b>P</b> 930,401,017	P1,043,889,464

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		The second secon	
	Note	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
ACTIVITIES			
Income (loss) before tax		(P29.247.145)	₱177 144
Adjustments for:			
Share in net loss (income) of an associate	7	25.517.253	(4 300 755)
Depreciation	6	1.453.299	1 531 846
Interest income	4	(442)	(877)
Operating loss before working capital changes		(2.277,035)	(2 502 642)
Decrease (increase) in:			Catholic Control Control
Due from related parties		2,000,000	2.418.000
Other current assets		(187.793)	(22 150)
Increase (decrease) in:			7
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		(246,937)	(19,978)
part to a returned banks		000,031	
Net cash provided by (used in) operations		154,266	(216,770)
Interest received		442	877
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		154,708	(215,893)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		258,845	610,059
CASH AT END OF PERIOD		P413,553	P394,166

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) UNAUDITED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		The extended raided September 30,	eptemper 30,
	Note	2019	2018
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING			
ACTIVITIES			
Income before tax		P24.858.082	858 881 14
Adjustments for:		, , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- electronic
Share in net income of an associate	7	(25.931.749)	(2 306 779)
Depreciation	6	484,136	481.566
Interest income	4	(252)	(313)
Operating loss before working capital changes Decrease (increase) in:	0.76	(589,783)	(636,668)
Due from related parties		500,000	373,000
Other current assets Increase (decrease) in:		(137,120)	(156,999)
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	35	(157,379)	214
Net cash provided (used in) by operations		(384,282)	(420,453)
Interest received		252	313
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(384,030)	(420,140)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD		797,583	814,306
CASH AT END OF PERIOD		P413,553	₱394,166

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS,

4

(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Corporate Information

and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 4, 1981 as Exchange, Inc. (PSE). a credit card corporation. General Information
Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. (the Company), formerly Bankard, Inc. was incorporated On March 21, 1995, the Company listed its shares with The Philippine Stock

approved the sale of its 89.98% collective stake in the Company to RYM Business Management Corp. Company. (the Parent Company) and other investors. On October 18, 2013, the Board of Directors (BOD) of Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) The Parent Company acquired 76.56% interest in the

Resources & Investments, Inc. and primary business purpose to a holding company. In November 2013, the BOD approved the amendment to change the corporate name to Bright Kindle

The Company's principal office address is at 16th Floor Citibank Tower, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati

# Investment in Marcventures Holdings, Inc. (MARC)

On December 15, 2014, the Company acquired 600,000,000 shares of MARC representing 33% equity interest for P2,604.0 million from the Philippine Business Bank - Trust and Investment Center (PBB) (see note 7).

or a total of ₱75 million to a major stockholder resulting to a reduction of the Company's equity interest Company's equity interest in MARC to 20%. surviving entity. MARC issued 1,125,000,000 shares to BHI and APMPC resulting to a reduction of the On December 29, 2017, the SEC approved the application of the merger of MARC, Brightgreen Resources Holdings Inc. (BHI) and Asia Pilot Mining Phils. Corp. (APMPC), with MARC as the in MARC to 19.90%, In 2018, MARC issued 45,731,706 shares at P1.64 shares

material adverse effect on the MMDC's operations. On February 13, 2017, Marcventures Mining and Development Corporation (MMDC), a subsidiary of MARC, received an order dated February 8, 2017 from the Department of Environment and Natural counsel believe that the order has no basis and the outcome of legal actions taken will not have a Resources cancelling its Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA). The management and its legal

continued its mining operations in the areas covered by the MPSA. has no basis and the outcome of legal actions taken will be in favor of the Company. MMDC has prevent the implementation of the order. MMDC's management will take all the necessary legal actions and exhaust all remedies available to The management and its legal counsel believe that the order

On February 22, 2017, MMDC has filed a Notice of Appeal to Office of the President

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Preparation

SEC, including SEC pronouncements. Standards (PFRS). This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) and Philippine interpretations of issuances by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee, issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting Philippine Interpretations of issuances by the International Financial

#### Measurement Bases

presentation currency. All values represent absolute amounts except otherwise stated The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is also the Company's functional and

consideration received in exchange for incurring a liability. based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and fair value of the The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost basis. Historical cost is generally

value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair transaction between market participants at the transaction date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly The Company uses valuation techniques

used in the valuation techniques as follows: or a liability. The Company uses market observable data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an asset Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on inputs

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on determines whether transfers have оссиптед between levels in the 200 recurring basis, the hierarchy

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair value is included in Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies Note 15,

periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018: adoption of the following new and amended PFRS which the Company adopted effective for annual Adoption of New and Amended PFRS

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for the

accounting, recognition, and derecognition. for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, impairment, hedge PFRS 9, Financial Instruments - This standard replaces PAS 39, Recognition and Measurement (and all the previous versions of PFRS 9). It provides requirements Financial Instruments:

flow characteristics. classification by reference to the business model within which these are held and its contractual cash PFRS 9 requires all recognized financial assets to be subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value (through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income), depending on their

through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is recognized in option is taken: the amount of change in fair value of a financial liability designated as at fair value For financial liabilities, the most significant effect of PFRS 9 relates to cases where the fair value comprehensive income (rather than in profit or loss), unless this creates an accounting

credit loss should no longer wait for there to be an objective evidence of impairment. based on the concept of providing for expected losses at inception of a contract; recognition of a For the impairment of financial assets, PFRS 9 introduces an "expected credit loss" (ECL) model

better reflect how risk management activities are undertaken when hedging financial and non-For hedge accounting, PFRS 9 introduces a substantial overhaul allowing financial statements to financial risk exposures.

The derecognition provisions are carried over almost unchanged from PAS 39

of its financial assets and liabilities as at January 1, 2018, the Company has concluded that all of its financial assets and liabilities shall continue to be measured on the same basis as under PAS 39 but shall be classified under PFRS 9. The Company has adopted PFRS 9 retrospectively. Based on the Company's analysis of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics

adoption of PFRS parties. Accordingly, there were no changes in the carrying amount of the financial assets upon amortized cost under PFRS 9. These financial assets include cash in banks and due from related Financial assets classified as loans and receivables under PAS 39 are classified as financial assets at

The Company assessed that the adoption of PFRS 9, specifically on determining impairment loss using general approach, has no impact on the carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets carried at amortized cost.

adoption of PFRS 9. There is no material impact on the basic and diluted earnings per share as a result of the Company's

. contracts with customers), enhanced disclosures, and new or improved guidance (e.g. the point at industries and capital markets, with a core principle (based on a five-step model to be applied to all comprehensive framework for revenue recognition to apply consistently across transactions, Construction Contracts, PAS 18, Revenue and related Revenue from Contract with Customers interpretations. The new standard replaced PAS 11, = establishes a single

which revenue is recognized, accounting for variable considerations, costs of fulfilling and obtaining

financial statements of the Company. income from an associate. The Company's revenue mainly arises from interest income from cash in banks and share in net Accordingly, the adoption of PFRS 15 has no significant impact on the

Amendments to PFRS 15, Revenue from Contract with Customers - Clarification to PFRS 15 - The amendments provide clarifications on the following topics: (a) identifying performance obligations; (b) principal versus agent considerations; and (c) licensing. The amendments also provide some transition relief for modified contracts and completed contracts.

.

. joint venture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition. in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital organization, mutual fund, unit trust or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment in an associate or 2016 Cycle and clarify that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an investment Joint Venture at Fair Value – The amendments are part of the Annual Improvements to PFRS 2014-Amendments to PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Measuring an Associate or

statements. Additional disclosures have been included in the notes to financial statements, as applicable. The adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS did not have any material effect on the financial

have not been applied in preparing the financial statements are summarized below. New and Amended PFRS Issued But Not Yet Effective
Relevant new and amended PFRS which are not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2018 and

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019.

- Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation modification or exchange does not result in its derecognition (as opposed to adjusting the effective PFRS 9, Financial Instruments for adjusting the amortized cost of a financial liability when a fair value through profit or loss) if a specified condition is met. It also clarifies the requirements in compensation at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income (instead of at interest rate). The amendments allow entities to measure particular prepayable financial assets with negative
- joint venture that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment but to which the equity Amendments to PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Long-term Interests in method is not applied, are accounted for using PFRS 9, Financial Instruments. Associates and Joint Ventures -The amendments clarify that long-term interests in an associate or

to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company. Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS is not expected

## Financial Assets and Liabilities

applicable, is done using settlement date accounting. the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and derecognition, as of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial instrument. In Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the statements

loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost. initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value through profit and is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value, which The

of recognizing the "Day 1" difference. the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company determines the appropriate method whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the difference "Day I" Difference. Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation technique value and recognizes "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs become observable or when is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as the best estimate of fair between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day I" difference) in profit or loss. In cases where there

amortized cost and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a characteristics. financial instrument largely depends on the Company's business model and its contractual cash flow initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at amortized cost and (c) financial assets at FVOCL. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified Classification and Subsequent Measurement Policies. The Company classifies its financial assets at

liabilities at FVPL, and financial assets at FVOCL at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company does not have financial assets and

following conditions are met: Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of the

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period. Otherwise, effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included under taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of the using the effective interest method, less allowance for ECL, if any. Amortized cost is calculated by these are classified as noncurrent assets. After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost

parties are classified under this category. As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company's cash in banks and due from related

than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of its own obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the obligation other Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having an equity instruments.

premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or costs. After initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the amortization process

party and note payable are classified under this category As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company's accrued expenses, due to a related

#### Reclassification

first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date). managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of the The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for

financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss. at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets

financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI. at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of the For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial assets

any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed. If the financial asset is subsequently impaired,

# Impairment Policy on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to The Company records an allowance for ECL. ECL is based on the difference between the contractual

recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the in credit risk since initial recognition, possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase For financial instruments assets at amortized cost, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL, which pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that are determining whether the credit risk of a the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. financial asset has increased significantly since initial

# Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

similar financial assets) is derecognized when: Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired;
- the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either (a) has (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset substantially 211 the TISKS and rewards of

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred financial asset is asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the financial asset. rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial asset, the financial into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered

consideration that the Company could be required to repay measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of

in the statements of comprehensive income. the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is

including net fees paid or received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is different by at least 10% from the discounted present value of remaining cash flows of the original liability. A modification is considered substantial if the present value of the cash flows under the new terms,

value of the new liability is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. discounted using the interest rate at which the Company could raise debt with similar terms and The fair value of the modified financial liability is determined based on its expected cash flows, conditions in the market. The difference between the carrying value of the original liability and fair

paid or received in the restructuring. extinguished but merely modified. In such case, the carrying amount is adjusted by the costs or fees On the other hand, if the difference does not meet the 10% threshold, the original debt is not

## Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of

# Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- potentially unfavorable to the Company; or Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are
- . Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed number of own equity shares.

to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset

#### Other Current Assets

creditable withholding tax (CWT) and prepayments. Other current assets include input value-added tax (VAT), current portion of deferred input VAT,

recoverable from the tax authority is included as part of "Other current assets" account in the statements VAT. Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized not of the amount of VAT, except for receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included. The net amount of input VAT of financial position.

purchases or imports of the Company of capital goods (depreciable assets for income tax purposes) with Deferred input VAT. In accordance with the Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 16-2005, input VAT on

an aggregate acquisition cost (contract). The property of the estimated useful lives of P1.0 million are claimed as credit against output VAT over 60 months or the estimated useful lives of aggregate acquisition cost (exclusive of VAT) in each of the

date are classified as current assets. Otherwise these are classified as noncurrent assets Deferred input VAT represents the unamortized amount of input VAT on capital goods. Deferred input VAT that are expected to be claimed against output VAT for no more than 12 months after the reporting

creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation. utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of CWT are amounts withheld from income subject to expanded withholding taxes. CWT can be

loss when incurred. Prepayments that are expected to be realized for no more than twelve months after utilized. Prepayments are apportioned over the period covered by the payment and charged to profit or the reporting date are Prepayments. Prepayments represent expenses paid in advance and recorded as assets before these are classified as other current assets. Otherwise, these are classified as other

### Investment in an Associate

Investment in an associate is recognized initially at cost and subsequently accounted for using the equity

recognized in equity. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is financial and operating policies of such entity. The Company's share of its associate's post-acquisition value of the investment. An associate is an entity in which the Company has significant influence but not control, over the

impairment of the asset transferred between the Company and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's interest in the incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. including any other unsecured receivables, the Company does not recognize further losses, unless it has When the Company's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an Unrealized gains on transactions

The Company determines at the end of each reporting year whether there is any evidence that the investment is impaired. If this is the case, the amount of impairment is calculated as the difference between the carrying value of the investment and recoverable amount.

#### Property and Equipment

constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labor, nay other costs directly attributable to of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any directly attributable the items and restoring the site on which they are located. bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of dismantling and removing The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import duties, non-Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value

costs of property and equipment. The cost of replacing a component of an item of property and equipment is recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures are capitalized as additional future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of property and equipment situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted in an increase in the maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to operations in the year the costs are incurred. In Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs,

replaced component is derecognized component will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. The carrying value of the

separate items (major components) of property and equipment. When parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as

property and equipment: Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the

	Number of Years
Condominium unit	31
Office furniture and fixtures	ι, V
Service vehicle	ω

periods and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property and equipment. The estimated useful lives and method for depreciation are reviewed periodically to ensure that the

any impairment in value are removed from the accounts. Any resulting gain or loss is credited to or charged against current operations. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated depreciation and

## Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

the asset belongs. Impairment losses are recognized in the statements of comprehensive income independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the eash-generating unit to which time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that does not generate largely discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of down to its recoverable amount. The estimated recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash-generating unit is written that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the Nonfinancial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are

impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying value of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying value that would have been recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the carrying value, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over remaining useful life. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. bccn a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously

#### Equity

attributable to the issuance of new shares are treated as deduction from equity, net of tax. Capital stock Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Incremental costs directly

Retained earnings. Retained earnings represent the cumulative balance of net income or loss net of any dividend declaration.

recognized in profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS. OCI of the Company pertains to share in OCI of an associate Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). OCI comprises of items of income and expense that are not

#### Revenue Recognition

for performance completed to date. Otherwise, revenue is recognized at a point in time an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or (c) the Company's performance does not create has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits as the Company perform its obligations; (b) the Company's performance creates or enhances an asset that the Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the contract

agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as an

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized

effective yield on the asset. Interest Income. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the

#### Expenses Recognition

decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability that can be measured reliably. Expenses are recognized in profit or loss when there is a decrease in future economic benefit related to a

administering the business. These are expensed as incurred. General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses constitute COSt of,

#### Income Taxes

been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. from or paid to the taxation authorities. Current Tax Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered The tax rate used to compute the amount is the one that has

tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between the

combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business benefits of unused MCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, is not recognized taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and carry-forward (RCII) and any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward benefits of any unused tax credits from the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCIT) over the regular corporate income tax Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are

and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered The carrying value of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent

substantively enacted at the reporting date Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or

or items directly recognized in equity as other comprehensive income Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination,

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same

## Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by

shared purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares with retroactive adjustments for any stock dividends declared and stock split and excluding common common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year. carnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) for the year attributable to

shares outstanding to assume conversion of all potential dilutive common shares Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of common

basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are stated at the same amount Where the earnings (loss) per share effect of potential dilutive common shares would be anti-dilutive

#### Operating Segment

may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the transactions with any of the Company's other components. An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from which it

The Company has no operating segment other than being a holding company

## Related Party Relationship and Transactions

relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely to the legal form. management personnel, directors common control with the reporting entity, or between, and/or among the reporting entity and its key operating decisions. one or more intermediaries, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and Related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly, or indirectly through Such relationships also exist between and/or among entities which are under or its stockholders. In considering each possible related party

related parties, regardless whether a price is charged Related party transactions are transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Company and its

#### Provisions

to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result

#### Contingencies

inflow of economic benefits is probable. remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed when an financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes to

## Events after the Reporting Period

that are non-adjusting are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when material end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post year-end events Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at the

## w Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant differences in the Actual results could differ from such estimates. actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect the estimated amounts. to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the The preparation of the Company's financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires management The judgment, estimates and assumptions used in the financial statements are based upon amounts reported in the financial

The following are the significant judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions made by the

Classifying Investment Property and Owner-occupied Property. The Company considers a property as an investment property when the property generates cash flows which are largely independent of other pertains not only to the property but also to other assets used for operations or administrative purposes assets held by the Company and a property as owner-occupied property when cash flows generated by it

administrative purpose. If these portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in operation or for administrative A property may comprise of portions held for capital appreciation and portions used in operation or

The Company classified its condominium unit under property and equipment

entity from having significant influence. the entity will be presumed not to have significant influence unless such influence can be clearly influence unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. If the holding is less than 20%, (directly or through subsidiaries) on an investee, it will be presumed that the investor has significant Determining Significant Influence over MARC. When an entity holds 20% or more of the voting power A substantial or majority ownership by another investor does not necessarily preclude an

The existence of significant influence by an entity is usually evidenced in one or more of the following

- representation on the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the investor
- participation in the policy-making process, including participation in decisions about dividends or other distributions;
- material transactions between the entity and the investee; interchange of managerial personnel; or
- provision of essential technical information

the above indicators in the Company's dealings with MARC. less than 20% ownership interest would not affect its significant influence by virtue of the existence of The Company has determined that the decrease in ownership interest in MARC in 2018 resulting to a

will result to derecognition of original liability and the recognition of a new liability paid or received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is different by at least 10% from the discounted present value of remaining cash flows of the original liability. Such modification be substantially modified if the present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including net fees Assessing Modification on the Terms of the Note Payable. The Company considers its note payable to

or received in the restructuring. extinguished but merely modified. In such case, the carrying value is adjusted by the costs or fees paid On the other hand, if the difference does not meet the 10% threshold, the original debt is

The Company assessed that there is no substantial modification on the terms of the note payable

Determining Operating Segments. The Company determines and presents operating segments based on the information that is internally provided to the BOD. As at June 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, the Company has determined that it has no operating segment other than being a holding company.

allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash shortfalls over the expected life of financial assets at amortized cost. ECL are provided for credit losses that result credit risk since initial recognition in which case ECL are provided based on lifetime ECL from possible default events within the next 12-months unless there has been a significant increase in Assessment of Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company determines

for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the following factors: reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is relevant determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Company considers

- actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade;
- existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

standing and relatively low risk of defaults. Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognized in 2019 assets were entered into by the Company only with reputable banks and counterparties with good credit financial assets at amortized cost is not material because the transactions with respect to these financial the loss allowance is determined as 12 months ECL. The Company has assessed that the ECL for other The Company's financial assets at amortized cost are considered to have low credit risk, and therefore

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets at amortized cost are as follows

	Note	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	December 31, 2018 (Audited)
		(manufacture)	(vination)
Cash in banks	4	₹408,553	₱253.845
Due from related parties	12	14,455,581	

deciding when to perform impairment review include the following, among others: amount of investment in an associate may not be recoverable. Factors that the Company considered in investment in an associate whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying Assessment of Impairment of Investment in an Associate. The Company assesses the impairment of

- significant decline in business and operating performance in relation to expectations; and
- significant changes in the business operations and strategies of the Company and its associate

and December 31, 2018, respectively (see Note 7). of investment in associates amounted to ₱2,537.9 million and ₱2,563.4 million as at September 30, 2019 (see Note 1). Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognized in 2019 and 2018. The carrying amount assessment. Based on management assessment, there are no indicators for impairment that will warrant impairment MPSA The management and its legal counsel believe that the order for the cancellation of Will not have 23 material adverse effect 00 MMDC's

Assessing Impairment of Other Nonfinancial Assets. trigger an impairment review include the following: these assets may not be recoverable. nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of The factors that the Company considers important which could The Company assesses impairment on other

significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating results:

- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business;
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

4

generated from the continued use and ultimate disposition of such assets. amounts are estimated for individual assets or, if it is not possible, for the cash-generating unit to which recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is computed using the value-in-use approach. Recoverable the asset belongs. The Company recognizes an impairment loss whenever the carrying value of an asset exceeds Determining such amount requires the estimation of cash flows expected to be

No impairment loss was recognized in 2019 and 2018.

The carrying amount of the Company's other nonfinancial assets are as follows:

₱9,310,757	₱9,498,550	y 0,	Other current assets Property and equipment
(Audited)	(Unaudited)	Note	
December 31, 2018	September 30, 2019	,	

that include asset utilization, changes and anticipated use of the assets property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. Estimating the Useful Lives of Property and Equipment. Company annually reviews the estimated useful lives of property and equipment based on factors internal technical evaluation, The Company estimates the useful lives of technological changes, environmental

2018. Carrying value of property and equipment amounted to \$41.7 \$\text{P43.1 million as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively (see Note 6). There is no change in the estimated useful life of the Company's property and equipment in 2019 and ₱41.7 million

taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. reporting date and reduces the carrying value to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient Assessing Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each

which deferred tax assets can be utilized. Deferred tax assets were not recognized on NOLCO and excess of MCIT over RCIT as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 because the management believes that there will be no sufficient taxable profits against

December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively. The Company's unrecognized deferred tax assets amounted to P5.6 million and P7.8 million as at

### 4. Cash

This account consists of

P258,845	P413,553	
₱5,000 253,845	P5,000 408,553	Cash in banks
December 31, 2018 (Audited)	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	

Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates. Interest income earned amounted to P442 and P877 in 2019 and 2018, respectively.

## Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

P9,310,757	19,498,550	
19,136	21,136	Others
74,523	100,685	Prepayments
474,999		Current portion of deferred input VA1
600,685		CW1
F8,141,414	P8,776,044	Input VAT
(Audited)	(Unaudited)	
December 31, 2018	September 30, 2019	

## 6. Property and Equipment

Balances and movements in this account are as follows:

Ĩ	September	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	
Note	Condominium Unit	Office Furniture	1
Cost	V 2000	HIM LIVINIA	TOTAL
Balance at beginning of period Additions	<b>P</b> 47,788,569	¥1,795,919	P49,584,488
Balance at end of period	47,788,569	1,795,919	49.584.488
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at beginning of period Depreciation	5,772,153	674,133	6,446,286
Balance at end of period	6,956,509	943.076	7,453,299
Carrying Amount	P40,832,060	F852,843	T41,684,903

		December 31, 2018 (Audited)	018 (Audited)	
Note	Condominium Unit	Office Furniture and Fixtures	ice Furniture and Fixtures Service Vehicle	Total
Cost Balance at beginning of year Additions Disposals	¥47,788,569	₱1,735,619 60,300	#1,568,650	₽51,092,838 60,300
Balance at end of year	47,788,569	1.795.919	(-)000,000)	40 584 488
Accumulated Depreciation Balance at beginning of year Depreciation 11 Disposals	4,193,012 1,579,141	324,999 349,134	1,481,503 87,147	5,999,514 2,015,422
Balance at end of year	5,772,153	674,133	(0.00,000)	6 446 786
Carrying Amount	P42,016,416	₱1,121,786	70	₱43.138.202

On April 20, 2018, a fully-depreciated service vehicle was sold; subsequently, no gain or loss on the disposal of the asset was recognized.

## Investment in an Associate

Movements in this account are as follows:

トトしてして 一日 一日	か ねまして これへ けっきんじし	
P2.537.927.153 92.563.444.406	P2 537 927 153	Carrying amount
(10000000000	(11.06=1.06=1)	
(40 555 504)	(66,072,847)	Balance at end of period
5/2,841	I	ATTOMICS AND
		Other comprehensive income
(77.372.617)	(25,517,253)	Net loss
		Share in:
36,244,182	(40,555,594)	Balance at beginning of period
		Accumulated share in equity:
₱2,604,000,000	P2,604,000,000	Acquisition cost
(Audited)	(Unaudited)	
December 31, 2010	pepermon on, sono December of, 2010	
DODGE AND ALL	Schiember (1) 71110	

The Company has 600,000,000 shares of MARC representing 19.90% equity interest as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 (see Note 1). MARC's principal place of business is at Unit E, One Luna Place, E. Luna St., Butuan City, Agusan del Norte.

Summarized financial information of MARC follows:

		CHICL CONTRICTOR INCOME
200,007,117	THE PARTY OF THE PARTY OF	Other commended in the
111 708 885	128 227 402	THE TOSS
からいからいからい かか	COMPLETE	VI. 1000
120 550 780	737 148 665	Kevenue
798,616,529	810,939,928	Toma nonematical nantuitos
3000		Total noncorrent liabilities
1.140.620.272	1,743,568,583	Total canetit Hapmites
かっかい ひったい 一またまよ	The state of the state of	Total margaret linkilities
5 278 237 211	5.261.282.770	Total honcurrent assets
4001,140,700	OTTOOTOOT	Total non-miles and a second
BAST 1/5 7/2	#1 050 130 A16	Lotal current assets
(Audited)	(Unaudited)	

# 8. Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	Statutory payables	5
F210,969	P207,681 3,288	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)
P457,906	₱455,220 2,686	December 31, 2018 (Audited)

Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of outside services, professional fees, and electricity, among others, which are expected to be settled in the next reporting period.

Statutory payables pertain to withholding taxes that are to be remitted to the government within the next reporting period.

### 9. Note Payable

25

Movements in this account are as follows:

0 0	1	Datatice at city the life life
F. C	14 /14 100	Relance at and of trained
(117'024'05)		(
(28 /08 277)		Assignment of receivables (see Note 12)
y - a vy o vojevo		
₱1 710 000 000	P1.671.501.723	Balance at beginning of period
1		
(Audited)	(Unaudited)	
	77	
December 31, 2018	September 30, 2019	
1	500000000000000000000000000000000000000	

is until December 31, 2019. The noninterest-bearing note was assigned by PBB to Trans Middle East Philippines Equities, Inc. (TMEE). This liability represents the unpaid portion of the purchase price of the investment in an associate. The note's original maturity date was December 31, 2015 but was extended. Latest extension

### 10. Equity

are listed in the PSE. On March 21, 1995, the SEC approved the listing of the Company's 118,000,000 million shares at an offer price of \$1.0 per share. As at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, 1,528,474,000 shares

September 30, 2019: The following summarizes the information on the Company's issued and subscribed shares as at

100.00%	1,528,474,000	OTAL
76.56% 6.21% 17.23%	1,170,159,989 94,929,000 263,385,011	Non-public shareholdings:  Related partics  Affiliates, directors and officers  bublic shareholdings
Percentage of shares	Number of shares issued and subscribed	

III모드 의 기

December 31, 2018, respectively. The total number of shareholders of the Company is 630 and 631 as at September 30, 2019 and

Company's shares are as follows: The principal market for the Company's capital stock is the PSE. The high and low trading prices of the

Quarter January to September 2019 First	High <b>7</b> 1.68	Low <b>P</b> 1.31
Second Third	1.38	1.14
January to December 2018	Acres	1.1
First	80 Cd	9 6
Second	1 83	1.00
Third	222	1.46
Fourth	1.86	1 7%

# 11. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

P4,124,488	P3,730,334		
242,024	168,419		Official
73,507	39,426		Taxes and menses
10,000	20,000		Town and linearing
193,788	198,933		Communication, right and water
480,758	315,721		2.5
540,829	482,800		TIOTESSIONAL DES
1,051,736	1,051,736		Professional frame
P1,531,846	¥1,453,299	6	Membership description
September 30, 2018 (Unaudited)	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	Note	

## Related Party Transactions

The Company has the following transactions with its Parent Company and other related parties:

Nature of Transactions 2019 (Unaudited) 2018 (Applied)   September 30, 2019			Amou	Amount of Transactions		Outstanding Balances
Advances for working capital P- P- P8,000,000 P  Morking capital (2,000,000) 3,455,581 P14,455,581 P1  S, Inc. Advances for working capital P866,031 P1,000,000 P1,866,031 P		Nature of Transactions	2019 (Unaudited)	2018 (Anditrol)	September 30, 2019	December 31, 2018
working capital #- P- P8,000,000  Advances for working capital (2,000,000) 3,455,581 P14,455,581 P  S, Inc. Advances for working capital P866,031 P1,000,000 P1,866,031	Due from Related Parties  Parent Company -  RYM				(OHABILITE))	(Alternation
Advances for (2,000,000) 3,455,581 6,455,581 9  S, Inc. Advances for P866,031 \$1,000,000 \$1,866,031	Under common control:	Advances for working capital	7	7	¥8,000,000	PS,000,000
\$5, Inc. Advances for \$866,031 \$1,000,000 \$1,866,031	MMDC	Advances for working capital	(2,000,000)	3,455.581	6 455 581	0 455
© Advances for working capital #866,031 #1,000,000 #1,866,031					P14,455,581	*16.455.581
	Due to a Related Party Affiliate - Prime Media Holdings, Inc.	Advances for working capital	<b>P</b> 866,031	000,000,1∉	110,098.14	#1 000 000

cash. Due from related parties are noninterest-bearing, collectible on demand, not impaired and to be settled in cash. Due to a related party is noninterest-bearing, unsecured, payable on demand and to be settled in

The Company assigned the receivable from the Parent Company to TMEE to offset with the note payable amounting to ₱38.5 million and ₱50.0 million in 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 9).

Compensation of Key Management Personnel

Compensation of key management personnel on short term employee benefits amounted to nil,

P0.05 million, P0.1 million in 2019, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

# Basic and Diluted Loss Per Share

10

Basic and diluted loss per share is computed as follow:

(P0.055)	(P0.02)	Loss per share - basic and diluted
1,528,474,000	1,528,474,000	outstanding
(P84,636,999)	(P29,247,145)	Weighted average number of common shares
(Audited)	(Unaudited)	77
December 31, 2018	September 30, 2019	

subsequent to the reporting dates. There has been no transaction involving common shares or potential common shares that occurred

### 14. Contingencies

"Buyer") contains an indemnity clause from the Sellers in case the Corporation or the Buyer Group is referred herein as the "Sellers") and PBB Business Bank Inc.- Trust and Investment Center (the October 2013 between Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation, RCBC Capital Corporation (collectively may cover the liability to the extent of US\$3.1 million; and (b) the Share Purchase Agreement dated 18 the Amended Judgment rendered by Judge Rafael. In case of judgment against the Company, this bond the case will not give rise to or result in any liability or damage on the part of the Corporation since trade standards in complying with the TMA. The Company's management and its counsel believe that that they were not paid the charge cards availments that the Company processed under a Tripartite adjudged liable. (a) RCBC posted a bond in the amount of US\$3.1 million, by way of security to stay the enforcement of merchant were wired to the latter's designated agent. The Company did not breach any regulatory or Merchants Agreements (TMA). Based on Company's records, however, Superior Court by a foreign merchant and its Philippine affiliate in 2012. The plaintiffs have alleged Legal Claims and Assignment of Litigation Cases

The Company is a co-defendant in a collection case for US\$1.5 million filed in the Los Angeles payments due to the foreign

# 15. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

coordinating and continuously improving risk strategies, processes and measures in accordance with the strategic planning and business planning. Management has identified each risk and is responsible for management takes place in the context of day-to-day operations and normal business processes such as way that opportunities to deliver the Company's objectives are achieved. Company's established business objectives. Company from achieving its objectives. These policies are intended to manage risks identified in such a The Company has risk management policies that systematically view the risks that could prevent the The Company's risk

# Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

accrued expenses, due to a related party and note payable. The primary purpose of these financial instruments is to finance the Company's operations. The main risks arising from the use of these financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. for managing each of these risks which are summarized below Company's principal financial instruments consist of cash in banks, due from related parties, Management reviews and approves the policies

Ť .

and duc from related parties. defaults on its obligation. Credit Risk
Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a counterparty The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from cash in banks

carrying amount of those assets as at the reporting date. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk on the financial assets as at amortized cost is the

## Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

obligations in the near term Company only transacts with related parties with strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow and pre-approved financial institutions. For due from related parties, credit risk is low since the The Company limits its credit risk from balances with banks by depositing its cash with highly reputable

considered to have low credit risk, impairment loss is limited to 12-month ECL As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Company considers credit risk in measuring ECL of financial assets at amortized cost. Since the financial assets at amortized cost of the Company are

The table below presents an analysis of the credit quality of the Company's financial assets at amortized

₱16,709,426	£14,864,134	
₱253,845 16,455,581	P408,553 related parties 14,455,581	Due from relate
December 31, 2018 (Audited)	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	

### Liquidity risk

when they fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at amortized cost as at September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018 based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

		September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)	9 (Unaudited)	
	Less than One Month	One Month to	More than	7
Accrued expenses	₽207,681	יידי 	Je :	P207,681
Mote results	ı	1,866,031	ī	1,866,031
INDIC PAYABLE		1,671,501,723	1	1.671.501.723
	P207,681	P207,681 ¥1,673,367,754	70	¥1.673.575.435
		December 31, 2018 (Audited)	18 (Audited)	
	Less than One	One Month to	More than	
Accessed and	Month	One Year	One Year	Total
Due to a related	₹455,220	۳	HE OF	P455.220
Note to a related party	6)	1,000,000	1	1,000,000
Note payable		1,671,501,723	1	1 671 501 723
	£455,220	£455,220 £1,672,501,723	Ŧ	P1.672.956.943
				さ まると 日本の あるから こく

Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities
Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying values and fair values of the Company's financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements:

	September 30,	September 30, 2019 (Unaudited)		December 31, 2018 (Audited)
	Carrying Value	h	0	Fair Value
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost			0	THE PERSON
Cash  Due from related parties	₽413,553 14.455.581	P413,553	₱258,845	₱258,845
	¥14,869,134	¥14,869,134	₱16,714,426	₱16,714,426
Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost Accrued expenses Due to a related party Note payable	₽207,681 1,866,031 1,671,501,723	₽207,681 1,866,031 1,671,501,723	₱455,220 1,000,000 1,671,501,723	₽455,220 1,000,000 1,671,501,723
	¥1,673,575,435	£1,673,575,435 £1,673,575,435 £1,672,956,943 £1,672,956,943	P1,672,956,943	₱1,672,956,943

accrued expenses, due to a related party and note payable approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of the transactions. The fair value measurement of current financial assets and liabilities is classified as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs). Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash, due from related parties,

## 16. Capital Management Objectives, Policies and Procedures

The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company considers its total equity amounting to \$\mathbb{P}930.4 \text{ million and }\mathbb{P}959.6 \text{ million September 30, 2019 and December 31, 2018, respectively, as its capital.} as 22

There has been no change in the objectives, policies and processes in 2019 and 2018



## STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial attached therein for the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, in accordance with the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules The Management of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. is responsible for

Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the

The Board of Directors is responsible in overseeing the Company's financial reporting

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders or members.

stockholders or members, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon company in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the years ended December 31, 2018 and 2017, has audited the financial statements of the completion of such audit. Reyes Tacandong & Co., the independent auditor appointed by the stockholders for the

CESAR C. ZALAMEA

Chairman of the Board

President ISIDRO C. ALCANTARA, JR. Whi C.

ROLANDO S. SANTOS

Treasurer

APR 12 2019

Signed this day or



Bright Kindle Resources & investments, Inc.

APR 29 2019

day of

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this exhibiting to their evidence of identity, as follows:

affiant(s)

NAMES

Cesar C. Zalamea Isidro C. Alcantara, Jr. Rolando S. Santos

Identity (TIN) 137-712-551 Evidence of Competent

DATE OF ISSUE

PLACE OF ISSUE

123-371-185 127-551-054

Afty: Michael S. Macabeta
Netarce HBRot the City of Makau
Netarce HBRot the City of Makau
Until December 31, 2019
Roll of Atty. No. 58554
PTR No. 7347687-01/14/2019-Makati City
IBP No. 011366-01/09/13-Lifetime PPLM
A/F Citibenk Center, 8741 Passo de Roxe
Makati City Philippenese

CHAPEL S

Page No. 2b Book No. 17 Series of 2019

## HEET

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS			-				-		-		1	1	1	1	1	1	1				1
1 0 2	N	m	3	-	2	<	z	-		S	m	n	20	C	0	S	m	70	108	-	
1 0 2 1 6 5						4	1			3		1	1	1	1			-	-		1
1 0 2		1,		L		1	£														
SEC HEST	0 2	_																			
	egistra	4.5	-	1			1														

COMPANY

NAME

1								7	-					ш	j-	TO N	1	00	1	7
1	2					1	1			1				1-518	ch	N		10	Z	1
1	Mr. Rolando S. Santos	No	00		1		No.	1				L-ME		20	-	PRINCIPAL OFFICE (Na/Street/Barangay/Ot//Town/ Revince)	1	3	0	1
	RO.	and a			1	1	3	. 10		>	-		inese.	0	3	P		0		1
1	ano	Name of Contact Person			1	N	service@prightkindie.com	Company's Email Address	1	AAFS	Form Type					유	To the	7	-	1
i	0	Tage .			1	2	Ide	Ates	4	m	1			×	T	12		-	-	1
1	100	TPe			159	Stoc	011	\$ H		un	in-	1000		10	-	m >	-	1	D	1
-	ant	Son			1	No. of Stockholders	K	le le						-	0	5		0		1
	80	1			1	2	3	100							0	153		0	s	1
		1	d			í	8	ess						3	20	Barg	-	-	E	1
1	Ц.	1	7				3		1					Þ		ngay.		0	5	1
1	2	1	ĝ.		1	i i		1						*	0	8		1	10	1
	¥		50	1	İ			1	1					D	C     T	Ton				1
	500	l	2	-1	A			1	o					-		2			0	1
	라		200	9		7	···	7	0		0	linia.	Michael VIII	-	-	2	-		-	1
	ě	m	acts	7		1	Ш	1	2		8	100	10		00	2		1	B	1
	rolly.santos@marcventures.com.ph	Email Address	The designated contact person MUST be an Officer of the Corporation	CONTACT BERSON INCOME.	per	23		8	COMPANY	-	Department requiring the report			n	D	Ĭi.			-	
	S	Add	3	17	ast	37.00		mpa	×	n	8			-	Z	Ĭ.			*	1
	en	fress	US	2	Last Thursday of May	Annual Meeting (Month / Day)	(02) 817-6046	Company's Telephone Number/s		C R M	gels.			-4	×	9				-
	tur		8	2	Sin	edin	00	e e	INFORMATIO	3	200			×					0	
	2.88		0	i i	9	No.	7	Ba	0	O	76				T		2010			
	9		Tice 5	2	0	doc	604	ne N	S		007				0	1			1	
	9		9, 1		3	1/0	(C)	FE SE	Þ		100				8				20	
1			2 6	3	1 ×	8	1	2/19	Ξ						m		-	-	~	
	00		9 2	1			1		Z						20		· Comment		3	1
	826-8609/856-7976	e d	TELO	1	1			1							*		-			
	-86	E .	9	6	and the second	60 100	1	1					-						03	J,
	09/	Telephone Number/s		18		7	100000							- 17	00				_	-
- 1	85	2		1	1	1	1		H		Sec -		-11		7				v	- bullet
1	5-7	E .	-		1	C					9				4		-			1
	976	G.			0	land.	1 8			1	Ž.						-		ם	į.
ı			- 4		December 31	87.16	1	Mobile Number	1	121	2			$-\parallel$	0			-	0	1
Ī				Į	3	B	1	海	H	N/	5				>			$\vdash$	(A)	ŀ
	1	2			Jer .	Mon	Visio I	umt		D	8			-#	S				· ·	-
	1		1		in the	<b>#</b> /	1	īģ.		ۋلكا،	2	-1			m					
	1 Mailton		4		1	Calendar Year (Month / Day)				- 2	Secondary Licenso Tune 11 Aprillanto			-	0	1000			Z a	
	100	-						1		Š	-				-		-		3	1
- 1		07		i i	F 8	1 8					-		-#		0	1			9	Ľ

Lotn Floor Citibank Tower, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City

NOTE I: In case of death, resignation or cessotion of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (3D) colondar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All Bokes must be properly and completely filled-up. Foliure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt shall not excuse the corporation from Nability for its deficiencies.

GCOOSE O, 1008, with support to APS COCKET THE STATE OF T

Cational Tower
Staff Peacons Toses
Market Cty 1224 Propper
Phone -652 W

1216-386 (151 1216-386 (151 1216-2386 (151 1216-2386 (151

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Stockholders and the Board of Directors Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. 16th Floor Citibank Tower 8741 Pasco de Roxas, Makati City

### Opinio

notes to financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. changes in equity and statements of cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, and position as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, and the statements of comprehensive income, statements of (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., which comprise the statements of financial We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc

ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards Company as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the

### Basis for Opinion

evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit are relevant to the audit of the financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial We conducted our audits in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSA). Our responsibilities

### **Emphasis of Matter**

statements. MMDC has continued its mining operations in the areas covered by the MPSA will not have a material adverse effect on MMDC's operations, as described in Note 1 to the financial The management of the Company believes that the order has no basis and the outcome of legal actions taken dated February 8, received an order from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources on February 13, 2017 but Development Corporation (MMDC), a subsidiary of the Company's associate, Marcventures Holdings, We draw attention to Note 1 to the financial statements which discusses that Marcventures Mining and 2017 cancelling its Mineral Production Sharing Agreement No. 016-93-X (MPSA)



RS

### Key Audit Matters

opinion on these matters of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit

audit because the investment in associate represents 97% of the Company's total assets whether there is any objective evidence that the investment is impaired. This matter is significant to our Investment in Associates and Joint Ventures. The Company is required to assess at each reporting date Determination of Indicator of Impairment of Investment in an Associate

The investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method in accordance with PAS 28.

along with the latest estimate of recoverable reserves and evaluated whether a reasonably change in assumptions could cause the carrying amount to exceed the estimated recoverable amounts. We performed the necessary procedures by verifying the historical accuracy of management's estimates

Note 7, Investment in an Associate. Further disclosures are included in Note 3, Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions and

### Other information

to us after the date of this Auditors' report. Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2018 are expected to be made available financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS, SEC Form 17-A and Annual Annual Report distributed to stockholders for the year ended December 31, 2018, but does not include the included in the SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A (Annual Report) and Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information

form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any

appears to be materially misstated materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audits or otherwise identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is in connection with our audits of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. accordance with PFRS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in

operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the financial statements and the financial statements. concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to

quidate the APR 30 2019 BUREAU OF SWITHNAL RE RECEI 6

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process

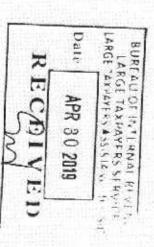
Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financia can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, these could conducted in accordance with PSA will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are

skepticism throughout the audit. We also: As part of an audit in accordance with PSA, we exercise professional Judgment and maintain professional

- collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control
- estimates and related disclosures made by management Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting
- the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors'
- disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the manner that achieves fair presentation.

and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during the audit. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope



matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant

be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably key audit matters. were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

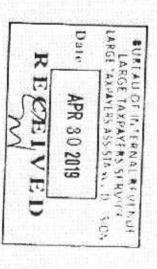
CAROLINA P. ANGELES PARTNER

Partner
CPA Certificate No. 86981
Tax Identification No. 205-057-976-000
BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until August 15, 2021

SEC Accreditation No. 0658-AR-3 Group A: Valid until May 17, 2020 BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-007-2017 Valid until January 13, 2020

PTR No. 7334336 Issued January 3, 2019, Makati City

April 12, 2019 Makati City, Metro Manila



# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION



		0	December 31
	Note	2018	2017
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash	4	P258,845	₽610,059
Due from related parties	13	16,455,581	58,717,477
Other current assets	s	9,310,757	8,803,846
Total Current Assets		26,025,183	68,131,382
Noncurrent Assets			
Property and equipment	o,	43,138,202	45,093,324
Investment in an associate	7	2,563,444,406	2,640,244,182
			666,474
lotal Noncurrent Assets		2,606,582,608	2,685,812,505
		P2,632,607,791 P2,753,943,887	₽2,753,943,887

## LIABILITIES AND EQUITY

₽2,753,943,887	P2,632,607,791	
1,043,712,320	959,648,162	Total Equity
840,660,700 196,278,091 6,773,529	840,660,700 111,641,092 7,346,370	Capital stock Retained earnings Other comprehensive income
1,710,231,567	1,672,959,629	Fotal Current Liabilities
#231,567 - 1,710,000,000	\$457,906 1,000,000 1,671,501,723	Current Liabilities 8 Accrued expenses and other current liabilities 8 Due to a related party 33 Note payable 9

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.

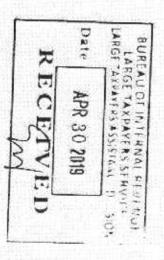


# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.

(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

# STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

			Years Ended December 31	mber 31
	Note	2018	2017	2016
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	1	(P7,265,480)	(P6,880,122)	(P4,649,767)
SHARE IN NET INCOME (LOSS) OF AN ASSOCIATE	7	(77,372,617)	15,574,432	1,693,703
INTEREST INCOME	4	1,098	147,973	240.430
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		(84,636,999)	8,842,283	(2,715,634)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	12	ı	-	r
NET INCOME (LOSS)		(84,636,999)	8,842,283	(2,715,634)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  Not to be reclassified to profit or loss - Share in other comprehensive income of an associate	7	572,841	4,369,778	1 079 330
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)		(\$84,064,158)	₱13,212,061	(P1.696.304)
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED	34	(PD.055)	₽0.006	(P0.002)
See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements				



# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

			11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN
	Note	2018	2017	2016
CAPITAL STOCK - P0.55 par value Authorized - 2,000,000,000 shares Issued, subscribed and outstanding -	10			
1,528,474,000 shares		R840,660,700	₽840,660,700	\$840,550,700
RETAINED EARNINGS				
Balance at beginning of year		196,278,091	187,435,808	190.151 447
Net income (loss)		[84,636,999]	8,842,283	(2,715,634)
Balance at end of year		111,641,092	196,278,091	187,435,808
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME  Not to be reclassified to profit or loss  Share in other comprehensive income				
of an associate:	7			
Balance at beginning of year		6,773,529	2,403,751	1,384,421
Kemeasurement gain		572,841	4,369,778	1,019,330
Balance at end of year		7,346,370	6,773,529	2,403,751
		<b>P</b> 959,648,162	₱1,043,712,320	₽959,648,162 ₽1,043,712,320 ₽1,030,500,259

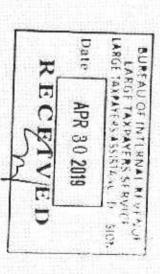


# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC.

(A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Note	2018	2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Income (loss) before tax		(B84.636.099)	E84 CV8 SE	מכש שחק כפו
Adjustments for:		The state of the state of	,0,012,200	100,000,000
Share in net loss (income) of an associate	7	77.372.617	(15 574 43)	(1 602 702)
Depreciation	6	2.015.422	200 100 C	1001/100
Interest income	4	(1,098)	(147,973)	(240 430)
Operating loss before working capital changes  Decrease (increase) in:		(5,250,058)	(4,589,079)	(2,988,500)
Due from related parties		3 763 610	(4 c3 303 b)	יים חגם רבו
Otherassets		(31 912)	(987 418)	17 700 134
Increase (decrease) in:		(annual)	(017,700)	(bet/no/tri
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		226.339	3 022	1101 301
Due to related party		1,000,000	1 4	(400,004)
Net cash used in operations		(292,012)	(14,081,101)	(37,639,091)
Interest received		1,098	147,973	240 430
Net cash used in operating activities		(290,914)	(13,933,128)	(37,398,661)
CASH FLOW FROM AN INVESTING ACTIVITY				
Acquisitions of property and equipment	6	(60,300)	(4,072,604)	(10,425,257)
CASH FLOW FROM A FINANCING ACTIVITY				
Payment of note payable	6		(90,000,000)	(90,000,000) (200,000,000)
DECREASE IN CASH		(351,214)	(351,214) (108,005,732) (247,823,918)	(247,823,918
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		610,059	108,615,791	356,439,709
CASH AT END OF YEAR		P258,845	₽610,059	P108,615,791
NONCASH FINANCIAL INFORMATION Assignment of receivables to offset with note payable	٥	<b>8</b> 38 000 777	900	

See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements.



## BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Corporate Information

### General Information

Stock Exchange, Inc. (PSE). as a credit card corporation. On March 21, 1995, the Company listed its shares with The Philippine and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on December 4, 1981 Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. (the Company), formerly Bankerd, Inc. was incorporated

On October 18, 2013, the Board of Directors (BOD) of Rizal Commercial Banking Corporation (RCBC) approved the sale of its 89.98% collective stake in the Company to RYM Business Management Corp. (the Parent Company) and other investors. The Parent Company acquired 76.56% interest in the

In November 2013, the BOD approved the amendment to change the corporate name to Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. and primary business purpose to a holding company.

The Company's principal office address is at 16th Floor Citlbank Tower, 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati

the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 were approved and authorized for issuance by the BOD on April 12, 2019. The accompanying financial statements of the Company as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 and for

# Investment in Marcyentures Holdings, Inc. (MARC)

equity interest for #2,604.0 million from the Philippine Business Bank - Trust and Investment Center On December 15, 2014, the Company acquired 600,000,000 shares of MARC representing 33% (PBB) (see Note 7)

shares or a total of ₱75 million to a major stockholder resulting to a reduction of the Company's equity interest in MARC to 19.90%. entity. MARC issued 1,125,000,000 shares to BHI and APMPC resulting to a reduction of the Resources Holdings Inc. (BHI) and Asia Pilot Mining Phils. Corp. (APMPC), with MARC as the surviving On December 29, 2017, the SEC approved the application of the merger of MARC, Brightgreen Company's equity interest in MARC to 20%. In 2018, MARC issued 45,731,706 shares at \$1.64

have a material adverse effect on the MMDC's operations. legal counsel believe that the order has no basis and the outcome of legal actions taken will not MARC, received an order dated February 8, 2017 from the Department of Environment and Natural Resources cancelling its Mineral Production Sharing Agreement (MPSA). The management and its On February 13, 2017, Marcventures Mining and Development Corporation (MMDC), a subsidiary of

MMDC's management will take all the necessary legal action along the paint all the legical provent the implementation of the order. The management and its degal counsel believe that the has continued its mining operations in the areas covered by order has no basis and the outcome of legal actions taken Me MPSA. APR 30 2019 will be in lavor of the Company, MMDC

On February 22, 2017, MMDC has filed Notice of Appeal to the Optogof the Proposition

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Basis of Preparation

Standards (PAS) and Philippine Interpretations of issuances by the International Financial Reporting SEC, including SEC pronouncements interpretations Committee, issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council and adopted by the The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Philippine Financial Reporting This financial reporting framework includes PFRS, Philippine Accounting

### Measurement Bases

and presentation currency. All values represent absolute amounts except otherwise stated The financial statements are presented in Philippine Peso, which is also the Company's functional

the consideration received in exchange for incurring a liability. generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for an asset and fair value of The financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost basis. Historical cost is

use of unobservable inputs. available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the orderly transaction between market participants at the transaction date. valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an he Company uses

inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows: asset or a liability. Fair values are categorized into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on The Company uses market observable data to a possible extent when measuring the fair value of an

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active market for Identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.
- measurement is unobservable. Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value

measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by

the fair value hierarchy as explained above. liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and

Further information about the assumptions made in measuring fair value is included in Note 16, Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

## Adoption of New and Amended PFRS

annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018: the adoption of the following new and amended PFRS which the Company adopted effective for The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except for

impairment, hedge accounting, recognition, and derecognition. Recognition and Measurement (and all the previous versions of PFRS 9). It provides requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and liabilities, Recognition and Measurement (and all Financial Instruments - This standard replaces PAS 39, Financial Instruments provides

cash flow characteristics. classification by reference to the business model within which these are held and its contractual fair value (through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income), depending on their PFRS 9 requires all recognized financial assets to be subsequently measured at amortized cost or

recognized in other comprehensive income (rather than in profit or loss), unless this creates an accounting mismatch. value through profit or loss that is attributable to changes in the credit risk of that liability is option is taken: the amount of change in fair value of a financial liability designated as at fair For financial liabilities, the most significant effect of PFRS 9 relates to cases where the fair value

a credit loss should no longer wait for there to be an objective evidence of impairment. based on the concept of providing for expected losses at inception of a contract; recognition of For the impairment of financial assets, PFRS 9 introduces an "expected credit loss" (ECL) model

better reflect how risk management activities are undertaken when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposures. For hedge accounting, PFRS 9 introduces a substantial overhaul allowing financial statements to

The derecognition provisions are carried over almost unchanged from PAS 39

characteristics of its financial assets and liabilities as at January 1, 2018, the Company has retrospectively basis as under PAS 39 but shall be classified under PFRS 9. The Company has adopted PFRS 9 concluded that all of its financial assets and liabilities shall continue to be measured on the same Based on the Company's analysis of its business model and the contractual cash flow

assets upon adoption of PFRS 9. related parties. Accordingly, there were no changes in the carrying amount of the financial at amortized cost under PFRS 9. These financial assets include cash in banks and due from Financial assets classified as loans and receivables under PAS 39 are classified as financial assets

assets carried at amortized cost. using general approach, has no impact on the carrying amounts of the Company's financial The Company assessed that the adoption of PFRS 9, specifically on determining impairment loss

Company's adoption of PFRS 9. There is no material impact on the basic and diluted earnings per share as a result of the

. industries and capital markets, with a core principle (based on a five-step model to be applied to and obtaining a contract, etc.). point at which revenue is recognized, accounting for variable considerations, costs of fulfilling all contracts with customers), enhanced disclosures, and new or improved guidance (e.g. the PFRS 15, Revenue from Contract with Customers - The new standard replaced PAS 11, comprehensive framework for revenue recognition to apply consistently across transactions, Construction Contracts, PAS 18, Revenue and related Interpretations. It establishes a single

financial statements of the Company income from an associate. Accordingly, the adoption of PFRS 15 has no significant impact on the The Company's revenue mainly arises from interest income from cash in banks and share in net

- provide some transition relief for modified contracts and completed contracts obligations; (b) principal versus agent considerations; and (c) licensing. The amendments also amendments provide clarifications on the following topics: (a) identifying performance Amendments to PFRS 15, Revenue from Contract with Customers - Clarification to PFRS 15 - The
- organization, mutual fund, unit trust or other qualifying entity, is available for each investment investment in an associate or a joint venture that is held by an entity that is a venture capital 2014-2016 Cycle and clarify that the election to measure at fair value through profit or loss an or Joint Venture at Fair Value - The amendments are part of the Annual Improvements to PFRS Amendments to PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures - Measuring an Associate In an associate or joint yenture on an investment-by-investment basis, upon initial recognition.

financial statements. Additional disclosures have been included in the notes to financial statements, The adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS did not have any material effect on the

# New and Amended PFRS Issued But Not Yet Effective

and have not been applied in preparing the financial statements are summarized below. Relevant new and amended PFRS which are not yet effective for the year ended December 31, 2018

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019:

- derecognition (as opposed to adjusting the effective interest rate). amortized cost of a financial liability when a modification or exchange does not result in its comprehensive income (instead of at fair value through profit or loss) if a specified condition is Compensation - The amendments allow entities to measure particular prepayable financial assets with negative compensation at amortized cost or at fair value through other Amendments to PFRS 9, Financial Instruments -It also clarifies the requirements in PFRS 9, Financial Instruments for adjusting the Prepayment Features with
- equity method is not applied, are accounted for using PFRS 9, Financial Instruments or joint venture that, in substance, form part of the entity's net investment but to which the Associates and Joint Ventures - The amendments clarify that long-term interests in an associate Amendments to PAS 28, Investments in Associates and Jaint Ventures - Long-term Interests in

Under prevailing circumstances, the adoption of the foregoing new and amended PFRS is not expected to have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company

## Financial Assets and Liabilities

derecognition, as applicable, is done using settlement date accounting. instrument. In the case of a regular way purchase or sale of financial assets, recognition and statements of financial position when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of a financial Date of Recognition. The Company recognizes a financial asset or a financial liability in the

through profit and loss (FVPL), includes transaction cost. liability). The initial measurement of financial instruments, except for those designated at fair value which is the fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a Initial Recognition and Measurement. Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value,

determines the appropriate method of recognizing the "Day 1" difference. become observable or when the instrument is derecognized. For each transaction, the Company the best estimate of fair value and recognizes "Day 1" difference in profit or loss when the inputs cases where there is no observable data on inception, the Company deems the transaction price as difference between the transaction price and fair value (a "Day 1" difference) in profit or loss. In technique whose variables include only data from observable market, the Company recognizes the other observable current market transactions in the same instrument or based on a valuation "Day 1" Difference. Where the transaction in a non-active market is different from the fair value of

financial instrument largely depends on the Company's business model and its contractual cash flow as either financial liabilities at FVPL or financial liabilities at amortized cost. The classification of a amortized cost and (c) financial assets at FVOCI. Financial liabilities, on the other hand, are classified initial recognition under the following categories: (a) financial assets at FVPL, (b) financial assets at Classification and Subsequent Measurement Policies. The Company classifies its financial assets at

As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company does not have financial assets and liabilities at FVPL, and financial essets at FVOCL

the following conditions are met: Financial Assets at Amartized Cast. Financial assets shall be measured at amortized cost if both of

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise, on specified dates, to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets. under current assets if realizability or collectability is within 12 months after the reporting period are derecognized and through amortization process. Financial assets at amortized cost are included the effective interest rate. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the financial assets by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees that are an integral part of cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for ECL, if any. Amortized cost is calculated After initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized

classified under this category. As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company's cash in banks and due from related parties are

number of its own equity instruments. obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial asset for a fixed an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder, or to settle the amortized cost when the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Company having Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost. Financial liabilities are categorized as financial liabilities at

amortization process. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized or through the discount or premium on the issue and fees that are an integral part of the effective interest rate cost using the effective interest method. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any costs. After Initial recognition, these financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized These financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value less any directly attributable transaction

note payable are classified under this category As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, the Company's accrued expenses, due to a related party and

### Reclassification

the first reporting period following the change in the business model (reclassification date) managing those financial assets. The reclassification is applied prospectively from the first day of The Company reclassifies its financial assets when, and only when, it changes its business model for

the financial asset and fair value is recognized in profit or loss. assets at FVPL, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial

the financial asset and fair value is recognized in OCI. assets at FVOCI, any gain or loss arising from the difference between the previous amortized cost of For a financial asset reclassified out of the financial assets at amortized cost category to financial

equity to profit or loss. subsequently impaired, any previous gain or loss that has been recognized in OCI is reclassified from recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is sold or disposed. If the financial asset is In the case of a financial asset that does not have a fixed maturity, the gain or loss shall be

# Impairment Policy on Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to The Company records an allowance for ECL. ECL is based on the difference between the contractual receive. The difference is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective

undue cost or effort, that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. initial recognition and consider reasonable and supportable information, that is available without the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of recognition, the Company compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant For financial instruments assets at amortized cost, the ECL is based on the 12-month ECL, which increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the allowance will be based on the lifetime ECL. When pertains to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events on a financial instrument that

# Derecognition of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Financial Assets. A financial asset (or where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- the right to receive cash flows from the asset has expired.
- arrangement; or obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" the Company retains the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset, but has assumed an
- the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the financial asset and either has transferred control of the asset. (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but transferred substantially all the risks pue rewards 9 BU1 asset,

financial asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the financial asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay. asset, the financial asset is recognized to the extent of the Company's continuing involvement in the the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset nor transferred control of the financial When the Company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from a financial asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all Continuing Involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred

substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the amounts is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are discharged, cancelled or has expired. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another Financial Liabilities. A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is

different by at least 10% from the discounted present value of remaining cash flows of the original including net fees paid or received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is A modification is considered substantial if the present value of the cash flows under the new terms,

value of the new liability is recognized in the statements of comprehensive income. conditions in the market. The difference between the carrying value of the original liability and fair discounted using the interest rate at which the Company could raise debt with similar terms and The fair value of the modified financial liability is determined based on its expected cash flows,

paid or received in the restructuring. extinguished but merely modified. In such case, the carrying amount is adjusted by the costs or fees On the other hand, if the difference does not meet the 10% threshold, the original debt is not

# Offsetting of Financial Assets and Liabilities

assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statements of financial position. amounts and there is intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related

# Classification of Financial Instrument between Liability and Equity

A financial instrument is classified as liability if it provides for a contractual obligation to:

- Deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity;
- potentially unfavorable to the Company; or Exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another entity under conditions that are
- asset for a fixed number of own equity shares Satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash or another financial

asset to settle its contractual obligation, the obligation meets the definition of a financial liability. If the Company does not have an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial

### Other Current Assets

creditable withholding tax (CWT) and prepayments. Other current assets include input value-added tax (VAT), current portion of deferred input VAT,

statements of financial position. recoverable from the tax authority is included as part of "Other current assets" account in the and payables that are stated with the amount of VAT included. The net amount of input VAT VAT. Revenue, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, except for receivables

capital goods, whichever is shorter. #1.0 million are claimed as credit against output VAT over 60 months or the estimated useful lives of purchases or imports of the Company of capital goods (depreciable assets for income tax purposes) with an aggregate acquisition cost (exclusive of VAT) in each of the calendar month exceeding Deferred input VAT. In accordance with the Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 16 2005, input VAT on

reporting date are classified as current assets. Otherwise these are classified as noncurrent assets. input VAT that are expected to be claimed against output VAT for no more than 12 months after the Deferred input VAT represents the unamortized amount of input VAT on capital goods. Deferred

creditable tax withheld at source subject to the rules on Philippine income taxation utilized as payment for income taxes provided that these are properly supported by certificates of CWT are amounts withheld from income subject to expanded withholding taxes. CWT can be

are classified as other noncurrent assets than twelve months after the reporting date are classified as other current assets. Otherwise, these charged to profit or loss when incurred. Prepayments that are expected to be realized for no more these are utilized. Prepayments are apportioned over the period covered by the payment and Prepayments. Prepayments represent expenses paid in advance and recorded as assets before

## Investment in an Associate

investment in an associate is recognized initially at cost and subsequently accounted for using the

financial and operating policies of such entity. The Company's share of its associate's post-acquisition profits or losses is recognized in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition adjusted against the carrying value of the investment. movements in reserves is recognized in equity. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are An associate is an entity in which the Company has significant influence but not control, over the

evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred interest in the associate. Unrealized losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides transactions between the Company and its associate are eliminated to the extent of the Company's has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. including any other unsecured receivables, the Company does not recognize further losses, unless it When the Company's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, Unrealized gains on

between the carrying value of the investment and recoverable amount. investment is impaired. If this is the case, the amount of impairment is calculated as the difference The Company determines at the end of each reporting year whether there is any evidence that the

## Property and Equipment

dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located directly attributable to bringing the assets to a working condition for their intended use, the costs of attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. duties, non-refundable purchase taxes after deducting trade discounts and rebates and any directly value. The initial cost of property and equipment comprises its purchase price, including import The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labor, nay other costs Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in

The carrying value of the replaced component is derecognized. embodied within the component will flow to the Company, and its cost can be measured reliably. an item of property and equipment is recognized if it is probable that the future economic benefits are capitalized as additional costs of property and equipment. The cost of replacing a component of are incurred. In situations where it can be clearly demonstrated that the expenditures have resulted property and equipment beyond its originally assessed standard of performance, the expenditures in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of an item of repairs, maintenance and overhaul costs, are normally charged to operations in the year the costs Expenditures incurred after the property and equipment have been put into operation, such as

as separate items (major components) of property and equipment. When parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the property and equipment:

Service vehicle	Onice furniture and fixtures 3-5	Condominium unit	Number of )
ω	3-5	31	er of Years

from items of property and equipment. The estimated useful lives and method for deprediation are reviewed periodically to ensure that the periods and method of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits

is credited to or charged against current operations. depreciation and any impairment in value are removed from the accounts. Any resulting gain or loss When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and the related accumulated

## Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

statements of comprehensive income. cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. does not generate largely independent cash inflows, the recoverable amount is determined for the market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For an asset that an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current unit is written down to its recoverable amount. The estimated recoverable amount is the higher of where the carrying value of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset or cash-generating Indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and Nonfinancial assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances Impairment losses are recognized in the

allocate the asset's revised carrying value, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over asset in prior years. After such a reversal, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the increased to its recoverable amount. That increased amount cannot exceed the carrying value that remaining useful life. the last impairment loss was recognized. If that is the case, the carrying value of the asset is there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously

### Equity

attributable to the issuance of new shares are treated as deduction from equity, net of tax Capital stock. Capital stock is measured at par value for all shares issued. Incremental costs directly

any dividend declaration. Retained earnings. Retained earnings represent the cumulative balance of net income or loss net of

share in OCI of an associate, recognized in profit or loss for the year in accordance with PFRS. OCI of the Company pertains to Other Comprehensive Income (OCI), OCI comprises of items of income and expense that are not

### Revenue Recognition

revenue is recognized at a point in time. Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date. Otherwise, Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created Revenue from contract with customers is recognized when the performance obligation in the benefits as the Company perform its obligations; (b) the Company's performance creates or one of the following criteria is met: (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the contract has been satisfied, either at a point in time or over time. Revenue is recognized over time if or enhanced; or (c) the

an agent. The Company has assessed that it acts as a principal in all of its revenue sources The Company also assesses its revenue arrangements to determine if it is acting as a principal or as

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized

Interest Income. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss as it accrues, taking into account the effective yield on the asset.

## Expenses Recognition

to a decrease in an asset or an increase in a liability that can be measured reliably. Expenses are recognized in profit or loss when there is a decrease in future economic benefit related

administering the business. These are expensed as incurred General and administrative expenses. General and administrative expenses constitute cost of

### Income Taxes

has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rate used to compute the amount is the one that Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered

the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes. Deferred Tax. Deferred tax is provided on all temporary differences at the reporting date between

profit nor taxable profit or loss. that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction carry-forward benefits of unused MCIT and unused NOLCO can be utilized. Deferred tax, however, taxable profit will be available against which (RCIT) and any unused net operating loss carryover (NOLCO), to the extent that it is probable that from the excess of minimum corporate income tax (MCII) over the regular corporate income tax recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward benefits of any unused tax credits Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are the deductible temporary

reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each The carrying value of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the

period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate that has been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the

combination, or items directly recognized in equity as other comprehensive income. Deferred tax is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to œ business

same taxation authority. assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax

# Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share

common shared purchased by the Company and held as treasury shares. year, with retroactive adjustments for any stock dividends declared and stock split and excluding common shareholders by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the Basic earnings (loss) per share is computed by dividing net income (loss) for the year attributable to

shares outstanding to assume conversion of all potential dilutive common shares. Diluted earnings (loss) per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of common

anti-dilutive, basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share are stated at the same amount. Where the earnings (loss) per share effect of potential dilutive common shares would be

### Operating Segment

transactions with any of the Company's other components which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to the An operating segment is a component of the Company that engages in business activities from

The Company has no operating segment other than being a holding company

# Related Party Relationship and Transactions

and not merely to the legal form. each possible related reporting entity and its key management personnel, directors or its stockholders. which are under common control with the reporting entity, or between, and/or among the financial and operating decisions. through one or more intermediaries, or exercise significant influence over the other party in making Related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly, or indirectly party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship Such relationships also exist between and/or among entitles In considering

and its related parties, regardless whether a price is charged Related party transactions are transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Company

### Provisions

result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the

disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable. to financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the notes benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements but are

## Events after the Reporting Period

year-end events that are non-adjusting are disclosed in the notes to financial statements when the end of reporting period (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post Post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position at

## w Significant Judgments, Accounting Estimates and Assumptions

the estimated amounts. Actual results could differ from such estimates differences in the actual experience or significant changes in the assumptions may materially affect date. While the Company believes that the assumptions are reasonable and appropriate, significant are based upon management's evaluation of relevant facts and circumstances as at the reporting the financial statements. The judgment, estimates and assumptions used in the financial statements management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in The preparation of the Company's financial statements in compliance with PFRS requires

The following are the significant judgments, accounting estimates and assumptions made by the

administrative purposes. generated by it pertains not only to the property but also to other assets used for operations or other assets held by the Company and a property as owner-occupied property when cash flows an investment property when the property generates cash flows which are largely independent of Classifying Investment Property and Owner-occupied Property. The Company considers a property as

administrative purpose an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in operation or for administrative purpose. If these portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as A property may comprise of portions held for capital appreciation and portions used in operation or

The Company classified its condominium unit under property and equipment

necessarily preclude an entity from having significant influence. can be clearly demonstrated. A substantial or majority ownership by another investor does not less than 20%, the entity will be presumed not to have significant influence unless such influence significant influence unless it can be clearly demonstrated that this is not the case. If the holding is power (directly or through subsidiaries) on an investee, it will be presumed that the investor has Determining Significant Influence over MARC. When an entity holds 20% or more of the voting

following ways: The existence of significant influence by an entity is usually evidenced in one or more of the

- representation on the board of directors or equivalent governing body of the investee
- participation in the policy-making process, including participation in decisions about dividends or other distributions;
- material transactions between the entity and the investee; Interchange of managerial
- provision of essential technical information

existence of the above indicators in the Company's dealings with MARC. The Company has determined that the decrease in ownership interest in MARC in 2018 resulting to less than 20% ownership interest would not affect its significant influence by virtue of the

modification will result to derecognition of original liability and the recognition of a new liability. least 10% from the discounted present value of remaining cash flows of the original liability. Such net fees paid or received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is different by at to be substantially modified if the present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including Assessing Modification on the Terms of the Note Payable. The Company considers its note payable

extinguished but merely modified. In such case, the carrying value is adjusted by the costs or fees On the other hand, if the difference does not meet the 10% threshold, the original debt is not paid or received in the restructuring

The Company assessed that there is no substantial modification on the terms of the note payable

the Company has determined that it has no operating segment other than being a holding company. based on the information that is internally provided to the BOD. As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, Determining Operating Segments. The Company determines and presents operating segments

significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition in which case ECL are provided based on shortfalls over the expected life of financial assets at amortized cost. ECL are provided for credit losses that result from possible default events within the next 12-months unless there has been a allowance for ECL based on the probability-weighted estimate of the present value of all cash Assessment of Impairment of Financial Assets at Amortized Cost. The Company determines the

relevant for the particular financial instrument being assessed such as, but not limited to, the reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort and that is When determining if there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Company considers

- actual or expected external and internal credit rating downgrade.
- existing or forecasted adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions; and
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in the operating results of the borrower.

impairment loss was recognized in 2018, 2017 and 2016 counterparties with good credit standing and relatively low risk of defaults. Accordingly, no to these financial assets were entered into by the Company only with reputable banks and ECL for other financial assets at amortized cost is not material because the transactions with respect therefore the loss allowance is determined as 12 months ECL. The Company has assessed that the The Company's financial assets at amortized cost are considered to have low credit risk, and

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial assets at amortized cost are as follows:

2 8605, 8,717,
-------------------

considered in deciding when to perform impairment review include the following, among others: amount of investment in an associate may not be recoverable. Factors that the Company investment in an associate whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying Assessment of Impairment of Investment in an Associate. The Company assesses the impairment of

- significant decline in business and operating performance in relation to expectations; and
- significant changes in the business operations and strategies of the Company and its associate

December 31, 2018 and 2017 (see Note 7). amount of investment in associates amounted to ₱2,563.4 million and ₱2,640.2 million as at (see Note 1). Accordingly, no impairment loss was recognized in 2018, 2017 and 2016. The carrying cancellation of MMDC's MPSA will not have a material adverse effect on MMDC's operations impairment assessment. Based on management assessment, there are no indicators for impairment that will warrant The management and its legal counsel believe that the order for the

could trigger an impairment review include the following: these assets may not be recoverable. nonfinancial assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of Assessing Impairment of Other Nonfinancial Assets. The factors that the Company considers important which The Company assesses impairment on other

- significant underperformance relative to expected historical or projected future operating
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

of cash flows expected to be generated from the continued cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Determining such amount requires the estimation Recoverable amounts are estimated for individual assets or, recoverable amount. The Company recognizes an impairment loss whenever the carrying value of an asset exceeds it The recoverable amount is computed using the value-in-use approach. use and ultimate disposition of such if it is not possible,

No impairment loss was recognized in 2018, 2017 and 2016.

The carrying amount of the Company's other nonfinancial assets are as follows:

peralised input val - net of current portion	Property and equipment	
	on Uri	Note
ĵ	#9,310,757 43,138,202	2018
474,999	#8,803,846 45,093,324	2017

factors that include asset utilization, environmental changes and anticipated use of the assets. use. The Company annually reviews the estimated useful lives of property and equipment based on property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for Estimating the Useful Lives of Property and Equipment. The Company estimates the useful lives of internal technical evaluation, technological changes,

2017 P45.1 million as at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 6). There is no change in the estimated useful life of the Company's property and equipment in 2018, and 2016. Carrying value of property and equipment amounted to P43.1 million and

sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Assessing Realizability of Deferred Tax Assets. The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying value to the extent that it is no longer probable that

taxable profits against which deferred tax assets can be utilized. December 31, 2018 and 2017 because the management believes that there will be no sufficient Deferred tax assets were not recognized on NOLCO and excess of MCIT over RCIT as at

December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 12). The Company's unrecognized deferred tax assets amounted to #5.6 million and #7.8 million as at

#### Cash

This account consists of:

	Cash in banks	Carbon bank
P258,841	P5,000 253,845	20
345	345	2018
₽610,059	605,059	2017

₽1,098, ₽147,973 and ₽240,430 in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Cash in banks earn interest at prevailing bank deposit rates. Interest income earned amounted to

### Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

P8,803,846	#9,310,757	
Continon		
265 136	19.136	Others
1	74,523	rrepayments
824,744	474,999	current portion of deterred input VAI
600,685	600,685	Control of the contro
₽7,113,281	P8,141,414	Libra AN
2017	2018	The state of the s

### Property and Equipment

Balances and movements in this account are as follows:

			2018		
	Note	Condominium Unit	Office Furniture	Servico Vehirle	Total
Cost					1000
Balance at beginning of year		<b>#47,788,569</b>	\$1,735,619	F1,568,650	#\$1,092,838
Additions			60,300	•	60,300
Disposais			,	(1,568,650)	(1,568,650)
balance at end of year		47,788,569	1,795,919	•	49,584,488
Accumulated Depreciation					
Balance at beginning of year		4,193,012	324,999	1,481,503	5,999,514
Depreciation	11	1,579,141	349,134	87,147	2,015,422
Cistosais		1		(1,568,650)	(1,568,650)
Balance at end of year		5,772,153	674,133		6,446,286
Carrying Amount	/ max / max /	#42,016,416	P1,121,786	P	P43 138 702

		7117		
Condominium Unit	Office Furniture and Flatures	Sprvice Vehicle	Construction	
		Similar of the Same	100100	iotai
#34,975,635 - 12,812,934	1,526,407	P1,568,650	R10,256,737 2,546,197 (12,812,934)	\$47,020,234 4,072,604
47,788,569	1,735,619	1.568.650	-	57 007 020
2,726,595	23,257	619,856	1	3,708,471
4 193 017	377,400	+00,220		2,291,043
₽43,595,S57	\$1,410,620	E87,147	B) 1	5,888,514
	Condominium Unit #34,975,635 #34,975,635 - 12,812,934 47,788,569 2,726,595 1,466,417 4,193,012 #43,595,557		Office Furniture and Fixtures Servic 1,526,407 1,735,519 1,735,519 1,735,519 1,735,620 1,742 324,999 1	Office Continues Service Vehicle   P209,212 P1,568,650 P1 1,526,407 - (1 1,735,619 1,568,650 23,257 958,619 301,742 522,884 324,999 1,481,503 P1,410,620 P87,147

In 2017, the construction in progress was completed and reclassified to condominium unit.

On April 20, 2018, a fully-depreciated service vehicle was sold, subsequently, no gain or loss on the disposal of the asset was recognized.

### 7. Investment in an Associate

Movements in this account are as follows:

Association	2018	2017
Acquisition cost	R2,604,000,000	£2,604,000,000
Accumulated share in equity:		
Balance at beginning of year Share in:	36,244,182	16,299,972
Net income (loss) Other comprehensive income	(77,372,617) 572,841	15,574,432
Balance at end of year	(40,555,594)	36 244 187
Carrying amount	P2,563,444,406	P2.640.244.182

at December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 1). MARC's principal place of business is at The Company has 600,000,000 shares of MARC representing 19.90% and 20.00% equity interest as Unit E, One Luna Place, E. Luna St., Butuan City, Agusan del Norte

Summarized financial information of MARC follows:

A STATE OF THE STA	2018	2017
Total current assets	\$551,145,763	R645,861,140
Total noncurrent assets	5,278,237,211	4.670.252.221
Total current liabilities	1,140,620,272	444.607.449
Total noncurrent liabilities	798,616,529	663,580,769
Revenue	987,255,064	2.040.859.226
Net income (loss)	(388,807,119)	47,281,213
Other comprehensive income	2,878,596	13,265,870

## Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	ptatutory payables	Accrued expenses	
R457,906	2,686	P455,220	2018
₽231,567	4,264	P227,303	2017

others, which are expected to be settled in the next reporting period. Accrued expenses pertain to accrual of outside services, professional fees, and electricity, among

the next reporting period. Statutory payables pertain to withholding taxes that are to be remitted to the government within

### Note Payable

Movements in this account are as follows:

¥1,710,000,000	P1,671,501,723		paratice at end of year
\$1,850,000,000 (50,000,000) (90,000,000)	\$1,710,000,000 (38,498,277)	13	Assignment of receivables Payment during the year
2017	2018	Note	

The noninterest-bearing note was assigned by PBB to Trans Middle East Philippines Equities, Inc. (TMEE). This liability represents the unpaid portion of the purchase price of the investment in an extension is until December 31, 2019. The note's original maturity date was December 31, 2015 but was extended. Latest

#### 10. Equity

On March 21, 1995, the SEC approved the listing of the Company's 118,000,000 shares at an offer price of #1.00 per share. As at December 31, 2018 and 2017, 1,528,474,000 shares are listed in the

## 11. General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2018	2017	2016
Outside services		₽2,029,603	P1,155,011	9472,876
Depreciation	Ġ,	2,015,422	2,291,043	1,661,267
Membership dues and other fees		1,285,456	1,402,640	1,402,315
Professional fees		649,129	584,089	550.929
Taxes and licenses		295,017	248,609	73.159
Communication, light and water		290,668	206,616	161,100
Director's fees		110,000	155,000	124,412
Others		590,185	837,114	203,709
		₽7,265,480	₽6,880,122	94,649,767

### 12. Provision for Income Tax

There is no provision for income tax in 2018, 2017 and 2016 due to the Company's taxable loss

The reconciliation of provision for income tax at the statutory income tax to the provision for income tax shown in the statements of comprehensive income follows:

760 1	TP	70	
(72,129)	(44,392)	(329)	to final tax
			Interest income aiready subjected
Ľ	300	22,500	Nondeductible expenses
ġ.	981,248	4,365,407	MCIT over RCIT
(508,111)	(4,672,330)	23,211,785	associate, not subject to tax Expired NOLCO and excess of
			Share in net income (loss) of an
			Add (deduct) tax effects of:
1,394,930	1,082,489	(2,209,263)	assets
(PS14,690)	R2,652,685	(P25,391,100)	Statutory tax rate Change in unrecognized deferred tax
			Provision for income tax computed at
2016	2017	2018	

Details of unrecognized deferred tax assets are as follows:

	Excess of Mich over RCII	NOLCO	NO.CO
P5,615,811	-1	P5,615,811	2018
<b>\$</b> 7,825,074	15,981	₽7,809,093	2017

future taxable profits against which deferred tax assets can be utilized. December 31, 2018 and 2017 because the management believes that there may be no sufficient Deferred tax assets on NOLCO and excess of MCIT over RCIT were not recognized as at

income are as follows: As at December 31, 2018, unused NOLCO that can be claimed as deduction from future taxable

	¥18,719,369	*14,501,420	00H/00H/		TOTAL PROPERTY.
1010		710 101	97 100 100	DOE OED SCE	
2018	,	14,501,420	-	14,501,420	6107
2019	4,649,767	1	ı	1,010,707	3010
2020	6,879,122	1	1	V 2012'TZ	2016
2021	₽7,190,480	۴	F/,190,480	£ 870 133	2017
scar or exhart	A 100 CT 100		97 100 100	b	2018
Vegr of Evelor	Balance at	Expired	Incurred	Beginning of Year	Year

MCIT incurred in 2015 amounting to £15,981 expired in 2018.

### 13. Related Party Transactions

The Company has the following transactions with its Parent Company and other related parties:

	Nature of	Amoun	Amount of Transactions	Duta	Outstanding Balances
	Transactions	8102	2017	2016	2000
Due from Related Parties				4010	7192
Perent Company - RYM	Advances for working				
Under common control:	capita	۳	P42.931,456	#8,000,000	846,553,277
	Advances for working				
Others	capital Advances for working	3,455,581	,	8,455,581	5,000,000
Officer	capital	31	237	ţ	4.000
W) TRUTO	Sacuences	,			7,160,200
The second secon				P16,455,581	258,717,077
Due to a Related Party Affiliate - Prime Media Holdings, Inc.	Advances for working capital	P1.000.000	•	91 700	,

settled in cash. Due to a related party is noninterest-bearing, unsecured, payable on demand and to Due from related parties are noninterest-bearing, collectible on demand, not impaired and to be be settled in cash.

The Company assigned the receivable from the Parent Company to TMEE to offset with the note payable amounting to \$38.5 million and \$50.0 million in 2018 and 2017, respectively (see Note 9).

## Compensation of Key Management Personnel

\$0.05 million, R0.1 million, \$0.035 million in 2018, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Compensation of key management personnel on short term employee benefits amounted to

## 14. Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic and diluted loss per share is computed as follow:

(P0.002)	PD,006	(P0.055)	barnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted
1,528,474,000	1,528,474,000	1,528,474,000	common shares outstanding
			Weighted average number of
(P2,715,634)	£8,842,283	(P84,636,999)	Net income (loss)
2016	2017	2018	

There has been no transaction involving common shares or potential common shares that occurred subsequent to the reporting dates.

### 15. Contingencies

## Legal Claims and Assignment of Litigation Cases

court adjudge the Company liable. Share Purchase Agreement dated October 18, 2013, RCBC will Indemnify the Company should the materially affect the Company's financial position and results of operations. Moreover, under the that the collection case is legally defensible, and any ultimate liability resulting therefrom will not or trade standards in complying with the TMA. The Company's management and its counsel believe Merchants Agreements (TMA). Based on Company's records, however, payments due to the foreign merchant were wired to the latter's designated agent. The Company did not breach any regulatory Superior Court by a foreign merchant and its Philippine affiliate in 2012. The plaintiffs have alleged that they were not paid the charge cards availments that the Company processed under a Tripartite The Company is a co-defendant in a collection case for US\$1.5 million filed in the Los Angeles

# Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

accordance with the Company's established business objectives. such as strategic planning and business planning. responsible for coordinating and continuously improving risk strategies, processes and measures in management takes place in the context of day-to-day operations and normal business processes such a way that opportunities to deliver the Company's objectives are achieved. Company from achieving its objectives. These policies are intended to manage risks identified in The Company has risk management policies that systematically view the risks that could prevent the Management has identified each risk and is The Company's risk

## Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

financial instruments are credit risk and liquidity risk. instruments is to finance the Company's operations. The main risks arising from the use of these policies for managing each of these risks which are summarized below. accrued expenses, due to a related party and note payable. The primary purpose of these financial The Company's principal financial instruments consist of cash in banks, due from related parties, Management reviews and approves the

#### Credit Risk

cash in banks and due from related parties. counterparty defaults on its obligation. The Company's exposure to credit risk arises primarily from Credit risk is the risk of loss that may arise on outstanding financial instruments should a

carrying amount of those assets as at the reporting date The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk on the financial assets as at amortized cost is the

## Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

cash flow obligations in the near term since the Company only transacts with related parties with strong capacity to meet its contractua reputable and pre-approved financial institutions. For due from related parties, credit risk is low The Company limits its credit risk from balances with banks by depositing its cash with highly

Company are considered to have low credit risk, impairment loss is limited to 12-month ECL ECL of financial assets at amortized cost. As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, the Company considers credit risk in measuring Since the financial assets at amortized cost of the

amortized cost. The table below presents an analysis of the credit quality of the Company's financial assets at

	Due from related parties	Cash in banks	
\$16,709,426	16,455,581	₽253,845	2018
₽59,322,536	58,717,477	£605,059	2017

#### Liquidity risk

when they fall due. The Company aims to maintain flexibility by maintaining sufficient cash to meet all foreseeable cash needs. Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its financial obligations

The tables below summarize the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at amortized cost as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 based on contractual undiscounted cash flows.

P1,672,956,943	7	0 91,672,501,723	P455,220	
1,671,501,723		1,671,501,723		Note payable
#455,220	P	1000000	¥455,220	Due to a related party
Intal	Cite Legi	A146 1001		Property of the second
-	On Van	One Year	Month	
	More than	One Month to	Less than One	
	2010			

2017

	The second secon	THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN TRANSPORT NAMED IN THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERSO	The same of the sa	
£1,710,227,303	**	£1,710,000,000	P227,303	
£1,710,000,000	,	1,710,000,000	-1	Note payable
£227,303	*	10	P227,303	Accrued expenses
Total	One Year	One Year	Month	
	More than	One Month to	Less than One	

## Fair Value of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

financial instruments that are carried in the financial statements: Set out below is a comparison by category of carrying values and fair values of the Company's

		2018		2017
	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value
Financial Assets at Amortized Cost	100			
Cash  Due from related parties	#258,845 16,455,581	\$258,845 36,455,581	9610,059 58,717,477	\$610,059 \$8,717,477
	\$16,714,426	P16,714,426	959,327,536	P59,327,536
Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost Accrued expenses Due to a related party	P455,220	P455,220	£227,303	₽227,303
Note payable	1,671,501,723	1,671,501,723	1,710,000,000	1 710 000 000
	P1,672,956,943	<b>\$1,672,956,943</b>	£1,710,227,303	#1,710,227,303
Control of the contro		The state of the s	The state of the s	

liabilities is classified as Level 3 (significant unobservable inputs). short-term nature of the transactions. The fair value measurement of current financial assets and accrued expenses, due to a related party and note payable approximate their fair values due to the Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities. The carrying amounts of cash, due from related parties,

# 17. Capital Management Objectives, Policies and Procedures

adjust the capital structure, the Company may return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. going concern and to provide an adequate return to shareholders. The Company manages its capital The Company's capital management objectives are to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a To maintain or

December 31, 2018 and 2017, respectively, as its capital. The Company considers its total equity amounting to \$959.6 million and \$1,043.7 million as at

There has been no change in the objectives, policies and processes in 2018 and 2017.

6CA/PEC Acceptance to 4782 October 4, 2008, solid with Acceptance to 2008 SEC Acceptance for 2008-MeC cases in an Acceptance 22, 2008, says (A) Acceptance (A) 2008

460 6 prophetical distribution ... THIS CRS 129+:

### TO ACCOMPANY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FILING WITH THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. 8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City 16th Floor Citibank Tower The Stockholders and the Board of Directors

(the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., as at December 31, 2018 and 2017 and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016 on which we have rendered our report dated April 12, 2019. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc.

has 615 stockholders owning one hundred (100) or more shares each In compliance with Securities Regulations Code Rule 68, as amended, we are stating that the Company

REYES TACANDONG & CO

CAROLINA P. ANGELES

Partner

SEC Accreditation No. 0658-AR-3 Group A BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until August 15, 2021 Tax Identification No. 205-067-976-000 CPA Certificate No. 85981

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-007-2017 Valid until January 13, 2020 Valid until May 17, 2020

PTR No. 7334336 Issued January 3, 2019, Maketi City

Makati City, Metro Manila April 12, 2019

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

8741 Paseo de Roxas, Makati City Bright Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. 16th Floor Citibank Tower The Stockholders and the Board of Directors

supplementary schedules include the following: the Securities and Exchange Commission are the responsibility of the Company's management. the financial statements taken as a whole. our report thereon dated April 12, 2019. Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on December 31, 2018 and 2017 and for the years ended December 31, 2018, 2017 and 2016, and have issued Kindle Resources & Investments, Inc. (the Company), a subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp., as at We have audited in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the financial statements of Bright The accompanying Supplementary Schedules for submission to These

- Adoption of Effective Accounting Standards and Interpretations
- Financial Ratios
- Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration
- Schedules required by Part II of SRC Rule 68, as Amended

all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole statements or to the basic financial statements themselves. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, including comparing such amended, and are not part of the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the These schedules are presented for purposes of complying with Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 Part II, as

REYES TACANDONG & CO.

CAROLINA P. ANGELES

Partner

CPA Certificate No. 86981

Tax Identification No. 205-067-976-000

BOA Accreditation No. 4782; Valid until August 15, 2021

SEC Accreditation No. 0658-AR-3 Group A

Valid until May 17, 2020

BIR Accreditation No. 08-005144-007-2017 Valid until January 13, 2020

Issued January 3, 2019, Makati City

Makati City, Metro Manila April 12, 2019

THE POWER OF BEING UNDERSTOOD AUDIT (EAX (CONSIDERS)



# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF ADOPTION OF

## EFFECTIVE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS **DECEMBER 31, 2018**

Title	Adopted	Not Adopted	Not Not Adopted Applicable
Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements			
Conceptual Framework Phase A: Objectives and qualitative characteristics	٠,		
PFRSs Practice Statement Management Commentary			*
PFRSs Practice Statement 2: Making Materiality Judgments			

## Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRS)

Amen: Measu		Amen Share-	Amen Cance	PFRS 2 Share	Amen Philip Short	Amer	Amer Remo	Amendm Compara Adopters	Ame First	PFRS 1 (Revised) First-time Standards	PFRS	
)	Amendments to PFRS 2: Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions	Amendments to PFRS 2: Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions	Amendments to PFRS 2: Vesting Conditions and Cancellations	Share-based Payment	Amendments to PFRS 1: First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards - Deletion of Short-term Exemptions for First-time Adopters	Amendments to PFRS 1: Government Loans	Amendments to PFRS 1: Severe Hyperinfiation and Removal of Fixed Date for First-time Adopters	Amendment to PFRS 1: Umited Exemption from Comparative PFRS 7 Disclosures for First-time Adopters	Amendments to PFRS 1: Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters	First-time Adoption of Philippine Financial Reporting Standards	Title	
											Adopted	
						SITCE					Not Adopted	
	`	4	۲	4	•	4	`	*	۲.	٠,	Not Applicable	

		PERS 10			PFRS 8								PFRS 7	PERS 6		PFRS 5			PFRS 4			PFRS
Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities	Amendments to PFRS 10: Transition Guidance	Consolidated Financial Statements	Amendments to PFRS 8: Reconciliation of the Total of the Reportable Segments' Assets to the Entity's Assets	Amendments to PFRS 8: Aggregation of Operating Segments	Operating Segments	Amendment to PFRS 7: Applicability of the Amendments to PFRS 7 to Condensed Interim Financial Statements	Amendment to PFRS 7: Servicing Contracts	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	Amendments to PFRS 7: Disclosures - Transfers of Financial Assets	Amendments to PFR\$ 7: Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	Amendments to PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	Amendments to PFRS 7: Reclassification of Financial Assets	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources	Amendment to PFRS 5: Changes in Methods of Disposal	Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	Amendments to PFRS 4: Applying PFRS 9, Financial Instruments with PFRS 4, Insurance Contracts	Amendments to PFRS 4: Financial Guarantee Contracts	Insurance Contracts	Amendment to PFRS 3: Scope Exceptions for Joint Ventures	Amendment to PFRS 3: Accounting for Contingent Consideration in a Business Combination	Title
	3		4	۲	<	٠,	<	٠.	٠.	٠	,	``	<									Adopted
																						Adopted
	٠,	•												4	1	`	٠,	٠,	ζ.	۲.	•	Applicable

	PFRS 15	PFRS 14			PFRS 13					PFRS 12			PFRS 11		PFRS
Amendments to PFRS 15: Clarifications to PFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	Amendment to PFRS 13: Portfolio Exception	Amendment to PFRS 13: Short-term receivables and Payables	Fair Value Measurement	Amendment to PFRS 12: Clarification of the Scope of the Standard	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities	Amendments to PFR\$ 12: Transition Guidance	Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities	Amendments to PFRS 11: Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	Amendments to PFRS 11: Transition Guidance	Joint Arrangements	Amendments to PFRS 10: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	Title
`	٠,		<	Υ.	٧	٠,	4	٠,	<	`					Adopted
				221.577.0					r-0002#41						Not Adopted
		`									٠,	۲,	٠,	`	Applicable

PAS 7 S	PAS 2	,	F .	6.7		PAS 1 (Revised)	PAS	Amendments to PF Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS)	PFRS 15	PFRS 14			PFRS 13			
Statement of Cash Flows	Inventories	Amendments to PAS 1: Disclosure Initiative	Amendment to PAS 1: Clarification of the Requirements for Comparative Presentation	Amendments to PAS 1: Presentation of Items of Other Comprehensive Income	Amendments to PAS 1: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation	Presentation of Financial Statements	Title	Amendments to PFRS 15: Clarifications to PFRS 15 ng Standards (PAS)	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	Regulatory Deferral Accounts	Amendment to PFRS 13: Portfolio Exception	Amendment to PFRS 13: Short-term receivables and Payables	Fair Value Measurement	Amendment to PFRS 12: Clarification of the Scope of the Standard	Amendments to PFRS 12: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	
		<	٠,	٠,	۲	<	Adopted	`	۲		٠,	Υ.	<b>4</b>	*	4	100
							Not Adopted									
							Not Applicable			`						

PAS 11 PAS 12 PAS 12 PAS 15 PAS 16 PAS 17 PAS 19 PAS 19 (Revised) PAS 21 PAS 23 (Revised) PAS 24 (Revised)	Construction Contracts Income Taxes  Amendments to PAS 12: Recovery of Underlying Assets Amendments to PAS 12: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses  Property, Plant and Equipment  Amendment to PAS 16: Classification of Servicing Equipment  Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment -Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation  Amendment to PAS 16: Agriculture: Bearer Plants -Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization  Amendment to PAS 16: Agriculture: Bearer Plants Leases  Revenue  Employee Benefits  Amendment to PAS 19: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions  Amendment to PAS 19: Discount: Rate: Regional Market Issue  Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance  The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates  Amendment: Net Investment in a Foreign Operation Borrowing Costs  Related Party Disclosures  Amendment to PAS 24: Key Management Personnel Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Repair States		
	and Errors  Events after the Reporting Period	* *	
	and Errors  Events after the Reporting Dation	<b>\</b>	
	Events after the Reporting Period	*	
0.0	Construction Contracts		
	Income Taxes	٧.	
	Amendments to PAS 12: Recovery of Underlying Assets	<	
	Amendments to PAS 12: Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses	٠,	
6	Property, Plant and Equipment	4	
	Amendment to PAS 16: Classification of Servicing Equipment	*	
	Amendment to PAS 16: Revaluation Method - Proportionate Restatement of Accumulated Depreciation	`	
	Amendment to PAS 16: Property, Plant and Equipment - Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization	`	
, x	Amendment to PAS 16: Agriculture: Bearer Plants	`	
	Leases		
	Revenue		
9	Employee Benefits		
	Amendment to PAS 19: Defined Benefit Plans: Employee Contributions		
	Amendment to PAS 19: Discount Rate: Regional Market Issue		
	Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance		
	The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates		
	Amendment: Net investment in a Foreign Operation		
-	Borrowing Costs		
	Related Party Disclosures	<	
	Amendment to PAS 24: Key Management Personnal	4	
	Accounting and Reporting by Retirement Reposit plans		

Ameno Segme Ameno Elsewh PAS 36 Impair PAS 37 Provisio PAS 38 Intangii				Ameno Segme Ameno Elsewt	Ameno Segme		PAS 34 Interim	PAS 33 Earnin	Amend Holder	Amen	Атеп	Amen and O	Financ	PAS 32 Finan	PAS 29 Finan	Amer Joint	Amer the C	PAS 28 (Amended) Inves	Amea Finan	Ame	(Amended) Sepa	PAS	
Amendment to PAS 34: Disclosure of Information 'Elsewhere in the Interim Financial Report' Impairment of Assets Amendments to PAS 36: Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets Intangible Assets	ment to PAS 34: Disclosure of Information ore in the Interim Financial Report' nent of Assets nents to PAS 36: Recoverable Amount res for Non-Financial Assets ns, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets	ment to PAS 34: Disclosure of Information ore in the Interim Financial Report' nent of Assets nents to PAS 36: Recoverable Amount res for Non-Financial Assets	ment to PAS 34: Disclosure of Information ore in the Interim Financial Report'	ment to PAS 34: Disclosure of Information ore in the Interim Financial Report'		Amendment to PAS 34: Interim Financial Reporting and Segment Information for Total Assets and Liabilities	Interim Financial Reporting	Earnings per Share	Amendments to PAS 32: Tax Effect of Distribution to Holders of Equity Instruments	Amendments to PAS 32: Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	Amendment to PAS 32: Classification of Rights Issues	Amendments to PAS 32: Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation	Financial Instruments: Presentation	Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation	Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	Amendments to PAS 28: Measuring an Associate or Joint Venture at Fair Value	Amendments to PAS 28: Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures	Amendments to PAS 27: Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements	Amendments to PAS 27: Investment Entities	Separate Financial Statements	Title	
		•	4	<				<	۲.	٠,	۲,			<		۲,	4	۲ .				Adopted	
																						Not Adopted	
	<				4	١.	•												į.	<	<	Not Applicable	

	PAS 41			PAS 40										PA		-
	41			40										PAS 39		PAS
Amendment to PAS 41: Agriculture: Bearer Plants	Agriculture	Amendments to PAS 40: Transfers of Investment Property	Amendment to PAS 40: Clarifying the Interrelationship between PFRS 3 and PAS 40 when Classifying Property as Investment Property or Owner-occupied Property	Investment Property	Amendments to PAS 39: Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	Amendment to PAS 39: Eligible Hedged Items	Amendments PAS 39: Embedded Derivatives	Amendments to PAS 39: Reclassification of Financial Assets - Effective Date and Transition	Amendments to PAS 39: Reclassification of Financial Assets	Amendments to PAS 39: Financial Guarantee Contracts	Amendments to PAS 39: The Fair Value Option	Amendments to PAS 39: Cash Flow Hedge Accounting of Forecast Intragroup Transactions	Amendments to PAS 39: Transition and Initial Recognition of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement	Amendment to PAS 38: Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization	Title
																Adopted
		.9					OSH I									Adopted
	,	ζ.	`	1	`	,	1	۲.	4	٠,	`	٨.	`	<		Applicable

### Philippine Interpretations

IFRIC 4 Determ	IFRIC 2 Members' S Instruments	IFRIC 1 Change Similar	interpretations
Determining Whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease	Members' Share in Co-operative Entities and Similar Instruments	Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities	Title
			Adopted
			Not Adopted
<	<	۲	Not Applicable

IFRIC 22	HFRIC 21	IFRIC 20	IFRIC 19	IFRIC 18	IFRIC 17	IFRIC 16	3	IFRIC 14	IFRIC 13	IFRIC 12	IFRIC 10		IFRIC9	FRIC 7	IFRIC 6	IFRIC 5	Interpretations
Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	Levies	Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments	Transfers of Assets from Customers	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	Amendments to Philippine Interpretations IFRIC- 14, Prepayments of a Minimum Funding Requirement	PAS 19 - The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction	Customer Loyalty Programmes	Service Concession Arrangements	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	Amendments to Philippine Interpretation IFRIC-9: Embedded Derivatives	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	Applying the Restatement Approach under PAS 29 Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies	Liabilities arising from Participating in a Specific Market - Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment	Rights to Interests arising from Decommissioning, Restoration and Environmental Rehabilitation Funds	Title
																	Adopted
												NO. 11812					Adopted
۲,	۲ ا	۲ .	<	٠,	4	`	`	٠,	<	ζ.	,	`	٠,	٠.	٠,	<	Not Applicable

### Philippine Interpretations - SIC

SIC-15	SIC-10	SIC-7	ions
Operating Leases - Incentives	Government Assistance - No Specific Relation to Operating Activities	Introduction of the Euro	Tittle
			Adopted
	- 30		Not Adopted
<	4	٠,	Not Applicable

Interpretations	Title Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status
SIC-25	Income Taxes - Changes in the Tax Status of an Entity or its Shareholders
SIC-27	Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease
SIC-29	Service Concession Arrangements: Disclosures.
SIC-31	Revenue - Barter Transactions Involving Advertising Services
SIC-32	Intangible Assets - Web Site Costs

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL RATIOS

# **DECEMBER 31, 2018**

Below is a schedule showing financial soundness indicators in 2018 and 2017.

	2018	2017
Current/Liquidity Ratio	0.02	0.04
Current assets	₱26,025,183	₱68.131.382
Current liabilities	1,672,959,629	1,710,231,567
solvency Ratio	(0.05)	0.01
Income (loss) before income tax, depreciation, and		
amortization	(282 631 577)	214 455 577
	(1) octobrand	Q76'CCT'TT&
rotal liabilities	1,672,959,629	1,710,231,567
Debt-to-equity Ratio		
	1./4	1.54
Total Habilities	P1,672,959,629	P1,710,231,567
lotal equity	959,648,162	1,043,712,320
Asset-to-equity Ratio	,	
TO 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	F-7-1	2.04
I OLD DSSELS	P2,632,507,791	#2,753,943,887
Fotal equity	959,648,162	1,043,712,320
Interest rate coverage Ratio	ſ	
Pretax income (loss) before interest	(B80 888 000)	200 000
Interest expense	leadacate at	507,740,03
Profitability Ratio	(880 0)	9
Net income (loss)	(000 353 450)	10.0
Total equity	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	207,740,04

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A Subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.)

### RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF **DECEMBER 31, 2018**

₽159,543,056	total retailed eartifies available for dividend declaration at end of year	Commercial and Commercial Commerc
(7,264,382)		Share in net loss of an associate
166,807,438	(R84,636,999)	declaration, beginning Net loss during the year
	s available for dividend	Unappropriated retained earnings available for dividend
#196,278,091 (29,470,653)	ear of an associate	statements at beginning of year Cumulative share in net income of an associate
	s as shown in the financial	unappropriated retained earnings as shown in the financial
Amount		

#### Reconciliation:

an associate		over received equilibries averable for dividend declaration at end of war
ח מכני הייני של מייני	47,901,9	Total retained partition of the partitio
The second secon	remember of end of year #111,641,092	n perociate

# BRIGHT KINDLE RESOURCES & INVESTMENTS, INC. (A subsidiary of RYM Business Management Corp.) SEC SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES AS REQUIRED BY PAR. 6 PART II OF SRC RULE 68, AS AMENDED DECEMBER 31, 2018

### Table of Contents

Schedule	Description	Page
А	Financial Assets	N/A
ø	Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)	 
C	Amounts Receivable from Related Parties which are Eliminated during the Consolidation of Financial Statements	N/A
Ó	intangible Assets - Other Assets	N/A
m	Long-Term Debt	N/A
'n	Indebtedness to Related Parties	N/A
ଦ	Guarantees of Securities of Other Issuers	N/A
x	Capital Stock	2
822	Conglomerate Map	w

Schedule B. Amounts Receivable from Directors, Officers, Employees, Related Parties, and Principal Stockholders (Other than Related Parties)

Name and designation of debtor	Balance at beginning of year	Amounts collected	Amounts reclassified*	Amounts assigned*	Current	Noncurrent	Balance at end of
Parent Company			-				year
RYM	P46,553,277	(P55,000)	P.	TAKE SALES	The state of		
Officers	7,160,200			(P38,498,277)	28,000,000	₽	28,000,000
Under common control	7,200,200	(360,200)	(6,800,000)		-		(1.000 ACC - 200
Marcventures Mining and							
Development							
Corporation (MMDC)	5,000,000	(3,344,419)	£ 000 000		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		
Others	4,000		6,800,000	H. (7)	8,455,581		8,455,581
	The state of the s	(4,000)		-			_
	P58,717,477			- promoved			₽16,455,581

<sup>\*</sup>In 2018, the Company assigned the receivables from the Parent Company to TMEE to offset with the note payable amounting to P38.5 million and receivables from officers were absorbed by MMDC.

Common Stock	2,000,000,000	sheet caption 1,528,474,000		1,170,159,989	95,088,000	263 226 011
Title of issue	Number of shares authorized	Number of shares issued and outstanding at shown under related balance	Number of shares reserved for options, warrants, conversion and other rights	No. of shares held by related parties	Directors officers and employees	Other

